## 1898 - Sorvew Sed - 1955

This catalog offers a great selection of garden items Use it for reference as the information will help make your garden successful.

## IORBES

 GARDEN CIENTERSMorris Turnpike at Millburn Ave., Millburn and Route 10, Hanover, N. J.


## SPRING

 1955
## STOP AT .. FORBES GARDEN CENTER

on Route 10, Hanover, N. J. whippany
( $10-\mathrm{min}$. drive from Chathamy mile west of Livingston Cirele)
There our new store is open from March to December. With one stop you will find the very best quality in

Flower Seeds, Annual Flower Plants,

- Perennial Flower Plants (in pots),

Roses and Hardy Vines (in pots),
Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Azaleas, Iris, Peonies and Poppies (in pots),

- Garden Chrysanthemums (in pots),

Gladiolus, Summer-flowering Bulbs, Giant Pansy Plants, Asparagus Roots, Vegetable Seeds, Vegetable Plants, Lawn Seeds, Fertilizers, Humus and

- Peat Moss, Insecticides, Weed Killers, Books, Tools, and other Garden Needs
and at FORBES GARDEN CENTER at the intersection of Morris Turnpike and Millburn

Ave., Millburn milleunn -atso
(former Bowling Alleys. Free easy parking on Farley Place)

## See Our Daffodil-Tulip Displays

At our Hanover Garden Center we offer a preview of the finest sorts in full bloom. In April you'II find 60 varieties of Daffodils in all their sunny glory. In April and May you'Il see 170 varieties of superb Tulips. From March on you'II see the little flowers from Snowdrops to Wood Hyacinths, including 30 Botanical Tulips.

Ask for our Finding List showing the varieties and prices for our large size bulbs. Choose your favorites and order your bulbs ! in May for delivery at planting time in October.

## A Forbes Gift Certificatemakes a thoughtful gift for your gardening friends

Brighten up a friend's garden year with a Forbes Gift Certificate for any amount you wish to give. It covers all garden items in season at the time the certificate is used to make a selection.

## Something New!

## STARTED POT-GROWN PEONY PLANTS

Last fall we potted dormant roots and now offer fine started Peony plants, fully alive and growing, established in $7 \times 9$ inch pots ready for your garden this spring.

## DOUBLE PEONIES

Auguste Dessert. 8.7. Rose-red narrowly edged with silver. $\$ 1.75$ each. 3 for $\$ 4.95$.
Festiva Maxima. 9.3. Early white with crimson center markings. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Frances Willard. 9.1. A very beautiful blush white. $\$ 1.55$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Karl Rosenfield. 8.8. Free-blooming; bright crimson flowers, $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Katherine Havemeyer. 9.0. Soft flesh pink full double. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Longfellow. 9.0. Full; of distinct fadeless bright crimson. \$1.75 each; 3 for \$4.95.
Mary Brand. 8.7. Fragrant dark crimson-red flowers. $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.
Mons. Martin Cahuzac. 8.8. Dark purplegarnet, black reflex, $\$ 2.25$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.45$.
Primevere. 8.6. Deep creamy yellow with sulphur yellow center. $\$ 1.75$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.
Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0. Fragrant deep rosepink tipped silver. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Solange. 9.7. Waxy white with orange and gold brown center. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Walter Faxon. 9.3. Free blooming; delightful salmon-rose flowers. $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.

## SPECIES PEONIES

Officinalis plena. These very fragrant doubles bloom 2 to 3 weeks earlier than the above. Ht. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Pink, Red, or White, each \$2.25 each; 3 for $\$ 6.45$.

## Something New!

## STARTED

## POT-GROWN

## POPPY PLANTS

Last fall we potted dormant roots and now offer fine started Poppy plants, fully alive and growing, established in 6 -inch pots all ready for your garden this spring.

Barr's White. Beautiful, large, pure white satiny flowers with purplish black centers.
Betty Ann. Very beautiful, large flowers of La France pink without blotches.
Big Jim. Huge flowers of deep maroon on strong, free blooming plants.
Cerise Beauty. Very free-flowering ceriserose blooms having black-purple centers.
Flashy Glow. Large, bright yellow flowers with a suffusion of orange.
Gold of Ophir. Dwarfer plants, 26 inches high, with big golden orange flowers.
Henry Cayeaux Improved. Large blooms of old rose shaded with burgundy.
Hercules. Tremendous, true scarlet flowers on extra tall sturdy plants $31 / 2$ feet high.
Joyce. Big flowers of soft red with a suffusion of cherry-red on tall strong plants.
Wurtembergia. Tremendous flowers of cerise-scarlet with black centers.

In 6 -inch pots, any of the 10 varieties, 80 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.25$; $\$ 8.40$ per doz.

at the intersection of Morris Turnpike and Millburn Ave., Millburn
(former Bowling Alleys; free easy parking on Farley Place)
Phone: Millburn 6-4430

## For Free Delivery-Minimum Value $\$ 4.00$

Now centrally located to serve your garden needs in the area below. Our Delivery Service covers all points shown on this map.


## TWO FORBES GARDEN CENTERS

For Better Things For Your Garden


and Route 10, Hanover, N. J.
( $10-\mathrm{min}$. drive from Chatham; mile west of Livingston Circle)
Phone: Whippany 8-0375

## Why buy Dormant Roses?

Dormant means sleeping. Unfortunately many sleeping roses never wake up. They may have dried out and died, or they may be too sleepy to ever start growing.

## Forbes Pot-Grown Roses are Awake!

Bursting with life before you buy them, they have been awake and growing for weeks. We discard the sleepy heads. Forbes Pot-Grown Roses are best for you because all are the largest, strongest bushes (not mail order size) grown specially for us under ideal conditions by the leading rose grower of the northwest. We start them in $7 \times 9$-inch pots, to give ample room for the heavy root systems to develop, and grow them on outdoors just as nature intended. They cost slightly more than dormant roses but are well worth it, and are easily planted in your garden without setback. The varieties are the finest available. See pages 24 to 27 .


Above, from our Elite Lawn Seed

## FEED AND SEED YOUR LAWN

To have a lasting green lawn be sure to replenish it each year with a light application of Lawn Seed and a proper feeding of plant food. For a quick start use pulverized, weed-free Sheep-Manure, for best results use 8-6-5 Lawn-Spur Fertilizer, and for a long pull Steamed Bone Meal. For these materials see pages 4 and 5 .

Below, from the "Forbes" Lawn Seed


## FORBES LAWN SEED FOR EVERY NEED

The best in seeds and care is essential to have a fine lawn. Forbes quality, known the country over, has set a high lawn standard, and Forbes service is at your disposal at all times.

Many grades of lawn grass seeds of varying qualities are offered for sale. Many contain seeds of worthless character, chaff, and weed seeds. Often a single variety or a blend of two grasses is sold as lawn seed. The best lawn is produced from a mixture of several natural grasses. To be of greatest value, these grasses must be properly proportioned in the mixture so that there is enough of each to serve its specific purpose. The mixtures we offer, made up from special formulæ, are the result of years of experiment and of practical tests. Each mixture will produce a turf ideally suited to each purpose. Complete directions with every package.

## ELITE LAWN SEED

A very superior blend of only the finest and most desirable separate lawn grasses in such proportion as to produce a perfect lawn, but one which requires no special care such as an all-Bent Mixture. The Elite turf is of very fine texture and splendid deep green color yet is sturdy and withstands normal wear. It lends itself to easy mowing and because of its thick, close root-mat discourages the growth of ordinary weeds. It is not mixed to sell at a fixed price and is better value than cheaper mixtures.

Compare this analysis with all others. There's no better mixture at any price. Grows a perfect enduring lawn of which you'll be justly proud.

| Purity | Germ. | Enough Bent to give extra fine texture; |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $4.9 \%$ | Bent, Highland | $90 \%$ |
| $29.7 \%$ | Fescue, IIIahee heavy proportion of the two very finest |  |

Lb. $\$ 1.75 ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 8.50 ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 16.50 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 40.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 160$, delivered

## THE "FORBES" LAWN SEED

A rapid-growing combination of grasses which produces in from four to six weeks, a permanent lawn capable of withstanding heavy wear. It contains seeds of six dwarf evergreen and perennial grasses of fine lawn texture. Definite proportions of these are mixed very thoroughly. The resultant lawn has a fine, even, rich green appearance and a permanency not usually found. Known for its high quality, it is higher priced than ordinary store mixtures but cheapest in the long run. It contains only heavy, recleaned, live seeds, free from worthless chaff, timothy and weed seeds. No White Clover seed in this mixture.

This is our second quality mixture for sunny lawns and is better than many of the first quality mixtures offered. It produces an excellent lawn.

| Purity |  | Germ. | Here is what you get:-enough Bent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4.9 \%$ | Bent, Highland | 90\% | to give an extra fine texture; almost two- |
|  | Fescue, Chewings | 90\% | thirds of the total in the finest-leaved, |
| 24.8\% | Fescue, Illahee | 90\% | permanent and wear-resistant lawn |
| 32.4\% | Kentucky Blue | 85\% | grasses, Chewings Fescue, Illahee Fescue |
| 14.2\% | Fancy Redtop | 90\% | and Kentucky Blue; and enough fine- |
| 14.8\% | Ryegrass, Perennial | 90\% | leaved Fancy Redtop to complement the |
|  |  |  | above, and, with the Perennial Rye- |
| 96.0\% | Total purity |  | grass, to give a quick cover and to nurse |
| .3\% | Weeds |  | the other lawn grasses along. Sow 1 lb . |
| 3.7\% | Inert matter |  | er 200 sq. ft. of new lawn, twice that |

## 100.0\% Actual Germination 87.5\%

Lb. $\$ 1.55$; 5 lbs. $\$ 7.50$; 10 lbs. $\$ 14.50$; 25 lbs. $\$ 35.75$; $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 140$, delivered

## FORBES LAWN SEED FOR EVERY NEED

When comparing prices look on the package for the percentage analysis required by Law.

## BRANCH BROOK PARK LAWN SEED

Recommended for use where the low cost of materials is of more importance than extreme fineness of turf. Will withstand normal wear and has a fine color. We include no White Clover in this mixture.

This, our cheapest mixture, makes a good lawn but it is not as fine in texture. It serves well for back areas as it better withstands hard wear.
\(\left.\begin{array}{crl}Purity \& Germ. \& One-quarter of the total is in the tough- <br>
9.8 \% \& Fescue, Chewings \& 90 \% <br>

14.5 \% \& Fescue, Meadow wear-resistant Chewings Fescue and\end{array}\right]\)| $17.0 \%$ | Kentucky Blue | $90 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $28.5 \%$ | Fancy Redtop | $80 \%$ |
| $14.9 \%$ | Ryeadow Fescue. These, with Kentucky |  |

Lb. $\$ 1.35 ; 5$ lbs. $\$ 6.50 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 12.50 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 30.75 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 120$, delivered

## SHADY PLACE LAWN SEED

It is difficult to grow grass in the shade and under trees because the trees use up nearly all the food and moisture in the soil. This mixture will thrive better than any other in the shade.

This mixture contains a great predominance of grasses which thrive naturally in shaded places. The lawn it produces is very excellent.

| Purity | Germ. | Enough Bent to give an extra fine <br> $4.9 \%$ <br> texture; nearly five-eighths of the total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $24.5 \%$ | Fescue, Chewings | $90 \%$ |
| $14.8 \%$ | Fescue, Illahee | $90 \%$ | | in shade-loving grasses, namely Chew- |
| :--- |
| $12.8 \%$ |
| Kentucky Blue |

Lb. $\$ 1.55$; 5 lbs. $\$ 7.50 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 14.50 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 35.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 140$, delivered

## TERRACE LAWN SEED

The grasses used for a sloping bank or terrace must have such roots as will withstand the washing caused by heavy rains. These deep roots will better withstand drought during the summer.

A heavy proportion of grasses which root deeply is needed to make a lasting lawn on a terrace where the soil is usually on the dry side.

Lb. $\$ 1.55 ; 5$ lbs. $\$ 7.50 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 14.50 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 35.75 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 140$, delivered

## MERION BLUEGRASS

The new wonder grass that always stays green, thrives under a close mowing, withstands heat, drought and disease and crowds out crabgrass and other weeds. It establishes slowly but is permanent. Sow $11 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. per 1000 sq . ft. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.35 ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 4.65 ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 23 ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 45.50$.

## MERION BLEND

A special lawn grass mixture designed for the very finest lawns. It contains $40 \%$ Merion Bluegrass, 45\% IIlahee Fescue and $15 \%$ Highland Bent. All are fine permanent lawn grasses. Sow $11 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. per 1000 sq . ft. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1.45$; lb. $\$ 2.85 ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 14 ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 27.50 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 67.50$.


From our Branch Brook Park Lawn Seed


Sown with our Shady Place Lawn Seed Below, from our Terrace Lawn Seed


For White Clovers and Separate Grass Seeds, see page 43

## FORBES FERTILIZERS AND SOIL-BUILDERS <br> to prices are subject

The success of your garden depends upon the quality of the soil. All plants need ample plant-food. By ample is meant not only the quantity but also the availability. The soil must hold plant-food and moisture, yet be in such condition that the plant roots can absorb what is needed. It should be sufficiently rich in humus or decayed vegetation to absorb excess moisture and hold it for later use. It should have enough clay to give it some body and enough sand to make it porous and friable. But even with a perfect soil, plant-food must be added each year to replace that which is consumed. Your soil is of the greatest importance to your gardening success.


#### Abstract

Activo. Without odor this quickly converts leaves, garbage, grass clippings or other waste into valuable humus-fertilizer in 3 weeks. No. 2 can treats 400 Ibs. compost, $\$ 1$; No. 7 treats up to 1700 lbs., $\$ 2.95$;


 No. 20 treats 2 tons, $\$ 5.95$.Adco, Super. For making artificial manure, stack straw, leaves and all other vegetable waste, layer by layer, mix it with Adco
and keep it wet until well-rotted. A $20-\mathrm{Ib}$. bag with 12 wheelbarrow loads of garden waste, makes
$1 / 2$ ton of manure. 5-lb
 African Violet Soil. A
 African Violet Soil. A pre-
pared acid soil for the best culture of African Violets Ibs. 50 c .
African Violet Plant Food, Roigina. Is readily soluble in water. Promotes longer
blooming periods, produces more and Iarger flowers. Envelope of 18 capsules, $35 \mathrm{c} ; 3$ for $\$ 1$.
AGRINITE. A 100 percent organic fertilizer with 8 percent organic nitrogen which becomes available gradually through a long period. It increases the moisture holding capacity of all soils. It can be
applied at any time applied at any time
without danger of burning. Apply 4 Ibs. per 100 sq. ft. on lawns, flower beds, etc. 25 Ibs,
$\$ 1.65 ; 50$ Ibs. $\$ 2.95$;
 $80 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 4.45 ; 400 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 21.75 ; 800 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 40$. Aluminum Sulphate. Use to acidify the soil for rhododendrons, azaleas, laurel and other sour-soil plants $1 / 2$ pound per square
yard and water thoroughly. To keep Hyyard and water thoroughly. To keep Hydrangeas blue, water with 3 oz . Aluminum Sulphate dissolved in 1 gal. 5 lbs. 65c;
10 lbs. $\$ 1.10 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.10 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 5.75$. BONE MEAL. As it has very long-lasting qualities, this is desirable for fertizing al hard-wooded plants, including roses, flowering shrubs, fruit bushes, and trees. A fore planting bulbs of tulips, hyacinths, etc., will result in remarkable size and brilliancy of flowers. For lawns it is a dependable fertilizer, as it contains the essentials that grass requires. For this, use 25 lbs for every 1000 sq. ft. For trees and vines, use 2 to 4 lbs. each. For roses and potplants, use 1 part to about 50 parts of soil. For field and garden crops or new lawns, use 50 lbs . for every 1000 sq . ft . 5 lbs .65 c 10 lbs. $\$ 1.15 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 2.25 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 3.85$.

Broadleaf Evergreens.
Analysis 6-10-4. A special acid fertilizer for use on Azaleas, Laurel, Rhododendron, Blueberries and other acidloving plants. Supplies needed plant food but also acidifies the soil, Apply 3 lbs. per 100 sq. t. and water well. 10 lbs . lbs. \$3. 100 lbs . $\$ 5.80$ : 500 lbs. $\$ 3 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 5.80 ; 500$


Buckwheat Hulls, Mul-Tex. This, an ideal mulch for all roses and perennial plants, is porous enough to permit the water to get through the soil and always look neat and attractive. Reduces upkeep 100 Ibs cavers 125 sq ft one inch deep. $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.75 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 5 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 24$.
Cotton-Seed Meal. Analysis 7-2-2. An all-organic plant food for Azaleas, Laurel, soil plants as it contains 7 per cent Nitrogen and tends to keep the soil acid. $10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.30 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.40 ; 50$ Ibs. $\$ 4.25$; $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 7.50 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 36.50 ; 1000 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 70$.
COW MANURE. Analysis 2-1-1. Dry, well pulverized and easy to handle, this is an deal soll-buider and mulch. It is fine for with, garden and greenhouse and to mix
wit. Use at same rates as Sheep Manure. 25 lbs. $\$ 1.95 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 3.10 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 5.75 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 26.25 ; 1000 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 51$.
Cyanamid. Kills weed seeds in surface soil assuring a weed free lawn. After soil is turned over or rototilled, graded, fined and raked ready to seed, apply 50 Ibs. Cyanamid evenly on each 1000 sq. ft ., rake in lightly and water occasionally. If in spring with temperature over $50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. wait 5 or 6 weeks, or if in the heat of August wait only 3 weeks before seeding, This gives time for the toxic products to delay, yes-but your awaited lawn will delay, yes-but your awaited lawn will
be weedless. $10 \mathrm{Ibs}, \$ 1.85$; $25 \mathrm{lbs} ~$
$\$ 3.75$ : 50 lbs. $\$ 6.50 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 13 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 65$.
Driconure. Analysis 2-1-1. Contains $3 / 4$ cow and poultry manures in dehydrated form, and $1 / 4$ peat moss. This all-organic fertilizer and soil-conditioner is weed free. The peat moss holds the plant-food and moisture until used up by the plant roots. For topdressing old lawns, use 100 Ibs . on 1000 sq. ft . For new lawns or flower and rose beds use twice as much. 50 lbs. $\$ 2.30 ; 100$ lbs.
$\$ 4.50 ; 500$ lbs. $\$ 22 ; 1000$ lbs. $\$ 42 ;$ ton $\$ 82$.
Fruitone. A valuable hormone spray to prevent premature dropping of apples and pears. It also will produce more tomatoes of larger size earlier than normal and will give a better set of beans, especially in
bad weather. 2 ozs. $\$ 1 ; 12$ ozs. $\$ 5$.

GARDENFERTILIZER. Analysis 5-10-5. This is the very best in commercial fertilizers for
your vegetables. It is a your vegetables. It is a
complete, well-balanced complete, well-baing all food elements needed fordevelopment. In gardens scatter 50 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. and rake in well or mix a little thoroughly in the bot-
tom of the furrow be-
 fore planting your seeds. Hoe it into the soil between the rows of plants at the rate of 5 pounds to 100 feet; and repeat each month. 5 lbs. $5 \mathrm{c} ; 10 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 4.55 .500$ lbs $\$ 20.50 \cdot 1000$ lbs. $\$ 38.65$.

Hormodin Powder. For plant propagation. Produces better roots faster. Dip moistened stems of cuttings in powder before placing in propagating bed. No. 1, for roses, certain shrubs, most garden, green tionse plants. Nos 1, oz. size, 50 c . Combina


An organic, non-acid soil builder for your lawn or garden which makes the soil nicely friable, lightens clay
soils, binds together soils, binds togethe hold moisture in all soils. It is odorless, dry and weed free. Fine for fixing potting soil For new lawns and gardens rake in 200-400 lbs. per 100 sq . ft. and top-dress old lawns with half that much. In moisture prool ap bags, 100 lbs. $\$ 2.35 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 10 ; 1000$ Ibs. $\$ 18.50$; ton $\$ 33$. In bulk, 10 ton mini mum truckload to one address within our delivery area, at $\$ 19$ per ton
Hyponex. See Soluble Plant Foods on page 5. Iron (Ferrous) Sulphate. Used to add soluble iron to soil and so correct "Chlorosis (loss of green color in the foliage) parin a too alkaline soil, the natural iron is not available. Apply equal parts of this and powdered sulphur (for acidifying) using one pound per 100 sq. ft. For quicker results spray foliage with 1 oz , in 2 gals. water to which a catalizer has been added.
Lb. $30 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} .95 \mathrm{c} ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs}$. Lb. $30 \mathrm{c} ; 5$ lbs. 95 c ;
$\$ 6.50 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 12$.
Ivy Plant Food. See under Philodendron
Krilium, Merloam. This soil conditioner helps make clay soils more porous and
crumbly. In powder form, 5 Ibs, mixed crumbly. In powder form, 5 libs. mixed very thoroughly through the top 6 inches of dry soil will cover 40 sq. ft. Lb. $\$ 1.39$; use $100 \%$ Loamaker Krilium, 10 lbs. $\$ 25$.

LAWN FERTILIZER. erly balanced commercial fertilizer for lawns, trees and for shrubs. Top-dress 25 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft. when the grass is dry in early spring and again in the fall. On new lawns use 50 Ibs. per 1000 sq. ft. raked into the surface at once. 10 lbs 95 ghty at once. 10 lbs. $95 \mathrm{c} ; 25$
lbs. $\$ 1.70: 50$ lbs. $\$ 2.55$

$100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 22.50 ; 1000 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 42.50$.

## Lawn-Spus Analysis $8-6-5$. In <br> cent organic lawn food several ingredients

 release their high nitrogen content ingredients elease their high nitrogen content successThis stimulates very luxuriant continued growth and makes unnecessary repeated applications. Apply 25 pounds per 1000 sq applications. Apply 25 pounds per 1000 sq. wash fertilizer off grass and start its action without delay. Because of its high nitrogen content it is also excellent for feeding trees and shrubs. 25 lbs. $\$ 2.30 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 3.80$; 80 lbs. $\$ 5.50 ; 400 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 26.50$.Lime, Hydrated Agricultural. Corrects soil acidity and opens heavy Iand. Quickacting but will not burn if scattered evenly lawns, using 50 Ibs. per 1000 sq . ft. one week before fertilizing. $10 \mathrm{lbs} .40 \mathrm{c} ; 50$ lbs. $95 \mathrm{c} ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.85 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 8.75$; ton $\$ 31$.
Limestone, Pulverized. Is easier to apply than Hydrated. Does not "gum up" on wet to burn. Use 80 lbs . per 1000 sq . ft. broadcast early spring and fall. $80-\mathrm{lb}$. bag 95 c ; $400 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 4.50 ; 800 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 8.50$; ton $\$ 20$.
MICHIGAN PEAT. A superior, pulverized pure sedge peat with an almost $3 \%$ nitrogen content. It is a natural, $98 \%$ organic bacteria to release the plant food in the soil. Apply 100 lbs . of this excellent soil conditioner on 75 to 100 sq . ft. and work into top 4 inches of soil. Absorbs and holds lots of moisture and releases nitrogen slowly. Its use makes fertilizers more effective. On existing lawns top dress occasionally using at the rate of 100 lbs. 25 lbs. $\$ 1.69 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.49 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 4.49$; 500 lbs. $\$ 22$.
Miracle-Gro. See Soluble Plant Foods p. 5. Muriate of Potash (Potassium Chloride). Essential for all root crops; fine for peas, beans and for woody-stemmed plants. Use 2 to 5 Ibs. per 100 sq. ft. 5 lbs. $65 \mathrm{c} ; 10 \mathrm{lbs}$
$\$ 1.10 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 1.95 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 5.50$.

Nitrate of Soda. A quick plant stimulant, $16 \%$ in nitrogen, inducing green growth.
For green vegetables side dress For green vegetables side dress 1 lb. per
100 ft . of row and water in. For Iawns, use 5 lbs . mixed with four times its bulk of sand per 1000 sq . ft . As liquid use oz. in gaI, of water. $5 \mathrm{Ibs} .65 \mathrm{c} ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.10$;
$25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.15 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 3.50 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 5.95$. ORGANO. All organic, safe, rich and long lasting. It contains unacidulated tankage castor pomace, bone, poultry and cow manures, rock phosphate and muriate of potash. The analysis is $3 \%$ nitrogen, $21 \%$ bone phosphate of lime approximating $9 \%$ available phosphoric acid, and $3 \%$ potash. Unexcelled for rose, perennial and shrub borders when applied 30 ibs. to 250 sq. ft . and worked in from 2 to 4 inches
deep, or a trowelful deep into the soil around individual plants. Side dress vegetable rows using 8 lbs . for 100 ft . of row well worked in, or top dress 40 Ibs. per
1000 sq. ft. 25 Ibs. $\$ 1.60 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 2.60$ 100 Ibs. $\$ 5 ; 500 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 24 ; 1000 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 47$.
PEAT MOSS. If mixed in the soil it prevents baking and crusting, It improves aeration, lightens and makes the son more friable and provires a natural reure and all plant-food Formulching forsummer moisture retention and for winterprotection around rose,
 evergreen, and perennial beds. The quality we offer crumbles very readily. Large $7 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. bale $\$ 4.15$ (19 $\times 19 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$.; covers 300 sq . ft. 1 inch deep) Junior $41 / 2 \mathrm{cu}, \mathrm{ft}$. bale $\$ 3.35 ; 21 / 4 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. bale $\$ 2.25 ; 3$ peck bag $\$ 1.20$. If to be delivered large bale $\$ 4.65$; Junior bale $\$ 3.75$
Philodendron-Ivy Plant Food. The organic contents essential for good growth, produce luxurious foliage. In handy to produce luxurious foliage. In handy Plantabbs. Analysis 11-15-20. Are concen
 trated, easy to use odorless. Dissolve tablet in a quart of of 30 tablets 25 c 75 tablets $50 \mathrm{c} ; 200$ tablets $\$ 1 ; 1000$ tablets for $\$ 3.50$

Potting Soil. This is specially prepared with humus for easy root penetration, sand for good drainage and enriched with rotte manure, 2 qts. 50 c ; $1 / 2$ bu. $\$ 1.95$.
Rootone. This plant hormone powder hastens and stimulates the natural tendency on all seeds and bulbs they will produce heavier root systems in less time, especially grass seed. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{c} ; 2$ ozs. $\$ 1$; lb. $\$ 5$.
ROSE FOOD. This analyses 5-10-5. A balanced, highorganic food that nourishes the entire plant by adding vigor and so resistance to isease and insect injury. t produces more and riner size Use $1 / 3$ pound per rose per application. Apply imes per season. Do not feed after mid-September. 5
 $\$ 3 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 5 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$ 。 $\$ 9$.

Sphagnum Moss, No-damp-off. Greatest help ever for growing seeds in the house or Sphagnum moss promotes highest germination and holds moisture with no damping off. Use it alone or spread a $1 / 4$ inch layer over your regular soil. You will find it amazingly effective and well worth the investment. 10 ozs. 89 c; 2 bu. $\$ 3.65$
Super-Phosphate. 18-20\% Phosphoric Acid. For lawn roots use 25 lbs . per 1000 sq. ft. and water in. For corn, potatoes, root crops. 4 lbs. per $100-\mathrm{ft}$. row. $5 \mathrm{lbs} .45 \mathrm{c} ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} 80 \mathrm{c}$
Transplantone. Reduces wilt and loss in transplanting and stimulates growth of new roots when setting out seeding
Vermiculite (Terra-Lite).
This is a sterile, inert, weedfree, mineral substitute for ond reoting startings seed contains very tiny air cells which absorb moisture and provide both air and moist ure for the development of extra strong root systems.
It helps prevent damp off, fungus and most soil-borne diseases. Perfect for storing bulbs, it lightens clay soils, gives body to sandy soils and is a splendid mulch. 4 qts. 45 c

## SOLUBLE PLANT FOODS

Hyponex. Analysis 7-6-19. A clean odorless soluble powder that makes complete plant-food immedrately avarlable Dissolve 1 oz. in ly. Water and applants, larger vege tables, many more flowers. Stimulates oots on all cuttings reduces shock to transplants. Use in hydroponics). 3 ozs


Miracle-Gro. der that dissolves quickly and entirely iquid plant food. It contains vitamin B-1 and all the minor elements. It is quickly absorbed by plant roots and invigorates their growth. Also vailable nitrogen is readily absorbed through the leaves Use 1 the leaves in 1 gal. water. $11 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$



## SOIL TEST KITS

These tell how to make your soil right and keep it right. A 10 -minute test tells more than years of gardening. They show what kind and amount of fertilizer to give your soil, whether lime is needed.
Popular Garden Kit. Contains complete equipment and instructions and solutions for 50 tests (nitrogen), phosphorus, potash and acidity ( pH ), \$5.89.
Horticultural Kit. For the advanced amateur, nurseries, growers, or greenhouses
Will make 150 individual tests, $\$ 14.95$.

Home Garden Kit. Complete structions and data on plant-food needs For small place, will make 20 tests. $\$ 2.98$
Acidity Test Kit. In 2 minutes you can tell the acidity of your soil. Contains full in structions. $\$ 1.49$



## FERTILIZER AND LAWN SEED SPREADERS

Here is what you ve been was - distributor tor sows lawn tor that sows lawn tilizer evenly, and without waste New, graduated finger-tip control instantly adjusts

flow for thin or dense applications
Masters Distributor, No. 25-Holds 20 lbs. For the home gardener who wants "something better" in a small spreader. handle with rubber handle grip. Spreads 18 -in. wide., Equipped with new "Fer-tilizer-Miser" control, $\$ 9.95$.
Masters Distributor, No. 30 -Holds 50 lbs. Is 2 ft . wide and spreads $20-\mathrm{in}$. wide. AII steel. Tubular steel "T" handle with two bicycle-type rubber grips; rubber tired Masters Distributor, No. 40 -Holds 75 Masters Distributor, No. 40 - Holds 75 los. Like above but more substantial al $30-\mathrm{in}$, wide and spreads $24-\mathrm{in}$. wide, $\$ 18.25$.


## FORBES EVERGREENS

Many home owners welcome help in selecting evergreens. We are ready to suggest suitable types for your purpose and to assure you of their worth. All are of the finest quality, nursery-grown for best development, clean, fairly priced and not to be compared with mail order or special sale offers. Our evergreens have balled and burlapped root systems and may be planted in your garden with confidence that they will thrive. The sizes offered are those which you may plant yourself without skilled help.
Andromeda, Japanese (Pieris japonica), 4 ft . Pendent white terminal clusters in April-May. Likes acid soil in half shade. $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 6.95 ; 2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 10.95$.
Arborvitae, Black (Thuja occidentalis nigra). 8 ft . Dark green pyramid; moist soil; shears well. $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.95$. Arborvitae, Dwarf Globe ( $T$ : occ. globosa). 4 ft . Dwarf globes; shear to size; likes moist soil. 15-18 in. \$3.50.
Arborvitae, Golden ( $T$. orientalis aurea nana) 3 ft . Compact, round; yellow foliage. $15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.95 ; 11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.95$.
Cypress, Dwarf (C. obtusa nana). 4 ft . Slow-growing, dark Cypress, Dwarf (C. obtusa nana). 15 - 18 in . $\$ 5.95$.

Cypress, Dwarf Yellow Plumed (C. plumosa lutescens) in. \$2.95 Cypress, Golden Plumed (C. plumosa aurea). 8 ft . Warm | yellow folrage; conical shape; shears well. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.50$. |
| :--- |
| Cypress, Golden Sawara (C. pisifera aurea). 12 ft . Yellow |
| foliage in spring. loose pyramid $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft} ~$ | foliage in spring; loose pyramid. 21/2-3 ft. $\$ 4.95$

Cypress, Sawara (C. pisifera). 12 ft . Loose pyramidal form; shears well; very hardy. $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50$.
Firethorn (Pyracantba coccinea Lalandi), 10 ft . Bright orange berries in the fall; likes sun. 12-18 in. $\$ 3.75$.
Hemlock, Canadian (Tsuga canadensis). 15 ft . Feathery pyramid; likes shade; makes hedges; shears well. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. size $\$ 6.25 ; 21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 8.75$.
Holly, American (Ilex opaca). 45 ft . Pyramidal form spined leaves; likes moist, acid soil, part shade. Red berries in fall-winter borne by female plants but only if berries in fall-winter borne by iemale plants but only if
male plant, to pollinate female, is nearby. Female plants, $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.95 ;$ male, $15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.95$.
Holly, Boxleaf Japanese ( 1 . convexa). 3-4 ft. Small oval foliage; flat round bush; shears well. 12-15 in. $\$ 4.95$. Holly, Littleleaf Japanese (I. microphylla). 5-6 ft. Oval
smaller leaf; round bush; shears well. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . ~ \$ 7.95$.
Holly, Roundleaf Japanese (I. rotundifolia), $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. Big glossy globes; fine for hedges. $15-18$ in. $\$ 5.95$.
Juniper, Creeping ( $J$. borizontalis). 8 in. A gray-green ground cover; spreading. $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. across. \$5.95.
Juniper, Pfitzer's ( $J$, cbinensis Pf.). 5-6 ft. Gray-green, feathery; low spreading habit. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. across $\$ 6.25$.

## FORBES HARDY EVERGREEN AZALEAS

There are few garden effects which surpass the beauty of Hardy Azaleas. When covered with bloom in May and early June they present a sight long to be remembered. Those below are hardy here if (1) planted in acid peaty soil with excellent drainage, (2) heavily mulched and never cultivated, (3) deeply watered in summer and late fall. They grow to a height of 3 to 5 feet.

Cherry Red. Use with Hinodegiri; same carmine-scarlet but blooms later. $10-12 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 2.95 ; 12-15 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.95$.
Coral Bells. Small, deep green foliage and a wealth of coralpink flowers, $8-10 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25 ; 12-15 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.95$.
Dwarf Orange. A shorter-growing variety with large flowers of soft orange. $12-15 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.95$.
Fedora. Small evergreen foliage with large, rose-pink flowers on well-formed plants. $12-15$ in. $\$ 3.95$.

Juniper, Sargent's ( J. cbinensis Sargenti). 2 ft . Prostrate, low, spreading; green foliage. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. across $\$ 7.95$.
Juniper, Spiny Greek ( $J$. excelsa stricta). 5-6 ft. Graygreen, compact, dense pyramid; fine for tubs. 15-18 in $\$ 2.95 ; 11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.
Leucothoe, Drooping ( $L$. Catesbaei). 4-5 ft. Waxy white flower racemes in May; Iarge green leaves turn bronze-red in fall. Likes moist soil. 15-18 in. $\$ 4.95$.
Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia). 5 ft . Pinkish white flowers in June for sun or part shade in acid soil. 15-18 in $\$ 4.95 ; 11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.25$
Rhododendron, Carolina ( $R$. carolinianum). 5 ft . Rosepink flowers, May-June; likes shade. 15-18 in. \$6.25
Rhododendron, Catawba ( $R$. catawbiense). 6 ft . Rosepurple flowers, May-June; shade. $15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 6.25$
Rhododendron, Rosebay ( $R$. maximum). 8 ft . Gloss foliage; light pink flowers, May-June. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.95$.
Rhododendron, Hybrid Crimson ( $R$. caractacus), 5 ft Nice crimson. The hybrids like some sun but soil must be acid. $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 6.95 ; 11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 8.95$.
Rhododendron Hybrid Pink ( $R$. roseum superbum), 5 ft Beautiful pink; part shade; acid soil. 15-18 in. \$6.95. Rhododendron, Hybrid White (R. Cunningbami). 5 ft Pure white flowers, May-June. 15-18 in. \$6.95.
Spruce, Norway (Picea excelsa). 10 ft . Dark green; neat pyramidal habit; shears well; moist soil. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.75$.
Yew, Compact Japanese (Taxus cuspidata compacta) 3 ft . Dark green; spreading habit; the neatest of all shears well. $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. across $\$ 5.95$.
Yew, Dwarf Japanese ( $T$. cuspidata nana). 3 ft . Very dark green; irregular spreading. $12-15 \mathrm{in}$. across $\$ 4.95$.
Yew, Hicks ( $T$. media Hicksi). 6 ft . Upright growth; big red berries in fall. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.95 ; 2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.95$.
Yew, Japanese ( $T$. cuspidata). 6 ft . Dark green; spreading, bushy habit. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. across $\$ 6.95$.
Yew, Tall Japanese ( $T$. cuspidata capitata). 10 ft . Dark green, pyramidal form. Use for tall points in foundation plantings. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 10.95$.

## FORBES FLOWERING SHRUBS

Among the flowering shrubs which thrive in this locality there are many different habits of growth, flower forms and blooming periods. By careful selection choose those most effective for your purpose to give a sequence of color to brighten and contrast with your evergreens. We offer only those shrubs which will give sure results. To make more certain of your success and satisfaction, our shrubs are established in large pots of soil so they may be set out in your garden without loss or setback.

Abelia, Glossy (A. grandifora). 3-5 ft. Shell-pink bells, June-Nov. Likes light peaty soil, sun. $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.15$. Almond, Pink-flowering (Prunus glandulosa). 6 ft. Rosepink flowers in May; good soil in sun. 3-4 ft. \$1.95.
Beauty-Bush (Kolkwitzia amabilis). 6 ft . Pink flowers in June. Likes sun, good drainage. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.65$.
Butterfly-Bush (Buddleia). 6 ft. Fragrant spires, JulyNov. Likes sun, good soil. Each March cut back to ground. Three colors: Fascinating, pink-lavender; Flaming Violet, Imperial purple; and Fortune, lilac. 2-yr. each $\$ 1.10$
Caryopteris, Blue Mist (Blue Spirea). 3 ft . Powder-blue flowers, Sept.-Oct. Likes sun, good drainage. Cut back
Chaste-Tree (Vilex macropbylla). 5 ft . Lavender-blue flowers from July to October. Likes sun, slightly acid
Coralberry (Symphoricarpos orbiculatus). 4 ft. White bells, June-July; likes dry s
through winter. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.65$.
Cotoneaster, Rock ( $C$. borizontalis). 18 in. Trailing, pink Daphne Cneorum (Garland-Flower). 15 in. Very fragrant, pink flowers in Aprit-May; drained, sandy, near neutral poink in lowers in Aprit-May; drain.
soil sun. $7-9$ in. across. $\$ 2.25$.
Deutzia, Lemoine ( $D$. Lemoinei). 4 ft . Large white masses, May; well-drained soil; part shade or sun. 2-3 ft. $\$ 1.75$. Deutzia, Rose (D. rosea). 3 ft . Pink clusters in May. Likes good drainage in sun. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$.
Deutzia, Slender ( $D$. gracilis). 3 ft . Arching branches, Deutzia, Slender (D., gractlis).
white flowers in May; sun or part shade. $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 1.65$.
Euonymus, Winged ( $E$ : alatus) 6 ft . Yellow flowers in May; deep rose tol
Forsythia, Spring Glory. 6 ft . Pale yellow bells in April; likes sun or shade; tolerates dry soil. $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.95$
Hollygrape, Oregon (Mabonia aquifolium), 3 ft . Yellow spikes in April-May; red foliage in fall. Likes dry, sandy soil in shade. $12-15$ in. $\$ 3.95$.
Jasmine, Winter ( $J$. nudiflorum). $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. Yellow flowers in April-May; likes good drainage. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} \$ 1.75$.
Lilac (Syringa vulgaris). 8-12 ft. Fragrant flower panicles in June. All like limed soil in sun. Prune out suckers; cut俍 Havemeyer, maine, Ludwig Spaeth, purple; President Grevy, lilac-blue. Each, 2-3 ft. \$3.25.

## FORBES FLOWERING TREES

Nothing is more effective, when properly placed, or more beautiful when growing to maturity than Flowering Dogwood or other flowering Trees. They add a sense of distinction to your garden, and when in bloom bring a large measure of beauty to your home surroundings. They grow easily and become still more attractive each year. Our trees are nursery grown with large, balled and burlapped root systems.

Crab, Bechtel's Double-flowering (Malus ioensis).
Slow growing; pink flowers in June. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 12.95$.
Dogwood, Pink (Cornus florida rosea). 15 ft . Pink flowers in May; red berries in Sept. Likes moist, gravelly, slightly acid soil. 4-5 ft. $\$ 13.95$
Dogwood, White (Cornus forida). 15 ft . The popular white-flowering small tree for May bloom; red berries in Sept. Likes slightly acid, moist soil. 5-6 ft. \$12.95.

Mock-Orange, Coronarius (Pbiladelphus). 8 ft . Fragrant Mite single flowers in June; limed soll; sun. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.85$ Mock-Orange, Virginalis (Pbila.). 7-9 ft. Double white
flowers in flowers in June, fragrant; likes lime, sun. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.65$. ft . Red Quince, Red-flowering (Cydonia japonica rubra). 3 ft . Red
flowers in April; neutral soil in sun. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. 2.45 . Redbud, Chinese (Cercis japonica). $10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. Purplish pink clusters in May; sunny, rich soil. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.45$. Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus). $10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. Hollyhocklike flowers in Aug.; either sun or part shace in neutral, moist soil. Lady Stanley, double pink splashed with carmine; Jeanne d'Arc, double white; Rubis, single dark violet-red. Each, 3-4 ft. \$1.75
Smoke-Tree (Rbus Cotinus). 12-15 ft. Huge plumey clouds of purple, fuzzy flowers in July-Aug. Likes light soif in
Snowberry, White (Symphoricarpos albus). 4 ft . Pink flowers in Aug.; white berries in fall and winter. Likes
moist half shade, limed soil. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. Rose-crimson terminal
Spirea, Anthony Waterer. 3 ft . Roser
flowers from Spirea Vanhouttei. 5-6 ft. White flower clusters in MaySpirea Vanhouttei. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. White flower clusters in May-
June; sun or part shade; neutral soil $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$. St. Johnswort, Golden (Hypericum aureum). 3 ft . Large, golden yellow flowers in July-Aug.; blue-green leaves; Summersweet or Sweet Pepperbush (Cletbra alnifolia), $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. Fragrant white terminal spikes, July-Sept.; likes moist acid soil in shade. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.85$
Sweet-Shrub (Calvcanthus, floridus). 4-5 ft. Spicy, fragrant, reddish brown flowers, June-July; likes fairly moist, neutral soil in sun or part shade. 2-3 ft. \$1.85
Viburnum, Doublefile ( $V$. tomentosum). $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. Flat white flower heads in May-June; oval black fruit in fall. Likes sunny, neutral soil. 3-4 ft. \$2.25.
Viburnum, Fragrant ( $V$ : Carlesi). $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. Round, fragrant clusters of waxy pink in April-May; likes sunny, welldrained, neutral soil. 15-18 in. $\$ 4.25$.
Weigela, Pink ( $W$. rosea). $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. Rose-pink flowers in May-June. Likes sunny, rich, well-drained, neutral soil. If strong branches are shortened occasionally, will bloom
Weigela, Upright Red ( $W$. Vaniceki, Red). 6-8 ft. Red flowers in May-June; likes sunny, neutral, well-drained soil. Don't crowd when planting. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75$.

Magnolia, Pink Star (M. stellata rosea). 12 ft . Pink star flowers in April; rich, very acid soil. $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 13.95$.
Magnolia, Saucer (M. Soulangeana), 12 ft . White to purplish pink blooms in May; acid soil. 4-5 ft. \$12.95. Magnolia, Star (M. stellata). 12 ft . White star flowers in
Plum, Double-flowering (Prunus triloba). 88 ft . Double
pink flowers in April-May; Iikes sun. $31 / 2-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.45$. pink flowers in April-May; likes sun. $31 / 24 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.45$.


## BETTER THAN ELSEWHERE-FOR PLANTS WITH THAT GROWN-IN EXTRA QUALITY

Forbes Plants give a perfect result in your garden. All are started under ideal conditions. For better root development, they are grown on slowly in coldframes. We use no short-cuts. That's why Forbes Plants have that grown-in extra quality. Try them.

## STOP AT. . FORBES GARDEN CENTERS

Route 10, Hanover, N. J. . Open March to Dec. Morris Turnpike, Millburn, N. J. . . Open all year

## FLAT-GROWN VEGETABLE PLANTS

Tomatoes are ready after May 1, Eggplants, Peppers about May 15, the rest
out April 15. There are about 60 in a flat of Eggplants, 70 in a flat of the others.

## Broccoli, Green Sprouting, <br> Kohlrabi, White Vienna.

 Brussels Sprouts, Catskill. Cabbage, Copenhagen Market. Caulifower, Reliance Eggplant, Black (green)Lettuce, Bibb
Lettuce, Great Lakes (Ictur Lettuce, White Boston, Lettuce, Romaine Cos.

Parsley, Double Curled.
Tomato, Beefsteak, Early Jersey, Marglobe, new Queens, Rutgers, Golden Jubilee, and Red Plum.

Flat-grown Vegetable Plants above, 65c per doz.; \$2.35 per flat.

## POT-GROWN VEGETABLE PLANTS

Cucumber, Burpee Hybrid Eggplant, Black Beauty Parsley, Double Curled
omato, Beefsteak Burpee Hybrid Cherry (Cockt

Tomato, Golden Jubilee Marglobe and Queens Rutgers (Certified) Watermelon, R. I. Red All from 3-in. pots, Each $20 \mathrm{c} ; 3$ for $55 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 1.80$ per doz. ; 50 or more at $\$ 14$ per 100

Asparagus Roots, Mary Washington. Dark green tinged purple. Set 6-12 in. apart with buds a half-inch below surface, in rich well drained soil in a single row, even at back of fower bed or property edge. Keep
mulched. Cut sparingly first year. 2 -year roots, 25 for $\$ 1.45 ; 50$ for $\$ 2.65 ; 100$ for $\$ 4.75$. Set 2 ft . apart in rows 3 ft . apart in heavily manured, rich soil. Keep flower stalks cut back. Each 75 c ; 3 for $\$ 2$.

## FORBES FLAT-GROWN ANNUAL FLOWER PLANTS

You will find below many of the hard-to-get bedding plants. These are well-developed, strongly rooted, superior plants all hardened off before you get them. These are ready after May 1. There are about 48 plants in a flat of Ageratum, Browallia, Dahlias, Nicotiana, Ruffled and Large Petunias and Salvia;
bout 60 in a flat of Calendula, Dimorphotheca, Gaillardia, Balcony and Bedding Petunias and Salpiglossis; and about 70 plants in all of the others.
about 60 in a flat of
Doz. Flat
Achyranthes (Alternanthera).
Red foliage. Flatof 12 plants Red ohage. Flatof 12 plants Ageratum, Dwarf Blue. For
edgings, rock gardens. 6 in.. Alyssum, Dwarf White. For margins, rock gardens. 6 in..
Royal Carpet. Vibrant purple. Plants 10 in. across. 3 in. Aster, American Beauty Mixed Wilt-resistant. Cutting. 3 ft , Aster, Branching in Colors. Lavender, Purple, Rose, rowallia, speciosa major. Bright blue edgings. 12 in . Calendula, Lemon Beauty. A Carnation, Giant Mixed. For borders and cutting. 20 m .
Centaurea, Dwarf Double Ju-
Dwarf Double Mixed. All the
available colors. 1 ft
Blue Boy. Large, double deep blue Cornflouers. $21_{2} \mathrm{ft}$.. all the a vailable colors. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Cosmos, Sensation Mixed. ConDahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Mixed For borders, cutting. 2 ft . Dimorphotheca Mixed. Gold Gaillardia, Double Lorenziana Mixed balled flowers. 18 in. Larkspur, Supreme Mixed. A Lobelia, Dwarf Blue Stone.... edgings, rock gardens. 6 in. .
$\$ 175$
260
65235
$75 \quad 300$
$65 \quad 235$
$75 \quad 300$
$80 \quad 2 \quad 60$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 2 & 35\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 2 \quad 35\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
$65 \quad 235$
$65 \quad 235$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 260$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
$65 \quad 235$

> Marigold, Dwf. Dbl. French. Gold Crest. Gold-yellow. 9 in.. $\$ 0$ Lemondrop. Fine new lemon yellow, cutting. 9 in....... Scarlet Glow. Deep scarlet aging rich tangerine. 10 in.. Spry. Mahogany-red, yellow centers for borders. 9 in.... Sunkist. Rounded, deep golden orange overall. 9 in. . ..... Marigold, Dwarf Single. Flash. Tangerine-red-bronze. 14 in. Sunny. Bright yellow, 2 -inch flowers, waved edges. 15 in. Marigold, Large. Guinea Gold. Double orange-gold. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Glitters. Large golden vellow incurved petals. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.... Limelight. Deep cream color, incurved petals. 20 in...... Sunset Giants, Mixed. Shades of orange and yellow. $4 \mathrm{ft.}$. Yellow Supreme. Carnationlike, cream-yellow. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft..}$. Nicotiana affinis, White. Fragrant, fine in masses. 3 ft... Daylight Mixed. All of the bright new shades. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft.}$. Petunia, Balcony. Mixed. For window boxes, walls. 18 in.. Petunia, Dwarf Bedding. Blue Mound. Mid-blue. 12 in... Fire Chief. Spectrum-red and scarlet-red glow. 12 in..... Rosy Morn. Bright rosy pink with white throat. 10 in... Silver MedaI. Deep saImon; sarmon-cerise sheen. 12 in..

Doz. Flat $065 \$ 235$ $65 \quad 235$
$\begin{array}{ll}65 \quad 2 & 35\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$65 \quad 2 \quad 35$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 \quad 2 & 35\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
65235
$65 \quad 235$
$65 \quad 2 \quad 35$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 2 \quad 60$
65235
$65 \quad 235$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 2 & 35\end{array}$
$65 \quad 2 \quad 35$
$80 \quad 325$

Petunia, continued. Snowball A new pure white. 12 in. Velvet Ball. Deep blood red $21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. flowers; neat. 10 in . good size; uniform. 13 in. Mixed. Nicely balanced colors for bright borders. 12 in..
Petunia, Large. Comanche. A vivid scarlet-red. 13 in. Dazzler. Deep brilliant rosescarlet. 12 in . . ....... Dwarf Elk's Pride. Big rich deep violet-blue. 12 in ..... Popcorn. Huge white, waved edges on dwarf plants. 10 in . Snowstorm. Big white, waved edges, cream throat. 12 in...
Petunia, Ruffled. Ballerina. A fringed deep salmon-pink.. huge ruffled mixture. 12 in . . Prima Donna. Huge fringed Prima Donna. Huge fringed
Petunia, All-Double. Mixed. (24 plants per flat.) $12 \mathrm{in} .$. . Portulaca, All-Double Mixed. For hot sunny spots. 6 in
Salpiglossis, Candelabra Mxd. Ralvia, Farinacea veined. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$... Lavender-blue Sage Bedder. Bonfire. (Scarlet Sage). Vivid scarlet spikes. 2 ft Fireworks. Very early of the brightest scarlet. 11 in. Welwyn Mixed. Lilac, pink, purple, maroon, white. 3 ft ..

Doz. Flat

## $065 \$ 235$

 $70 \quad 275$$65 \quad 235$
$\begin{array}{lll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$65 \quad 235$
$100 \quad 350$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 260$
$100 \quad 350$
$80 \quad 2 \quad 60$
$100 \quad 350$
$80 \quad 260$
$100 \quad 350$
$175 \quad 300$
$65 \quad 2 \quad 35$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 260$
$80 \quad 2 \quad 60$
$95 \quad 300$

Scabiosa, Giant Imperial Mxd

$$
\text { Dark black-crimson. } 18 \text { in.. }
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Dark black-crimson. } 18 \text { in.. } \\
& \text { Super Giants Mixed. Largest }
\end{aligned}
$$ uper Giants Mixed. Largest

of all, huge flowers. 3 ft . Super Giant, Crimson. Has dark stem, foliage. 3 f
Stocks, Giant Bismarck Mixed.
Fragrant, in pastels. $2 \mathrm{ft} . .$.
orenia, Fournieri. Sky-blue snap flowers; edging. 10 in .. erbena, Dwarf Mixed. Bright erbena, in Separate Colors Rose-red, Lavender, Dark Rose-red, Lavender, Dark
Zinnia. Burpee Hybrids Mixed. Huge shaggy, pastels. 3 ft ..
warf Double Mixed. Flower
Dwarf Double, in Colors. Canary yellow, Rose, Deep red, Salmon, White. 18 in.
Fantasy Mixed. Shaggy, ray-
like curled petals. 21/2 ft ...
Giant Mixed. Huge double
Giant in Separate Colors. Canary yellow, Rose, Dark red, Salmon or White, 3 ft .
Lilliput, Pastel Mixed. Deeply globed, double 15 in
Peppermint Stick Mixed. New
Striped, two toned. $2 \mathrm{ft}_{\text {t.... }}$
for edging, compact. 8 in .
$75 \quad 300$
$\begin{array}{ll}65 & 235\end{array}$
$75 \quad 300$
$65 \quad 235$
$80 \quad 260$
$65 \quad 235$

## FORBES POT-GROWN FLOWER PLANTS

These plants are unusually well-rooted and established in pots of ample size for fine development. They will, without any check, continue their sturdy growth in your flower bed or window box. In comparing with other offers please note that our pot sizes are larger than is usual assuring you of heavier, stronger root systems.

Begonia, Double Camellia-flowered. Fine for shaded window boxes and borders. Beautiful waxy, Camellialike, flowers in lovely shades. Fine for cutting. Ht. 1 ft . In Rose, Salmon, Scarlet, White and Yellow. 4-in.
pots. 55 c each: 3 for $\$ 1.50 ; \$ 5.50$ per doz.
Begonia, Bedding. For dwarf beds, edgings. Waxy leaves, abundant bloom. Ht. 10 in . Bright Pink, Red, or White in 3 -in. pots. 35 c each; 3 for $\$ 1 ; \$ 3.50$ per doz
Begonia, Lloydi. Trailing, for hanging baskets, window boxes or rock gardens in half or full shade, with 3-inch flowers all summer. Rose, Scarlet, White and Yellow.
Caladium, Fancy-Leaved. Foliage plants for half-shade or shade. Ht. 15 in . 4-in. pots. 75 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.10$.
Canna. For sunny beds. City of Portland (pink), Eureka (white), King Humbert (orange-scarlet; bronze leaves) President (red), Yellow King Humbert. In 5 -in. pots. 3 for $\$ 1.35$; $\$ 4.75$ per doz; ; $\$ 35$ per 100 .
Coleus, Bedding Mixed. Varied forms for bright sunny border edgings. 3 -in. pots. $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 19$ per 100 . Dahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Mixed. Beautiful for borders or cutting. Ht. $2 \mathrm{ft} .4-\mathrm{in}$. pots. 45 c each; $\$ 4.25$ per doz.
Daisy, Boston Yellow. (Marguerite). Long lasting, light
yellow. 3-in. pots. 40 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.10 ; \$ 3.75$ per doz. Fuchsias. For half shade in light soil. Fine for porch boxes and borders. Bloom all summer. In several varieties. 4 -in. pots. 75 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.10 ; \$ 7.50$ per doz.
Geraniums. Salmon-pink, light red, Dark red, and White. 4-in. pots. Price to be established May 1st.

Gourds, Small Varieties Mixed. When vine is 7 ft . long cut off end of main stem to induce branches to bear fruit. $3-\mathrm{in}$. pots. 25 c each; 3 for $60 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 2$ per doz.
Heliotrope, True Royal Fragrance. For window boxes, borders. Very fragrant. 4 -in. pots. 50 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35$. Impatiens, Holsti. Nice for continuous bloom throughout summer in shaded borders $\mathrm{Ht} .11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} ., 21 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. pots. Deep Pink, Red or White. Any of these colors, 35 c each; 3 for $\$ 1 ; \$ 3.50$ per doz.
Lantana. For sun. Deep Pink, Orange, Red, Yellow, White. 4 -in. pots. 50 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35 ; \$ 4.75$ per doz. Morning-Glory, Heavenly Blue, huge sky-blue; Pearly Gorning-Glory, Heavenly Blue, huge sky-blue; Pearly
Gates, white; Candy Pink, salmony rose-pink. 3-in. Gates, white; Candy Pink, salmon
pots. 25 c each; 3 for $60 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 2$ per doz.
Nemesia, Dwarf Mixed. The orchid-like flowers come in delightful pastels and bright colors for edging. Ht. 9 in.
Petunia, All-Double Dwarf, Mixed. Very large, double, fringed flowers in rose, purple, burgundy, pink, salmon, mauve, and white on dwarf, compact plants. Ht. 1 ft .
4 -in. pots. 50 e each; 3 for $\$ 1.35 ; \$ 4.75$ per doz.
Phlox Drummondi, Dwarf Mixed. Pastel colors in full sun all summer. Ht. 6 in. In $21 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. pots. 25 c each; 3 for 60c; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Rose Geranium. Fragrant house or border plants. 4-in pots. Pink. 45 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.20 ; \$ 4.25$ per doz.
inca variegata. Green- and white-leaved trailing, for win dow boxes. 4 -in. pots. 55 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50 ; \$ 5.50$ per doz.

## HERB PLANTS

Here is a nice selection of the most useful plants for your Herb Garden. Those in the first group are either annuals or tender perennials and will not live over winter here. For herbs more easily grown from seed, see under Vegetable Seed.

## PLANT THESE EVERY YEAR

Basil, Sweet. Broad-leaved. Spicy tasting leaves for salads Rosemary. Fragrant odor and warm pungent taste for Hlavoring meats, stews and for seasoning.
Summer Savory. Dried leaves and flower-tops for dressings; flavoring meats. When green for salads.
Sweet Marjoram. Young tender leaves are good in salads and when dried flavor soups, dressings, etc

All above, in 3-in. pots, 20 c each; $\$ 1.80 \mathrm{doz}$

## THESE LIVE YEAR AFTER YEAR

Asperula odorata (Sweet Woodruff). 55 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$ Chives. To flavor cheese, soups, stews. 45 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.20$ Lavender (Lavandula Spica). 55 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$. Monarda (Bergamot). In 4 colors. 50c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35$ Nepeta (Catnip). Pungent odor. 50c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35$. Peppermint. 50 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35$. Sage (Salvia officinalis). Seasoning. 55 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$. Santolina, incana or viridis. For edging. $\$ 6$ per doz. Tarragon, True French. For vinegar. 55c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$ Thyme (Thymus vulgaris). Seasoning. 55c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$ Valeriana. White or Rose. 55c each; 3 for $\$ 1.50$.

For above also see pages 13 to 20

## GIANT PANSY PLANTS

## Growing in flats of soil

Here's a new service-plants of our Giantflowered Pansies grown one dozen to a soil flat, all ready to set out in your garden. Unlike the early bedding Pansies sold in baskets which have a relatively short season of bloom, these will continue to produce their huge blooms, if planted in full sun or half shade, right up to late fall and early winter.

Super Swiss Giants, Mixed. This by far surpasses in quality and range of color any other Giant Pansy mixture. The plants are more compact and most of the flowers are beautifully frilled. They are of perfect form, with thick, velvety, rounded petals in a colorrange beyond belief-bronze, silver, gold, cop-per-wine-red, pink, salmon, silver-grey, brown, Indian red, steel-blue, dark blue and yellow, $\$ 1.75$ per flat of 12 plants. 3 flats for $\$ 4.95$.



We also offer started plants in 6-inch pots of both Bearded Iris and Japanese Iris. See under Perennial Plants on pages 13 to 20 .


## DELPHINIUM PLANTS IN POTS

Whether in background border groups or above the pure whiteness of Madonna lilies, Delphiniums raise their proud majestic spikes in June for your sheer enjoyment. They are perfectly hardy.
Belladonna Improved or Cliveden Beauty. This is a marked improvement over the original strain, with loose spikes of large flowers of iridescent, light turquoise-blue on plants 4 feet high. One of the easiest to grow and delightrut for cutting. Bellamosum Improved. Really a dark blue form of the Belladonna, this is very uniform in color with loose spikes, often $21 / 2$ inches across. They are excellent for June cut flowers and grow from 3 to 4 feet high.
Blackmore and Langdon's Giant Exhibition Hybrids. Developed by the English specialists, these grow to a height of 6 feet with solid, erect spikes of very large florets in delightful shades of blue, mauve, lavender, lilac, violet and purple. Hollyhock-flowered Wrexham Hybrids. Another English strain with flowers of superb size, exquisitely proportioned on tapered, 6 -foot spires. The florets come in lovely tones of blue, mauve, lilac, purple and violet in wonderful variations.

Any of the above $4,75 \mathrm{ceach} ; 3$ for $\$ 2.10 ; \mathbf{7 . 8 0}$ per doz. established in 6 -inch pots
Pacific Giant Hybrids. Huge, $21 / 2$-inch florets, nearly all double, evenly spaced on compact, tapering, 6 to 7 -foot spikes. They are mildew-resistant. In separate colors: Astolat, mostly pink shades; Black Knight, dark blue, black bee; Blue Bird, mid-blue, white bee; Galahad, all white; King Arthur, violet, white bee; and Summer Skies, light blue, white bee. Any of the 6 Pacific Giants, 95 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.70$; $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 2 5}$ per doz. in 6 -inch pots
Culture: Delphinium require excellent drainage and very deep soil, enriched with rotted manure for good root development. Culture: Delphinium require excellent drainage and very deep soil, enriched with rotted manure for good root development. They thrive best in a light to medium soil which must be alkaline. To maintain this condition apply pulverized limestone lightly on the surface two or three times a season. Locate them in sun and reed with a
have best results if you start with pot-grown plants. After the June bloom has faded, cut the stalks back just above the leaves. After 3 weeks' rest, feed again with fertilizer. The new growth, thinned to 4 strong shoots, will bloom in fall.

## DOUBLE PEONY PLANTS IN POTS

As individual clumps or in borders in front of shrubbery they are magnificent in flower and handsome in foliage throughout the season. They can be depended upon to bloom for many, many years. In 7 x 9 in . pots. Auguste Dessert. 8.7. A pretty rose-red which is narrowly Mary Brand. 8.7. Fragrant dark crimson-red double edged with silver. $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$
Festiva Maxima. 9.3. Early white with crimson center Frances Willard. 91; 3 for $\$ 4.35$
Frances Willard. 9.1. A very beautiful, full double variety Karl Bush white petals. \$1.55 each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$. Klowersenfeld. 8.8 Free-blooming; bright crimson Kathers. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
Katherine Haverneyer.
$\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$.
隹
ongfellow, 9.0 . Full, of distinct fadeless bright crimson.
$\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.

Mons. Martin Cahuzac. 8.8. Dark purple-garnet, Mons. Martin Cahuzac. $\$ 2.8$ each; 3 for $\$ 6.45$.
Primevere. 8.6. Deep creamy yellow with sulphur yellow Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0 . Deep rose-pink, fragrant tipped silver. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$, Solange. 9.7. Waxy white with orange and gold brown
center. $\$ 1.55$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.35$. Walter Faxon. $\$ 3$.
Walter Faxon. 9.3. Free blooming; delightful salmon-rose
flowers. $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.

## flowers. $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$.

## SPECIES DOUBLE PEONY PLANTS

To lengthen the season of Peony bloom add these delightfully fragrant species to your Peony planting. They come to bloom 2 to 3 weeks earlier than the regular varieties.
Officinalis Alba plena. An early
Officinalis Rosea plena. A bright
Officinalis Rubra plena. The earldouble very fragrant white.
pink counterpart to the others.
In $7 \times 9$-inch pots, any of the 3 varieties, $\$ 2.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 6.45$
Culture: Plant 3 feet apart in a fertile, well-drained, moderately heavy, deep soil in a sunny or lightly shaded location. Dig a hole 2 to $21 / 2$ feet wide and 2 feet deep. Mix half the soil with plenty of old, well-rotted manure and a 4 -inch potful of bonemeal. Backfill this and tamp down hard. Thoroughly mix the remaining half of soil with a shovelful of wood ashes, a handful of bonemeal, a lot of humus and a little limestone. Backfill and tamp hard. Further settle with water for a few days. Set our Potted Plants with the soil level of pot even with garden soil level. Set wire rings on stakes to support plants.

## ORIENTAL POPPIES IN POTS

These make bright color accents and are striking against a dark green hedge or evergreens. AII they ask is Iots of sun and a well-drained rich soil. Each year they will reward you in late May and June. Ht. 3 ft .
Barr's White. Large, pure white satiny flowers with Gold of Ophir. Dwarfer plants, 26 inches high, with big strongly contrasting purplish black centers
Betry Ann. Flowers of La France pink without blotches, freely produced on strong, robust plants.
ig Jim. Huge flowers of deep maroon on strong free-
Cerise Beauty. Free-flowering plants with cerise-rose blooms; black-purple centers.
Flashy Glow. Large bright golden yellow flowers with a suffusion of orange

## HARDY GARDEN CHRYSANTHEMUMS

There is nothing to excel these in satisfaction or to bring color to the garden in the fall of the year. They like rich soil, lots of sun and water. The varieties offered below are the best in color and type, and will make a tremendous show for a small outlay. You can make your own selection and take them with you, or send in your order and we will deliver, if you live within our delivery area. See Free Delivery on pages 1 and 5 .

Our plants, ready in May, are in 3 -inch pots with well-developed root-systems

| CUSHION MUMS or AZALEAMUMS | Color description | Height | In Bloom | Each | 3 for | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elite Cushion | Quaint bronze shadings on mound-like plants. | 15-18 in. | Sept. 25 |  |  |  |
| Major Cushion | Deep rose-pink, $2-\mathrm{in}$. flowers paling very little. | 12 in . | Sept. 10 |  |  |  |
| Red Cloud | Best red cushion; showy $21 / 2-\mathrm{in}$., velvety red tones. | $12-15 \mathrm{in}$. | Sept. 20 | \$ $\$ 0.50$ | \$1.35 | 4.75 |
| White Cushion | Covered with $2-\mathrm{in}$. white, pink centered flowers. | 12-15 in. | Sept. 10 |  | \$1.35 |  |
| Yellow Supreme | Nice 2-in. canary yellow flowers; round plants. | 15-18 in . | Sept. 20 |  |  |  |
| POMPON VARIETIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canary Wonder | Huge sprays of canary-primrose yellow $11 / 2-\mathrm{in}$. globes. | $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 25 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Chiquita | Fine compact, domed flower of deep lemon yellow. | 20 in . | Sept. 25 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Early Wonder, Impv'd. | Fine sprays for cutting of firm soft pink globes. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 25 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Golden Wonder | Attractive golden yellow formal pompon globes. | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 25 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Jubilee | Informal $11 / 2-\mathrm{in}$. glowing red turning clear deep red. | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 1 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| White Wonder | Perfect cream to white globes; long cutting stems. | 3 ft . | Sept. 25 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| DOUBLE VARIETIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Admiration | Peach-salmon-fawn flushed red-gold, 3 in. diam. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 25 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Alex Cumming | Superb 4-in., pure cerise flowers maturing rose. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 1 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Apache | Brilliant, deep fire-cracker-red, 4 -in. quilled flowers. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 15 | . 75 | 2.10 | 7.80 |
| Betty | Semi-double fine apple-blossom pink, upright plant. | 2 ft . | Sept. 20 |  |  |  |
| Chippewa | Tumbling sprays of glossy aster-purple and wine. | 2 ft . | Sept. 10 | $\} .50$ | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Courageous | Vivid crimson-red, $31 / 2$-in. flowers which last well. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 1 |  |  |  |
| Elizabeth Hood | Lovely soft orchid pink of great appeal. | 2 ft . | Oct. 10 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Ermine | Very double, creamy white $3-\mathrm{in}$. with wide petals. | 2 ft . | Oct. 1 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Fascination | Silvery lavender-pink 4-in. Hlowers; center deeper. | 2 ft . | Sept. 25 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Flamboyant | Tangerine-scarlet overlaid orange; gold centers. | 2 ft . | Sept. 15 | . 75 | 2.10 | 7.80 |
| Gardenia | A large decorative cream-white of distinction. | 2 ft . | Oct. 1 | . 75 | 2.10 | 7.80 |
| Glow-worm | Tangerine-scarlet to bronze-red, 2 in . semi-double. | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 10 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Golden Sunset | Beautiful large flowers of coppery gold tones. | 2 ft . | Sept. 25 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Huntsman | Scarlet-orange shaded walnut-bronze; 3-in. double. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 10 |  |  |  |
| Joan Helen | Sparkling garnet shading to purple, $21 / 2-\mathrm{in}$., semi-dbl | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 15 | \}. 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Lavender Lady | Fine pure lavender, 3 -in. fully double flowers. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 5 |  |  |  |
| Lee Powell | Fluffy Chinese-yellow, $41 / 2$-in.; center tinged orange. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 20 | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Mrs. Kidder | Huge 5-in. golden yellow blooms if disbudded. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 10 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Patricia Lehman | Fluffy, recurved, geranium pink centered peach. | 2 ft . | Oct. 1 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Red Velvet | Full-double, rich velvety crimson-red flowers. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 5 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Spindrift | Double 3-in. white flower with soft creamy center. | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 1 | . 75 | 2.10 | 7.80 |
| Success | Unfading, brilliant crimson, full 3 to 4 in . blooms. | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Oct. 1 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Tranquility | Round 3-in. pale primrose to canary-lemon flowers. | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Sept. 15 | . 75 | 2.10 | 7.80 |
| Yellow Avalanche | Sprays of big, fluffy soft yellow flowers, $31 / 2-\mathrm{in}$. across. | 2 ft . | Sept. 20 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Yellow Chris Columbus | Beautiful extra bright, lemon-yellow flowers. | 2 ft . | Sept. 15 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| SPOON VARIETIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Garnet Spoon | Rich garnet-purple with faint yellow throat; exotic. | 2 ft . | Oct. 5 |  |  |  |
| Peach Spoon | Peach, with Chinese-yellow tubes aging peach-pink. | 2 ft . | Oct. 5 | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| White Spoon | Large, handsome white with creamy center. | 20 in . | Oct. 1 |  |  |  |
| Yellow Spoon | Large, golden yellow flowers $31 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. across. | 2 ft . | Oct. 1 | ) |  |  |

## Hardy Chrysanthemums in Full Bloom Next Fall!

Plants will be for sale in full bloom and may be moved to your fall garden without set-back.

Chrysanthemum, Alex Cumming


Chrysanthemum,
Yellow Supreme $\downarrow$



Lonicera Halliana

## FORBES HARDY VINES IN POTS

For such a small outlay there are few plants that give so much in return as the Hardy Vines. A few, well placed, with their delightful charm will greatly enhance the beauty of your garden. They soften harsh lines, bring beauty to bare walls and welcome to doorways.

Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. A strong, vigorous, fast-growing vine with large attractive foliage that changes to scarlet-gold shades in the fall. It is very stone walls in sun or shade. 70 e each; 3 for $\$ 1.95$.
Ampelopsis Veitchi. Boston Ivy. For clinging to brick, feet in 3 years and has dense dark green foliage, which turns bronze-red in the fall. $\$ 1.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 3.50$.
Aristolochia Sipho. Dutchman's Pipe. The large, heartshaped leaves provide a dense screen or quick shade for porches and pergolas. The curious brownish flowers are pipe-shaped. Likes sun. $\$ 1.50$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.25$.
Bignonia radicans. Trumpet Vine. Delights in sun or part shade. It grows tall, rapidly bearing clusters of large,
bright orange-scarlet flowers through the summer. It will bright orange-scarlet flowers through the summer. It will
cling to both wood and masonry. 95 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.70$.
Celastrus scandens. Bittersweet. A vigorous rampant celastrus scandens. plant grows well in sun or shade. It has large handplant that grows weliage and, in May and June bears
some light green foliage
yellow flowers. In the fall the clusters of yellow, orangecapsuled fruit appear. As these are often hisexual, plant 2 or 3 together to insure berries. 90c each; 3 for $\$ 2.55$.
Clematis montana rubens. In late May and June, a profusion of rosy red flowers, up to 2 inches across, changing to clear, deep pink. Fine for walls, growing 10 to 15
feet, with dark foliage overcast with purple tones. Prune feet, with dark foliage overcast with purple tones. Prune
deadwood only in early March. $\$ 1.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 3.50$.
Clematis paniculata. Virgin's Bower. This hardy vine, growing 15 feet in a season, adapts itself to all situations. dense foliage, from August to frost. $\$ 1$ each; 3 for $\$ 2.85$.
Clematis tangutica. Dainty and unusual golden yellow, lantern-like, small bell-flowers from Iate June into Sep-
tember on 10 -foot vines. $\$ 1.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 3.50$.
Clematis texensis. Curious urn-shaped, inch-long flowers of reddish rose; buff inside. Planted near a fence, stone wall or trellis the 6 -foot vines will make a gorgeous display from July to September. $\$ 1.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 3.50$.
Euonymus radicans vegetus. Evergreen Wintercreeper. Unexcelled in sun or shade for a hardy, evergreen wall cover or on large, old trees where it grows 25 feet high. Splendid for covering banks. It has thick, leathery, dark green leaves and bears bright orange

Hydrangea petiolaris. A very unusual, 10 -foot woody vine which clings to both masonry and wood and to trees without support. It has dark green, clean foliage and short spur branches topped with fragrant white Hydrangea-like blooms all summer. It likes rich moist soil in either sun or shade. $\$ 2.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 7.75$.
Ivy, English (Hedera Helix). A vine, with shiny leaves, for masonry walls, borders, graves, window boxes, as a ground cover, even in the densest shade. In soil, (minimum)
flat of 25 for $\$ 4 ; \$ 16$ per 100 . Also larger plants in 4 -inch flat of 25 for $\$ 4 ; \$ 16$ per 100 . Also larger plants in 4 -inch
pots, 60 each; 3 for $\$ 1.65 ; \$ 6$ per doz.

For Climbing Roses see page 27

[^0]Fan Trellises. Of natural redwood. 8 ft . tall, $\$ 2.80$ ea.

Lonicera Halliana. Hall's Honeysuckle. Fine for steep banks, dense screens, porches, trellises and fences in sun or part shade. Vigorous, with almost evergreen foliage or part shade. fragrant flowers, white turning to yellow, all through summer. 75 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.10 ; \$ 7.50$ per doz. $\$ \$ 60$ per 100 .
Lonicera, Goldflame. Huge clusters of fragrant blooms,
the outside of the petals of brilliant flame-coral, inside of the outside of the petals of brilliant flame-coral, inside of creamy gold, from May to frost. $\$ 1.10$ each; 3 for $\$ 3$.
Polygonum Auberti. Silver Lace Vine. Grows 15 fee the first year. Has shiny, bright green foliage covered in summer and fall with foamy sprays of white flowers. Likes full sun and a rich sandy soil. $\$ 1.25$ each; 3 for $\$ 3.50$.
Wisteria, Chinese. Long hanging fragrant flower-clusters in early summer. Likes a well-drained loam in full sun
and lots of water when in bloom. Prune tops back hard and lots of water when in bloom. Prune tops back hard from June to August. Lavender-b
grafted plants, $\$ 2$ each; 3 for $\$ 5.75$.
Wisteria multijuga rosea. Pink Weeping Wisteria. Has slender racemes, often 18 inches long, of smaller flowers produced freely on vigorous vines. $\$ 2$ each; 3 for $\$ 5.75$.

## Large-flowered Clematis

Outstanding in color and form, these vines add charm to any garden. When grown on trellises against house, porch or garage they help tie in the building with the garden. Supported on wires, they are effective on walls and they change an unsightly stump or fence into a thing of beauty.
Culture. Best in partial shade, but if in full sun, shade the base with small plants and peat moss. Prepare soil 2 feet deep with sand and rotted manure and some lime. Set plants with collar 3 inches below soil level. Water amply early spring prune back old wood to 3 feet. Mulch each fall early spring prune back old wood to 3 feet. Mulch each fall
Comtesse de Bouchaud. A strong grower and profuse The curved pe

Crimson Star. Spectacular flowers, often 6 inches across, of true rich red with no purple tones, in profusion on 8 to
Duchess of Edinburgh. Magnificent, big double white flowers all summer on 8 -foot vines
Henryi. Huge cream-white flowers, often 8 inches across,
all summer on vigorous, 8 -foot vines. all summer on vigorous, 8 -foot vines.
Jackmani. The vigorous growth is often 10 feet high, covered with deep violet-purple flowers through summer and fall.
Lord Neville. Makes a striking effect against a white wall or trellis. The 7 -foot vines, from June to September, bear large graceful flowers of velvety plum-purple.
Mrs. Cholmondeley. Large open flowers of wisteria-blue are borne freely on 8 -foot vines from July to September. Nelly Moser. The red bars centering the pale mauve petals accentuate the beauty of this vigorous variety.
10 to 12 feet high, flower from June to October.
Ramona. Pale blue flowers, with rounded petals and darker anthers cover the 8 -foot vine, from July to September.

Any of the above 9, $\$ 1.75$ each; 3 for $\$ 4.95$

Trellis Wire. Galvanized $1 \times 2 \mathrm{in} ., 3 \mathrm{ft}$. wide, 35 c . ft .
Vine Guides. To cement on masonry walls, 25 for $\$ 1$ Wall Nails. Iron shank, lead clips, 20 assorted, 80 c .

## FORBES HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS (IN POTS)

The Perennial Plants we offer are of unusually large size, in 5, 6 and 7 -inch pots, with ample soil for strong root development. They are plants produced to succeed in your garden rather than for a conveniently small size for shipping. When you see them in the sales beds at our Garden Center on Route 10, Hanover, N. J., you will instantly recognize their superior quality.

We lift the plants, in pots, and place them in your car. Within the hour you can remove the pots and set the plants out in your garden to continue their growth unchecked. Our large plants provide earlier, fuller bloom the first season, without loss. For equal cost our plants are far superior

Come and make your own selection and take them with you, or send in your order and we will deliver within our delivery area. We cannot ship plants by mail, express or freight. See page 5.

| In column Sun Needed $O$ means full sun, © half shade-half sun, full shade | Color | Height | Time of Bloorn | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Needed } \end{gathered}$ | Typesoil Preferred | Inches Apart | Uses | Each | 3 for | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACHILLEA (Milfoil or Yarrow) <br> Ptarmica, Boule de Neige <br> Taggetea <br> Tomentosa | White; double Pale yellow Bright yellow | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 8 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}\right.$ | June-Sept. June June-July |  |  |  | order; cutting | \$0.55 | \$1.50 | \$5.50 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{D} \\ & 1 \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Border; cutting | + 55 | 1.50 | \$.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1D | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| ACONITUM (Monkshood) <br> Napellus, Sparks' Variety | Dark blue | 41/2 ft. | July-Aug | O © | 4 | 15 | Border; woods | . 65 | 1.80 | 6.50 |
| ÆTHIONEMA(PersianCandytuft) <br> Warley Rose | Rose | 9 in . | June July | 0 | 3G | 12 | dges; rocker | . 65 | 1.80 | 6.50 |
| AJUGA (Bugle) <br> Reptans(Evergreen) $\$ 16$ per 100 | Violet-blue | 3-4 in. | May-June | 0 O | 2; 4 | 10 | Carpet; rockery | 25 for \$4.00 |  | 2.50 |
| ALYSSUM (Madwort) <br> Saxatile citrinum Saxatile compactum Saxatile, Double | Lemon-yellow Golden yellow Golden yellow | $\begin{aligned} & 9-12 \mathrm{in} . \\ & 9-12 \mathrm{in.} \\ & 9-12 \mathrm{in} . \end{aligned}$ | April-May April-May April-May | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 ; 4 \mathrm{D} \\ & 2 ; 4 \mathrm{D} \\ & 2 ; 4 \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | 888 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Edges; rockery } \\ \text { Carpeting } \\ \text { Rock walls } \end{array}\right.$ |  | 1.65 | 6.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.50 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .60 .55 .65 | 1.80 | 6.50 |
| AMSONIA <br> Tabernae Mon | Pale blue | 2-3 ft. | May-July | 0 | 2; 4W | 12 | Border; massing | . 65 | 1.80 | . 50 |
| ANCHUSA (Alkanet or Bugloss) <br> Italica, Dropmore | Gentian blue <br> Myosotis-blue | $\left\|\begin{array}{rr} 4-5 & \mathrm{ft} \\ 1-11 / 2 & \mathrm{ft} \end{array}\right\|$ | June on May | $\begin{array}{ll} 100 \\ 00 \end{array}$ | 2D | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Border; massing Border; rockery | . 55 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50 \\ & 1.50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 5.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| ANEMONE | Mauve-rose Silvery pink Wbite Rose-Tilac | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ 2-3 \mathrm{ft} \\ 10-12 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}\right.$ | Aug.-Oct. <br> Sept. <br> Sept. <br> April-May | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \text { ○ } \\ & \circ \text { ○ } \\ & 0 \text { ○ } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | 4HS <br> 4 HS <br> 4HS <br> 3G | 12 | Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; rockery |  |  | 6.506.50 |
| Hupehensis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 65 | 1.80 1.80 |  |
| Japonica, September Charm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 65 | 1.80 | 6.50 6.50 |
| Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| ANTHEMIS (Yellow Marguerite) <br> Moonlight (Chamomile) | Pale yellow Clear yellow | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ | June-Oct. June-Oct. | $10$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2D; 4D } \\ & 2 \mathrm{D} ; 4 \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | 1818 | Border; cutting Border; cutting | . 60 | 1.651.50 | 6.005.50 |
| Moonlight (Chamomile) <br> Tinctoria |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AQUILEGIA (Columbine) | Various blues <br> Soft yellow <br> Crimsnn \& white <br> Rose shades <br> Pure white <br> Deep blue <br> Ivery-white | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ 21 / \mathrm{ft} \\ 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ 10-12 \mathrm{in} \\ 8-10 \mathrm{in} . \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | May-June May-July May-June May-June May-June May-June May-June |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; cutting <br> Border; rockery <br> Border; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.505.50 |
| Long-spurred, Blue Shades |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 1.50 |  |
| Long-spurred, Chrysantha |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Long-spurred, Rose Queen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Long-spurred, Snow Queen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Flabellata coerulea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Flabellata nana alba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| ARABIS (Rock | Pure white Pure white Rosy red | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{in} . \\ & 6 \mathrm{in} . \\ & 6 \mathrm{in} . \end{aligned}$ | April-May Adril-May April-May | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \text { ○ } \\ & \hline \text { ○ } \\ & \hline \text { ○ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2D } \\ & 2 \mathrm{D} \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 121212 | Border; rockery <br> Rock walls <br> Border; rockery | .65.60.55 | 1.801.651.50 | 6.506.005.50 |
| Albida Dou |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alpina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alpina, Spring Charm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 55 |  |  |
| ARENARIA (Sandwort) | Silvery white Tiny, white | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \mathrm{in} \\ 1-2 \mathrm{in} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May-June } \\ & \text { May } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 126 | Rockery; wall Rockery; walks | . 55 | 1.501.50 | 5.505.50 |
| Varica |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ARMERIA | Pink <br> Rosy red | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \mathrm{in} . \\ 6-8 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}$ | April-May April-June | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $2 ; 4 ; \mathrm{SD}$ | $8$ | Edges; rockery <br> Edges; rockery | . 55 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50 \\ & 1.50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 5.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| Cæspitosa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laucheana |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ARTEMISIA | White <br> Silver mist <br> Silver mat | $\begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 4 \mathrm{in} . \end{gathered}$ | Sept. <br> April-Oct. <br> April-Oct. | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{D} ; 2 \mathrm{DP} \\ & 1 \mathrm{D} ; 2 \mathrm{DP} \\ & 1 \mathrm{D} ; 2 \mathrm{DP} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | Border; contrast Contrast plant Edges; rockery | t <br> .55 <br> .55 <br> .60 | 1.501.501.65 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.50 \\ & 5.50 \\ & 6.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Silver King |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silver Mound |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Æthionema Warley Rose

## Explanation of Column

 Type Soil Preferred$1=$ Poor sandy or clay soil $2=$ Deep ( 10 in.) light loam $3=$ Sandy loam + leaf mould $4=$ Deep ( 10 in .) medium loam $5=$ Heavy loam or clay loam

## $A=$ Acid or sour

C = Crushed limestone
D = Dry or ordinary
G = Gravel or rubble
$\mathrm{H}=$ Humus or peat
$\mathrm{K}=$ Lime or alkaline
$\mathrm{L}=$ Leaf mould
$\mathbf{M}=$ Manure, fertilizer
$\mathrm{P}=$ Poor, no manure
$\mathrm{S}=$ Sandy or gritty
W = Moist or wet

To help you know Perennials read the Book of Perennials by A. C. Hottes, $\$ 2.75$.


Achillea
ptarmica




In column Sun Needed $O$ means full | sun, $($ Q half shade-half sun, $\bigcirc$ means full shade |
| :--- |

LAMIUM (Dead Nettle) Alba
LaVANDULA (True Lavender)
LIATRIS (Gayfeather) Pycnostachya Scar.osa, White Spire
Spicata Spicata
LINUM (Flax) Perenne, Blue

## LOBELIA

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)
LUPINUS (Lupine) Russell
LYCHNIS (Carapion)
Haageana Hybrids Haageana Hybrids
LYSIMACHIA (Loosestrife) Clethroides
LYTHRUM (Pink Loosestrife) Superbum, Morden's Pink
MERTENSIA (Bluebel1) Virginica (Virginia Cowslip)
MONARDA (Bee-balm; Bergamot) Didyma, Cambridge Scarlet Didyma, Salmon Queen Didyma, Sunset

MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not) Palustris semperflorens
NEPETA (Catmint) Mussini
NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower)
Rivularis
ENOTHERA (Evening Primrose) Youngi

PACHYSANDRA (Japan Spurge) Terminalis Flat of 50 for $\$ 7.50$ PEPPERMINT (Mentha piperita) Green leaves
PHLOX subulata (Moss Pink) Carmine-red, Blue, Rose \& White Specify color
PHLOX, VARIOUS
Divaricata canadensis
Nivalis, Camla
PHLOX decussat B. Comte

Charles Curtis Columbia
Daily Sketch
Jules Sandeau
Leo Schlageter
Progress
Wir John Falstaff Miss Lingard

Per 100 $\$ 40$ Lavender-blue Pure pink (Hardy Summer Phlox) Rich red-purple Brilliant sunset red Cameo-pink, faint blue eye Salmon-pink, crimson eye Bright watermeion-pink Clear scarket, orange shee Clear lavender-blue Huge rich saimon
Pure snow-white Pure white (Suffruticosa)

## Explanation of Column

 Type Soil Preferred$1=$ Poor sandy or clay soil $2=$ Deep ( 10 in. ) light loam $3=$ Sandy loam + leaf mould $4=$ Deep ( 10 in .) medium loam 5 = Heavy loam or clay loam
$A=$ Acid or sour
$\mathrm{C}=$ Crushed limestone
$\mathrm{D}=$ Dry or ordinary
G = Gravel or rubble
$\mathrm{H}=$ Humus or peat
$\mathbf{K}=$ Lime or alkaline
$\mathrm{L}=$ Leaf mould
$\mathbf{M}=$ Manure, fertilizer
$\mathrm{P}=$ Poor, no manure
$\mathrm{S}=$ Sandy or gritty
$\mathrm{W}=$ Moist or wet

$\begin{array}{lll}.60 & 1.65 \quad 6.00\end{array}$


Mertensia virginica


紋:


| In column Sun Needed $O$ means full sun, © half shade-half sun, full shade | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | Sun Needed | Type soil Preferred | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inches } \\ & \text { Apart } \end{aligned}$ | Uses | Each | 3 for | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PYRETHRUM (Painted Daisy) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hybrids, Double and Single Mix | All colors | 2-21/2 ft . | May-June May-June | - | 2; 4M | 12 | Border; cutting | \$0.55 | \$1.50 | \$5.50 |
| James Kelway. Single. | Dark blood-red | $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | 0 | 2; 4M | 12 | Border; cutting | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| ROSA (Alpine Rose) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oakington Ruby (Miniature) | Rose-red | 8-10 in. | June-Oct. | O © | 4 | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 90 | 2.55 | 9.50 |
| Rouletti (Miniature) | Rose-pink | $6-8 \mathrm{in}$. | June-Oct. | $\bigcirc$ | 4 | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 90 | 2.55 | 9.50 |
| RUDBECKIA (Coneflower) <br> Purpurea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White Lustre | Red-purple | 3-4 $\begin{array}{r}\text { ft. } \\ 3 \mathrm{ft}\end{array}$ | July-Sept. | $100$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1,2, \operatorname{or} 4 D \\ & 1,2, \operatorname{or} 4 D \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Border; cutting Border; cutting | . 55 | 1.50 1.80 | 5.50 6.50 |
| SAGE (Garden Sage) | Purple | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Aug. | 0 | 2; 4 | 12 | Herb garden | 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| SALVIA (Sage) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pitcheri | Gentian-blue | 3-4 ft. | Aug.-Sept. | O | 2; 4 | 18 |  | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Virgata nemorosa | Blue shades | 4 ft . | July-Aug. | $\bigcirc$ | 2; 4 | $18$ | Border; masses | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton) Incana (Silver gray foliage) | Yellow buttons | 1-11/2 ft. | July | - | $20 r 4 \mathrm{DP}$ |  | erb garden | . 60 | 1.65 |  |
| Viridis (Green foliage) | Yellow buttons | $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June | 0 | 2 r 4 DP | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| SAPONARIA (Soapwort) Ocymoides splendens | Rosy pink | 6 in | May-July | 0 | 2; 4 | 10 | Edges; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| SAXIFRAGA (Rockfoil) Megasea Smidi | Rose-pink | 8-10 in. | April-May | O © | 4C | 10 | Edges; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| SCABIOSA (Pincushion Flower) Caucasica, Isaac House Hybrids | Blue shades | 11/2-2 f1. | June-Sept. | 0 | 2; 4 | 10 | Border; cutting | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| SEDUM (Stonecrop) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acre | Bright yellow | 3 in. | May-June | O | 2G; 4G | 12 | Carpet: rocker) | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Album muralis | Tiny white | 3-4 in. | May-June | $\bigcirc$ | 2G; 4G | 8 | Edges; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Glaucum | Pinkish white | 2 in. | June-July | - | 2G; 4G | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Gracile | White | 3 in. | June-July | $\bigcirc$ | 2G; 4G | 12 | Carpet; rocker | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Kamtschaticum | Orange-yellow | $6-8$ in. | June-July | $\bigcirc$ - | 2G: 4G | 8 | Walls; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Nicæense | Cream yellow | 6 in . | June-July | 0 | 2G; 4G | 12 | Edges; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Sarmentosum | Bright yellow | 4 in . | June-Aug. | 0 | 2G; 4G | 12 | Walls; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Sieboldi | Pink; small | 6 in. | Aug.-Sept. | O | 2G; 4G | 8 | Walls; rockery | . 00 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Spectabile, Brilliant | Rose-crimson | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Aug-Sept. | $\bigcirc$ - | 2G:4GD | 15 | Burders | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Spurium, Dragon's Blood | Carmine-red | 6 in. | July-Sept. | O | 2G:4GD | 12 | Walls; rockery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Stoloniferum | Pink | 6 in . | July-Aug. | 0 | 2G; 4G | 12 | Carpet; edges | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| SEMPERVIVUM (Houseleek) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arachnoideum | Cobweb rosette | 2 in. |  | O | 2SKD | 8 | Walls; rochery | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| Atropurpureum | Rosette, red tip | 3 in . |  | $\bigcirc$ | 2SKD | 6 | Walls; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Laggeri Tectorum | Cobweb rosette Light red | 2 in. |  | 0 | 2SKD 2SKD | 6 | Walls; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 1.35 | 5.50 |
| SHORTIA <br> Galacifolia (Oconee Bells) | White | 6 in. | April-May | © ${ }^{-}$ | 3AHW | 12 | Carpet; rockery | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| SPIR\&A (Meadowsweet) <br> Filipendula Double (Dropwort) | Cream-white | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-July | O © | 2; 4 | 12 | Border; cutting | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| STACHYS (Wooly Betony) Lanata (White leaf tufts) | Lavender-pink | $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-July | 0 | 2; 4 | 8 | Edges; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| STATICE (Sea Lavender) <br> Latifolia | Purple-blue | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Aug. | 0 | 3 | 24 | Border; cutting | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster) Cyanea, Blue | Lavender-blue | $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Sept. | 0 | 2S;4S | 12 | Border; cutting | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| TARRAGON True French | Green leaves | 2 ft . |  | $\bigcirc$ O | 1;2 | 12 | Herb garden | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| TEUCRIUM (Poor Man's Box) Chamaedrys (Shiny leaves) | Deep heliotrope | $1-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Aug. | 0 | 2 | 8 | Hedge; rockery | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| THALICTRUM (Meadow-Rue) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aquilegifolium | Rosy purple | $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-July | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ | 2HM | 12 | Border; cutting | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Glaucum (Blue-gray leaves) | Chinese yellow | 3-4 ft. | July | $\bigcirc$ © | 2; 4HS | 12 | Specimen;woods | . 65 | 1.80 | 6.50 |
| THERMOPSIS (Carolina Lupine) Caroliniana | Yellow | 2 ft . | June-July | O- | 2; 4 | 12 | Border; woods | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |




Trollius, Europæus
Yucca filamentosa

$\stackrel{\text { Tiarella }}{\text { 保 }}$
Thymus Serpyllum


Statice latifolia
Veronica longifolia subsessilis

cordifolia

| In column Sun Needed O means full sun, © half shade-hall sun, full shade | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Needed } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Type soil <br> Preferred | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inches } \\ & \text { Apart } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Uses | Each | 3 for | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| THYMUS (Thyme) |  | 4 in. |  | $\bigcirc$ | 2SD;3D | 6 | Carpet; rockery | \$0.55 | \$1.50 | \$5.50 |
| Lanuginosus (Woolly-leaved) | Streaked silver | 3 in . | June-Aug. | 0 | 2SD;3D | 8 | In flag stones | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Serpyllum aureus (Golden T.) | Golden leaves | 3 in . | June-Aug. | 0 | 2SD;3D | 8 | Walls; steps | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Serpyllum citriodorus (LemonT.) | Lemon fragrance | 3 in . | June-Aug. | O | 2SD;3D | 8 | Edges; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Serpyllum coccineum | Purple-red | 3 in . | Junt-Aug. | $\bigcirc$ | 2SD;3D | 8 | Carpet; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Serpyllum, White | White carpet | 3 in . | Junt-Aug. | O | 2SD;3D | 8 | Edges; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Vulgaris (Common Thyme) | Lilac-purple | 8 in . | May-June | $\bigcirc$ | 2SD; ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | 8 | Edges; herb | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| TIARELLA <br> Cordifolia (Foam-Flower) | Cream-white | 1 ft . | May | (o) | 2HW | 12 | Woods; masses | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| TRILLIUM (Wake Robin) |  | 12 in. |  |  | 3AHMW | 12 | Rockery; woods | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Grandiflorum | White to pink | 12-15 in. | April-May | - | 3AHMW | 12 | Rockery; woods | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| TRITOMA (Red-Hot Poker) Pfitzer's Hybrids | Red, orang | 3 ft . | Aug.-Oct. | 0 | 2SD | 12 | Border; cutting | . 50 | 1.35 | 4.75 |
| TROLLIUS (Globe-Flower) <br> Europaeus, Yellow |  |  |  |  | HM | 10 | Pool margins | .60) | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Europaeus, Yellow | Orange-yellow | t. | May-Aug. | 0 O | 5SHMW | 10 | Damp woods | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| TUNICA (Coat-Flower) Saxifraga, Double Rose | Deep rose-pink | 6 in. | June-Nov. | 0 | 2SGD | 8 | Rockery; edges | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { VALERIANA } \\ & \text { Alba } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | KD | 12 | Borders; walls | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50) |
| Coccinea | Rose | 2 ft . | Junc-Oct. | 0 | 2KD | 12 | Borders; walls | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| VERONICA (Speedwell) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amethystina, Royal Blue Icicle | Dk. gentian blue Pure white | 10-15 in. | June-Jul | O | 4 | 12 | Border; rockery Cutting; border | . 810 | 1.65 2.10 | 6.00 7.80 |
| Incana (candida) | Porcelain-blue | 12 in. | June-Aug. | 0 | 2; 4 | 10 | Rockery; edges | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Incana rosea | Pink | 12 in . | June-Aug. | 0 | 2; 4 | 10 | Border: masses | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Longifolia subsessilis | Purple-blue | 2 ft . | July-Sept. | O © | 4 | 18 | Border; cutting | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| Rupestris | Bright blue | $3-4 \mathrm{in}$. | June | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ | 2 S | 8 | Carpet; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| Spicata, Blue Spires | Deep blue | 2 ft . | June-July | 0 | 4 | 10 | Border; cutting | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |
| VINCA (Myrtle; Periwinkle) <br> Minor, Bowles $\$ 20$ per 100 | Bright blue | 6 in . | May-June | © | 2; 4 | 10 | Carpet; graves | Soil $25$ | $\$ 5$ | 3.00 |
| VIOLET Royal Robe | Single, violet | 6 in. | Apr.-May | © | 3HW | 8 | Woods; rockery | . 55 | 1.50 | 5.50 |
| VITEX (Chaste Tree) Macrophylla. Ht. 18-24 in. | Lavender-blue | 5 ft . | July-Oct. | 0 | Any | 48 | Border specimen | 1.50 | 4.20 | 15.50 |
| YUCCA (Adams's Needle) <br> Filamentosa | Creamy white | 5 ft . | July-Aug. | 0 | 1;2;4D | 36 | Border accent | . 60 | 1.65 | 6.00 |

## WE PLAN YOUR PERENNIAL BORDERS

To plan a perennial flower border is perplexing because of the variables involved; viz., blooming season, foliage, height, spacing, and color. We plan perennial borders for fifteen cents per square foot of border, in addition to the plant cost. Bring in a rough sketch showing dimensions, grade, background, sun-shade exposure, color and season preference. We will do the rest.

We cannot plan rock gardens but can select suitable plants to give color and foliage contrast over the season if you will tell us how many plant soil pockets you wish to fill.


## FORBES GLADIOLUS BULBS

For charm and color, few other flowers compare with GladioIus. They can be grown with very little effort as they thrive in ordinary garden soil. The tall green stems, fairly bursting with brilliant color, provide a luxuriance of rainbow beauty. For cutflowers, Gladiolus are unexcelled. Mass them together in solid beds, plant them in borders, and among shrubbery. With successive planting from April through June, they will bloom from July until frost. Plant bulbs 4 inches deep and 4 inches apart, cultivate often and water freely. They revel in full sunshine. Thrips easily controlled with Lindane-Aramite or D.D.T. Soak bulbs before planting in a gallon of water containing 4 teaspoonfuls of Lindane-Aramite. Dust plants every 10 days with 10\% D.D.T. dust.

## THE CREAM OF THE CROP

Aureole. Large, well-placed florets of soft pale yellow with broad ruffed petals of heavy substance. The stems are tall and slender. Black Opal. Superb, taII, show-size flower spikes of dark maroon-re with a black velvety sheen. It contrasts wonderfully with white.
Elizabeth the Queen. Beautiful, clear mauve, ruffled flowers with darker lines in the throat. The large spikes have excellent form,
Evangeline. Long spikes of large ruffled, light rose-pink florets with soft cream throats, often 8 to 10 open at one time.
Florence Nightingale. This top award winner has very large, pure white, slightly rufled florets perfectly placed on tall stems.
Friendship. One of the earliest to bloom wish 6 to 7 nicely ruffled medium pink florets open at one time on strong tall stems.
Gene. Intensely rufled medium yellow with excellent placement of the large florets, 6 to 8 open at one time.
General Eisenhower. Huge, deep begonia-rose florets well placed on General Eisenhower. Huge, deep begonia-rose forets well

Any of the above 16 varieties

Orange Gold. A splendid clear orange self color with 5 to 6 large florets on an 18 -bud spike held erect by strong tall stems.
Pactolus. A spectacularly beautiful color effect-florets of apricotPactolus. A spectacurd blotches on the lower petals.
Ravel. The large, heavy-textured, violet-blue florets have reddish Rrown throat markings and are well placed on strong, tall stems.
Red Charm. An outstanding new variety with huge florets of glowing medium red, well placed in attractive spikes on tall straight stems. med Cherry. Striking florets of bright scarlet-red with a darker throat and you'll have 6 to 7 open at one time.
Spic and Span. The extra strong stems bear ruffled deep pink florets, often 5 or 6 open at one time.
Spotlight. Striking, slightly waved, large florets of deep golden yellow with a frery red throat blotch, well spaced on tall stems.
Vulcan. Beautiful rich purple florets of large size make this a very popular variety of this dark color.

## TRY THESE BLUE-RIBBON WINNERS

Here's your opportunity to try these new grand champions. Andrena. A beautiful blend of pastel rose with a pale yellow throat. The $41 / 2$ inch florets open well in water.
Benjamin Britten. This is a very unusual and attractive variety with pretty lavender florets striped with white.
Bonfire. A really vivid color-flaming fiery scarlet. It has 5 to 6 big florets open at one time on strong stems.
Patrol. An unusually nice clear apricot with a yellow throat. You'Il Patrol. An unusually nice clear apricot with a yellow
find 10 or more big florets open on tall strong stems.
Red Wing. Rich vibrant red florets, 6 to 8 open at one time on a 20 bud spike. These are well placed on strong stems.
Any of the above 5 varieties, $\$ 1.45$ per doz.; $\$ 10.50$ per 100
Crystal Orchid. Huge ruffled, pointed petals of creamy white with a lavender feather. Wins many top awards at shows. A
marvelous 1952 introduction. $\$ 1.95$ per doz.; $\$ 14.95$ per 100 .

## Forbes Rainbow Gladiolus Mixture

 Made with bulbs of ten different shades of colorPlan now for a rainbow display of Gladiolus in this year's garden. These wonderful summer flowers, with their wide color range, will brighten your borders from July until frost. Easily grown and thrive in any garden soil. Forbes famous Rainbow Gladiolus Mixture is especially prepared from largest-sized bulbs of ten distinct named varieties of ten different shades of color. This is far superior to ordinary commercial bulb mixtures of unknown color balance. Each 50 bulbs consists of 5 bulbs of each shade.
80 cts . for $10 ; \$ 3.70$ for $50 ; \$ 6.95$ per $100 ; \$ 16.50$ for 250 Full cultural directions enclosed in every package

## TRY THESE DELIGHTFUL MINIATURE GLADS

A brand new garden thrill awaits you if you have never grown these charming Miniature Gladiolus. They have slender, dwarfer plants with much smaller and far more dainty flower-spikes. These light airy spikes of great beauty and charm have unlimited uses as cut-flowers for corsages, centerpieces, small vases and general decoration. The bulbs are much smaller than the regular Glad bulbs and should be planted about three inches deep in a sunny place in good garden soil. Try some-you'll be delighted.

Fairy. Delicate Iavender florets, always 5 or 6 open at a time on Fairy. Delicate lavender florets, always 5 or 6 open
Flicker Medium orane vellow-throated florets with bright scarlet Flicker. Medrum orange, yellow-throated torets $\begin{aligned} & \text { blotches, } 5 \text { to } 6 \text { open at once on } 15 \text {-bud sturdy spikes. }\end{aligned}$
Hocus Pocus. A very early and quite spectacular, small, deep golden yellow variety with a pronounced mahogany-red blotch
Kewpe. An forets li ht red win Kewpie. An outstanding favorite with tiny florets of light
cream picotee edge. Opens 3 to 4 florets on straight spikes.

Loveliness. Charming, small shrimp pink florets, suffused with white, and with cream white throats. Very dainty and extremely attractive. Snow Baby. This is a little beauty with wonderfully formed, pure white florets nicely placed on small wiry stems.

Any of above 6 Miniatures, $\$ 1.35$ per doz.; $\$ 8.45$ per 100
For Thrip control, use D.D.T. dust or Lindane-Aramite


## FORBES SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS

During recent years there has been a tremendous increase in the interest shown by flower fanciers in those summer and fall flowers produced from spring and early summer-planted bulbs or roots. And yet when the ease of culture, adaptability to soil conditions, certainty of success and the beautiful color effects possible are considered, it is surprising that this interest has been so tardy. The remarkable advance in the development of this class of flowers has no doubt increased their popularity, and the range of color and form seems unlimited.

## Acidanthera

This Abyssinian Sword Lily is like the Gladiolus in foliage and habit. Plant the bulbs 4 inches deep in well-drained loam in May or June for August-September bloom. They must be ifted and stored dry over winter for planting the next year. Murielae. The showy 6-petaled flowers, 3 inches across, are cream-white with distinct, star-shaped throat blotches of maroon-purple. They are delightfully fragrant and as cut flowers will make their presence pleasantly known.
Ht .3 ft . $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .

## Amaryllis

These gorgeous blooms are very easily grown for indoor display. Pot the bulbs singly in 6 -inch pots in good garden loam enriched with bone-meal. Water slightly and keep in well rooted, then expose to full sun and water regularly. It is essential for good bloom that the roots become crowded in the pot. For garden bloom plunge the pots in June in the border in a warm, sunny spot. Take indoors before frost and store dry for three months. Then force again through winter.
Giant-flowered Hybrids. These bulbs produce trumpet-
like, perfect blooms in pairs on strong stems. The colors range from beautiful markings of rose, red, and crimson on white grounds to scarlet, crimson, bright red, cherry, and maroon self colors. Extra large bulbs, 90c ea.; $\$ 8.95$ per doz.

## Anemone

These come in exceedingly brilliant colors from June on and are fine for borders and cutting. Plant as early as possible in spring, 6 inches deep, in a cool, moist, but well-drained soil. Mulch in winter. May be grown indoors in pots
St. Brigid, Mixed. Single and semi-double, cup-shaped flowers, often over 3 inches across, in bright scarlet, purple maroon, lilac, etc. Ht .1 ft .85 c per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100

## Begonias, Tuberous-rooted

Easily grown, these beautiful flowers excel in shady borders from July to frost and are fine for indoor forcing. In May, after soil is warm, plant bulbs with rounded part down, 10 inches apart, covered 1 inch in a soil mixture (of equal manure and a half part of sand which is 8 inches deep to give good drainage. Water moderately until growth starts, then thoroughly once a week. Do not cultivate but mulch with peat or rotted manure in hot weather. Too much water causes flowers to drop
For earlier flowers plunge bulbs in April, in flats 3 inches deep, of sanded peat moss and just cover with sand. Moisten slightly until growth starts, then water well in 60 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. temperature. When leaves form, shift to garden when soil is warm. Cheaper small bulbs give poor results. Double, Camellia-flowered. These fine flowers of waxy texture closely resemble a camellia. Rose, Salmon, Scarlet, White and Yellow. Extra large bulbs, 2 in. and up, 3 for $95 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100 .

$$
\text { We also offer pot-grown Begonia plants. See page } 9
$$

## Fancy-Leaved Caladiums

Gorgeous foliage plants for outdoor bedding in shady or semi-shady positions. Start bulbs in pots, planting one bulb to a 6 -inch pot. Use a well-drained sandy loam, water sparChoice of 5 varieties. Jumbo bulbs 50 ce . $\$ 5$ per doz

## Callas

Unlike the winter-flowering white Calla, these are wonderful garden subjects of easy culture. In April or May plant groups of bulbs, in sun or part shade, in moist sorl. They will bloom in August-September. Lift the bulbs before hard frost and store. May be potted in the fall for indoor bloom. Pink (Rehmanni). An unusual plant with small, rose-pink flowers of great beauty. Effective for margins, it grows 12 inches high. Bulbs, $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., 55 c each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz. Yellow (Elliottiana). Lustrous, golden yellow large flowers on sturdy 2 -foot plants. The foliage is dark green spotted with cream-white. Bulbs, $3-31 / 2$ in., 75 c each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

## Canna Roots For Plants, see page 9

Cannas are the most economical and effective plants employed in our gardens. They bloom from early summer until frost in all sections of the country, succeeding in any sunny treatment. For best results the beds should be spaded deeply and a generous amount of well-decayed manure of any kind thoroughly incorporated, and at all times freely watered. Plant the dormant roots after May 15, spacing them 18 inches apart. Set them with the "eye" just above the ground. N'ost effective when planted in masses of one variety.
City of Portland. Very large, rose-pink flowers above attractive green foliage. Ht .4 ft .
Eureka. Large white flowers contrasting nicely with the clean green foliage. Ht .4 ft .
King Humbert: Orange-scarlet flowers, 6 inches across, flecked with bright red. Coppery bronze foliage. Ht. 4 ft . The President. Immense, glowing bright red flowers, 7 inches across when open. Rich green foliage. Ht. 4 ft .
Yellow King Humbert. Large bright yellow flowers flecked with red; contrasting green foliage. Ht. 4 ft . Largest dormant roots of any of above, 3 for 70c; $\$ 2.25$ per doz. ; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Gloxinias

The gorgeous velvety tubular flowers are long Iasting and contrast with the soft, gray-green, oval leaves. Easily grown, they are fine for porch boxes or pots in a warm, bright but not sunny place, and for the garden in semi-shade. Start bulbs in shade indoors at $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, barely covered, in flats of morst peat peaty $y$. $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. in indirect sun. Set out after ground is warm; in a partly shaded border. Violet edged white; Scarlet edged white; Violet; Scarlet; All colors spotted. Large bulbs, 2 in . and up, 45 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.25 ; \$ 4.50$ per doz

We offer pot-grown Caladium plants. See page 9

## FORBES SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS

From the viewpoint of cut-flowers alone, every gardener is justifred in growing a variety of these flowers. They may also be used to great advantage for group plantings in the perennial border. Enjoy some this year.

## Large-flowered Dahlias

The broad petals are spaced regularly in the Formal Decoratives (F.D.) or irregularly in the Informal Decoratives (I.D.). In the Semi-Cactus (S.C.) petals are partly rolled. Gallant Fox. (F.D.) Very large deep flowers of briliant red carried on stiff-stemmed, vigorous plants.
Jersey's Beauty. (F.D.) Large flowers of great depth on wiry stems. A lovely pink with light chamois shading. Mrs. I. de Ver Warner. (F.D.) A beautiful shade of mauvepink. Large, well-formed blooms on strong stems.
Mrs. James Albin. (F.D.) Attractive clear Iemon-yellow with frne formal blooms carried on straight stiff stems. Red Jersey. (F.D. A briliant deep red version of the famous Jersey s Beauty, having all of its frne points. ose Glory. (F.D.) Very attractive, big White King. (F.D.) A lovely snow-white
size produced in abundance on strong plants
Above 7 Decoratives, 50c ea.; 3 for $\$ 1.35$; $\$ 5$ doz.
Berger's Masterpiece. (C.) Narrow incurved petals of soft lavender-pink with a yellow base.
Michigan White. (S.C.) A beautiful pure white of large size and exceptionally (Cne for cutting.
Oakleigh Champion. (C.) A very graceful flower attracScarlet Leader. (C.) The bright soft pink and yellow
formed vivid scarlet flowers which do not fade perfectly Yellow Star. (C.) The narrow incurved petals are of an intense yellow color. A real beauty.

Above 5 Cactus, 80 c ea.; 3 for $\$ 2.25 ; \$ 8.50$ doz.
Kelvin. (I.D.) Huge flowers of Tyrian pink suffused with gold. The heavy stemmed plants have large foliage.
Kirsten Flagstad. (I.D.) Blooms early and continuously with huge chrome-yellow flowers slightly suffused rose. on tall strong plants. A consistent winner at the shows,
Above 3 Decoratives, $\$ 1.25$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 3.35 ; \$ 12.50 \mathrm{doz}$.

## Miniatures

These, unexcelled for the border, produce dwarf, 3-foot lants, free-blooming and long-keeping cut-flowers. Plant feet apart. They require no disbudding or staking
Corinna. (Min. F.D.) These give a very bright sunny effect with their cheerful deep yellow flowers.
Fairy. (Min. F.D.) Charming double flowers of glowing clear pink in profusion on bushy plants.
Ike. (Min. F.D.) A profusion of delightful deep red flowers White Fawn. (Min. F.D Sting.
hite Fawn. (Mm. F.D.) Splendid pure white, double
lowers with fine stems for cutting.

## Pompons

These delightful small, ball-shaped cut-flowers through ate summer and fall, require very little care. They grow $1 / 2$ feet high and the more you er the more they bloom. Cardinal. Medium-sized, perfectly ball-shaped flowers of deep red color on strong vigorous plants.
Mary Munns. Countless hard pompon flowers, $11 / 2$ inches Rosa Wilmoth. Exceptionally fine, with smaII uniform blooms of deep rose-pink on healthy, vigorous plants. Yellow Gem. Fine deep yellow blooms, $11 / 2$ inches acro
of perfect form, on nice long stems,
Any of the above 4, 50 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.35$; $\$ 5$ doz.

DAHLIA CULTURE. Dahlias like a good soil but not too rich, in sun. Dig a hole 16 inches deep, frrmly backfill 10 inches with half sand, half loam, well mixed for good drainage. Set stake, lay tuber flat and cover with 3 inches of soil. As growth appears, gradually fill hole to surface and then mound up. When a foot high, tie to stake and stir 2 or 3 ounces of fertilizer into surface. Shallow cultivate and mulch during hot months. Disbud side shoots. in hot water. After cooling shift to cold water overnight.

## Ismene

These Peruvian Daffodils are delightful for garden display They bloom in Iate July if the bulbs are planted in late May or early June after the ground is warm. Lift them before frost comes and store dry over the winter at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. for replanting the next year.
Calathina. Long-lasting umbels of three or four, pearlwhite, Iily-like flowers on long-leaved plants 2 feet high. Large bulbs, 50 c each; $\$ 4.95$ per doz
Sulphur Queen. A very beautiful yellow Ismene with huge pale sulphur-yellow blooms which last wonderfully in water when cut. Not available until 1956.

## Hardy Lilies

These, with their beauty and fragrance, appear best in groups against a background of shrubbery in well-drained soil
Auratum. Huge ivory flowers spotted dark red, with a central yellow band on petals, in August. Ht. 4 ft . Plant 8 in . deep, in acid soil, in sun or part shade. $10-11 \mathrm{in}$. Estate. Hardy, pure white trump
Estate. Hardy, pure white trumpets in Aug. Ht. 4-5 ft. Regale. White funnel blooms, shaded pink and streaked brown, inside flushed yellow in July. Ht. 5 ft . Plant 8 in . deep in sun. $9-10 \mathrm{in}$. bulbs. 60 c each; $\$ 6$ per doz.
Speciosum rubrum. Graceful, ruby-carmine, white edged flowers with reflexed red-spotted petals, in August and September. Ht. 4 ft . Plant 6 in . deep in sun. 9-10 in. bulbs. 65 c each; $\$ 6.50$ per doz.
Tenuifolium (Coral Lily). Thread-like leaves and clusters of recurved, coral-red bell flowers in June. Ht. 2 ft . Plant 6 in. deep in partial shade. 25 c each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Ranunculus

Fine 15 -inch border plants for cutting. In May plant the bulbs with claws downward, 3 inches deep and 6 inches apart. Giant Claremont Hybrids. Double and semi-double, peony-like flowers, 2 inches across in every shade of ye
Iow, orange, pink and red. 85 c per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100 .

## Tigridias

In May, plant in a sunny, well-drained border, 4 inches deep and 6 apart. Water well. Bloom July to Sept. Ht. 3 ft . Pavonia Mixed. Large brilliant 3-petaled, open flowers with contrasting cup. $\$ 1.45$ per doz.; $\$ 9.95$ per 100 .

## Tuberoses

Select a sunny, well-drained, rich soil and in May, plant 2 inches deep. The flowers, in Aug.-Sept., are very fragrant. Excelsior, Double Pearl. Spikes of waxy, white. Ht. 2 ft . Jumbo bulbs, 25c each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .



READ THIS - Each year many Rose buyers, when they come in to make their selection in May, find that we are sold out of some of their favorites. To avoid disappointment, send us your order with a $50 \%$ remittance NOW. We'll reserve your Roses, all 2-year-old, No. 1 grade, field-grown specially for us by the leading quality Rose grower of the northwest. Each, grown on outdoors from an early start, will be thoroughly rooted in a $7 \times 9$-inch pot, fully alive, in leaf and ready to give full bloom from June on. All are the finest quality and best varieties, growing vigorously when you get them.

The American Rose Society gives every Rose a rating. We show this rating after each: $9 \mathrm{up}=$ the finest, $8 \mathrm{up}=$ excellent, $7 \mathrm{up}=$ very good, $6 \mathrm{up}=$ only fair

FORBES HYBRID TEA ROSES IN POTS
All are strongly rooted, 2-year-old, No. 1 grade, field-grown plants established in $7 \times 9$-inch pots.

- Buccaneer.
$\$ 2.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.55 ; \$ 33 \mathrm{doz}$.
The buds are very long, opening into cupped, mildly fragrant flowers of clear shining, fadeless butter-cup yellow. The strong plants grow quite tall, are free-branching with long stems topped with glorious blooms. 38 petals. 8.4
${ }^{-}$Charles Mallerin. $\quad \$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80 \mathrm{doz}$. Both the attractive buds and the large, high-centered, full flowers of midnight crimson are very, very dark red with a velvety blackish sheen, and the color does not turn blue. They have a marvelous fragrance. The husky plants are tall but not too symmetrical and have healthy, dark green, leathery foliage. They bear the flowers freely on long stems. 30 to 40 petals. New.
${ }^{\bullet}$ Charlotte Armstrong. $\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50 ; \$ 28.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1941. The long, pointed, blood-red bud opens into a large, high-centered, full flower, cerise in hot weather and spectrum-red in cool weather, and 3 to 4 inches across. The plants are vigorous and very free flowering. The foliage is large, leathery, semi-glossy, deep green and highly resistant to mildew. 30 petals. $\mathbf{9 . 0}$
- Christopher Stone.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. A large, semi-double, vivid scarlet flower overlaid with velvety crimson, of delightful Damask fragrance. In fall the crimson deepens with black shadings. The plants are of vigorous, upright growth with bright green foliage, free flowering and apparently not affected by heat, as they bloom almost continuously. 35 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 8}$
${ }^{\bullet}$ Chrysler $\$ 2.85$ ea. 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80 \mathrm{doz}$. All-America Rose Selection, 1953. The crimson color deepens in the shadows and seems brighter in full light. The large blooms are $41 / 2$ to 5 inches in diameter, with broad petals arranged in high-centered form. Buds are usually velvety and gracefully tapered. Flowers are carried single on strong stems of moderate length. The plant is compact in growth. $40-50$ petals. 8.7
${ }^{\bullet}$ Condesa de Sastago. $\quad \$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The golden yellow buds are beautifully striped with brilliant orange-red and develop into cupped, open, coppercolored flowers of spicy scent. The inside of the petals is oriental red, the outside golden yellow, giving an unusual bicolor effect. The free-flowering, vigorous plants have large, glossy dark green foliage. 50 petals. 7.9
${ }^{\bullet}$ Crimson Glory,
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz.
The large, long-pointed buds open to beautifully formed, semi-double, cupped flowers of an intense deep vivid crimson shaded oxblood-red and mellowed by a soft velvety nap. The wonderfully fragrant blooms are recurrently borne on very vigorous, compact bushes with healthy, profuse, leathery foliage. 30 petals. 9.5
-Eclipse, $\quad \$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. With streamlined, tapering buds, often 2 inches long, the semi-double, golden yellow flowers are very freely produced. The plants are vigorous and upright in growth with long, erect stems fine for cutting. They bloom consistently through the season. 25 petals. 8.5
- Etaile de Hollande.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz. Still one of the best reds. The large-petaled, huge, double, cupped flowers are bright red, do not fade and have an exquisite old-Rose fragrance. They are particularly superb when in the half-open stage. The $21 / 2$-foot, open, branching plants have upright stems, large, soft green foliage and bear intermittently all season, 45 petals. 8.9
- First Love.
$\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50$; $\$ 28.80 \mathrm{doz}$. Dozens of unusually long tapering, graceful buds in a delightful pale dawn-pink. The pale pink flowers, with their mild pleasing tea fragrance and gracefully pointed petals, open very slowly. The vigorous, fairly upright, free blooming plants, carry each flower singly on a long slender stem. The abundant, light green, leathery foliage is disease-resistant. 25 petals. 7.8
${ }^{\bullet}$ Good News.
Not available
The deep coppery pink buds slowly open to very large, double, globular strong-stemmed flowers of silvery shellpink with glowing apricot centers and rich tea fragrance. The vigorous bushy plants are healthy and almost continuously in bloom. This is an exceptionally fine dooryard rose. 60 petals. 8.0
${ }^{-}$Grande Duchesse Charlotte.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75$ All-America Rose Selection, 1943. This delightful aristocrat provides a color previously unknown in Roses. The beautiful long, streamlined buds are a glowing moroccored and open to firmly petaled blooms of dusky coral-red which do not fade, and gradually merge to a soft coralpink. The petals recurve and form a very artistic flower with a carnation fragrance. 25 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 3}$
- Indicates the most fragrant varieties


## Here's Rose News for 1955

Our new Rose Dust is formulated from remarkable new materials for the control of all important rose troubles. It contains $7 \%$ Captan, a new definite control for black spot; $34 \%$ Karathane, the new positive control for powdery mildew; $4 \%$ Malathion for aphids, thrips, spider mites, white flies, mealy bugs, tarnish plant bugs, lace bugs; and $5 \%$ D.D.T. for rose chafers and other beetles and caterpillars. Really every rose grower's dream, this new potent, combined insecticide and fungicide controls all rose insects and diseases. Try this all-purpose, easy-to-apply, real-control, new dust this year.

Will not discolor foliage. Contains no sulphur.

$$
8 \text { oz. Duster } \$ 1 ; 2 \text { lbs. } \$ 1.95
$$

## Three Rose Helps

Rose Dust. New all-purpose, easy-to-apply dust with $7 \%$ Captan for black spot; $3 / 4 \%$ Karathane for powdery mildew; $4 \%$ Malathion for difficult insects; 5\% D.D.T. for beetles, caterpillars. 8 oz. duster $\$ 1 ; 2$ lbs. $\$ 1.95$.
Tri-ogen. The well known liquid rose spray for black spot, mildew, blight and both types of insects. Kit A, (for $12-20$ roses for the season) $\$ 2.35$; Kit B (for $50-80$ roses) $\$ 6$; Kit C (for 100-160 roses) $\$ 9$.
Rose Food. Use this organic, 5-10-5 fertilizer for stronger growth, better color and more, perfect flowers. Feed in March, in late June and in early September. 5 Ibs. \$1; 25 lbs. \$3; 50 lbs. \$5.

## Here's Rose News for 1955

Our new Rose Dust is formulated from remarkable new materials for the control of all important rose troubles. It contains $7 \%$ Captan, a new definite control for black spot; $3 / 4 \%$ Karathane, the new positive control for powdery mildew; $4 \%$ Malathion for aphids, thrips, spider mites, white flies, mealy bugs, tarnish plant bugs, lace bugs; and $5 \%$ D.D.T. for rose chafers and other beetles and caterpillars. Really every rose grower's dream, this new potent, combined insecticide and fungicide controls all rose insects and diseases. Try this all-purpose, easy-to-apply, real-control, new dust this year.

## Will not discolor foliage. Contains no sulphur.

## 8 oz. Duster \$1; 2 lbs. \$1.95

## Three Rose Helps

Rose Dust. New all-purpose, easy-to-apply dust with $7 \%$ Captan for black spot; $34 \%$ Karathane for powdery mildew; $4 \%$ Malathion for difficult insects; 5\% D.D.T. for beetles, caterpillars. 8 oz. duster $\$ 1 ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.95$.
Tri-ogen. The well known liquid rose spray for black spot, mildew, blight and both types of insects. Kit A, (for 12-20 roses for the season) \$2.35; Kit B (for $50-80$ roses) $\$ 6$; Kit C (for 100-160 roses) $\$ 9$.

Rose Food. Use this organic, 5-10-5 fertilizer for stronger growth, better color and more, perfect flowers. Feed in March, in late June and in early September. 5 lbs. \$1; 25 lbs . $\$ 3$; 50 lbs . $\$ 5$.

## FORBES HYBRID TEA ROSES IN POTS

All are strongly rooted, 2 -year-old, No. 1 grade, field-grown plants established in 7 by 9 -inch pots
Four reasons for choosing Pot Grown Roses versus dormant bushes. (1) All plants are No. 1 grade, the best. (2) Forbes Pot Grown Roses have been growing in soil since February, equal to dormant Roses planted the previous fall. (3) When set in your garden, our Pot Grown Roses continue growth without loss of time or setback. (4) Before buying you see that our Pot Grown Roses are radiantly alive and growing.

Helen Traubel.
$\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80 \mathrm{doz}$. All-America Rose Selection, 1952. The sparkling color varies with the weather, sometimes a light lively pink, more often a luminous apricot blending into orange. The unusually large buds are long and tapered and come singly on long stems ideal for cutting. The sturdy, vigorous plants are very large and bear flowers of pleasing fragrance through the season under virtually all conditions
25 petals. 8.6

Lowell Thomas.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75$; $\$ 25.80$ doz All-America Rose Selection, 1944. The vibrant chromeyellow, slightly tea fragrant double blooms open from beautiful long, pointed buds. They all have high-cupped glowing flowers often over 4 inches across when fully open It is of compact, bushy, upright growth with leathery foliage and strong stems. 35 petals. 7.3

McGredy's Ivory.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. Very large, high-centered double flowers of soft, delicate are delightfully fragrant. The buds are long and pointed, and very freely produced on vigorous plants with large, glossy, dark green leathery foliage which is quite disease resistant. 32 petals. 7.8
-McGredy's Scarlet.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The large high-centered, vivid rose flowers, with a slight Tea fragrance, become scarlet in the fall. They are abundant on tall, vigorous plants with large, glossy green, leathery foliage. 35 petals. 7.9

Mirandy.
$\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50 ; \$ 28.80 \mathrm{doz}$. All-America Rose Selection, Gold Medal, 1945. The large, long-pointed, ovoid buds are glowing rich dark red with black shadings and open to large, full blooms of a gorgeous chrysanthemum-red and a delightfully penetrating Damask fragrance. The plants are strong, free branching with stout stems and dark green foliage. 50 petals. 7.5

Mme. Henri Guillot. $\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. Very large, slightly fragrant, urn-shaped blooms of deep watermelon- and raspberry-pink tones heavily veiled with reddish orange, giving an impression of flaming scarlet. The buds are long and slender and the strong plants have extra large, waxy foliage 30 petals. 8.9

Mojave.
$\$ 2.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.55$; $\$ 33 \mathrm{doz}$. AlI-America Rose Selection, 1954. Long slender buds open to pleasantly fragrant, large radiant orange-apricot flowers highlighted with tints of red, scarlet and vermition. These plants produce a succession of flowers. 25 petals. 7.9

- Mrs. Sam McGredy.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21$ doz. The pointed buds, with long bronze stems, are borne singly on vigorous plants with glossy, red-bronze fotiage. fragrance, combine copper, scarlet and orange and are flushed with Lincoln red. 40 petals. 8.3
- New Yorker.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80 \mathrm{doz}$. The vigorous, $21 / 2$-foot bushy plants, with very dark, glossy, disease-resistant foliage, carry an abundance of shapely buds. These open to large, high-centered, double fowers, of unfading scarlet with rose-red undertones fragrance. 35 petals. 7.9
Nigger Boy. $\quad \$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$ The long pointed buds form strongly fragrant, double, globular flowers of very dark, velvety blackish maroon of bronzy green. 56 petals. 8.9
Nocturne. $\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1948. Extra-long, beautiful black-red buds. The fragrant, large, cupped flowers are cardinal-red The color lightens somewhat in hot weath The 3 to 4 -foot, upright plants are vigorous, with large dark green, semi-glossy, leathery foliage. 30 petals. 8.0 eace.
$\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1946. The Iarge, ovoid buds are deep yellow, soon showing a cerise-pink picotee edging As the flower slowly develops the color changes through canary-yellow, pale gold, cream, ivory and alabaster-white the huge, moss succesion. The hardy, vigorous plants have shining holly-like foliage. 45 petals. 9.4
- Picture. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The lovely deep pink buds open to very double, highcentered, mildly fragrant, clean rose-pink flowers with undertones of rich salmon. They have good substance and ast with dark ireen glossy foliage, 34 petals 8.4
Poinsettia.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. This is the most dazzling of all Roses. The buds, Iong and pointed, open to large, serni-double, beautifully formed, poinsettia-scarlet flowers. The brilliant, scented bloom are freely produced throughout the season on fairly tall, healthy, vigorous plants. 28 petals. 8.4
President Eisenhower. $\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80$ doz. A very excellent rose that is worthy of a very excellent name. The medium-high, upright plant is sturdy and the dark green, leathery foliage resists disease. The large buds open to large, bright clear rose-red blossoms which are pleasingly fragrant. 35 petals. $\mathbf{9 . 0}$
Grandiflora Queen Elizabeth. All-America Rose Selection, 1955 Vitor free-flowering plants with deep green, heavily textured foliage. The large, high-centered, orchid-pink blooms are borne singly and in clusters on long, nearly thornless stems. They last well when cut. 40 petals. New


## - Rubaiyat.

$\$ 2.20$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.30 ; \$ 24$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1947. The long crimson-pink buds slowly open to large double, high-centered, rich Freely produced flowers of superb old-Rose fragrance. plants, $31 / 2$ to 4 feet high, having clean dark, Ieathery, resistant foliage. 25 petals. 7.8

- Indicates the most fragrant varieties



## To Start You Growing Roses . . . GREENHORN COLLECTION OF HYBRID TEA ROSES

Crimson Glory. Deep crimson-red shaded oxblood-red. . . \$1.95 McGredy's Ivory. Beautiful creamy white fragrant Roses, $\mathbf{1 . 9 5}$ Picture. Clean rose-pink with salmon undertones. . . . . . . . 1.95 Sutter's Gold. Golden orange shaded yellow. . . . . . . . . . . 2.60 Talisman. Cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, yellow combination. . 1.95 Total Value.
We reserve the right to substitute any of same color
One each of above 5 for $\$ 8.95$
ІІ


Here's one of our Potted Roses. Slit down side of pot with a knife, discard pot and set the soil bal The plant will grow on without stopping.

## ROSES IN COLOR

You will see all of our Roses in natural color at our stores in Hanover as well as Millburn. It helps a lot in making your best selection. The plant will grow on


Hybrid Tea,
President Eisenhower



## DWARF ROSES IN POTS

Small-flowered Floribundas spaced 15 inches apart for low hedges, massed beds, along low fences, rock gardens. They bear clusters from June to fall.
Margo Koster. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz. Clusters of globular, salmon-orange flowers flushed wit pink, borne freely on hardy 12 -inch plants. 35 petals, 8.8
Mother's Day
Delightul clusters of small bright ; red flowers on dwarf Delightful clusters of small bright red flowers on dwarf 15 to 18 -inch compact plants. 30 petals. 8.0
${ }^{\bullet}$ Pinkie. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21$ doz.
Dainty Neyron Rose buds opening to 2 -inch flowers of spicy fragrance on bushy, 18 -inch plants with light green, glossy foliage. 25 petals.' 7.9

## FORBES HYBRID TEA ROSES IN POTS

## All are strongly rooted, 2 -year-old, No. 1 grade, field-grown plants established in 7 by 9 -inch pots

We offer the best of the recent introductions and those older favorites which, through sheer merit, are still amons the finest. Whether in beds by themselves or in border groups, they will flaunt their beauty from June until frost. In choosing Forbes Pot Grown Roses you are assured of live plants well established in soil and equal to a dormant Rose which had been planted the previous fall. Easily set in your garden without loss.
-Show Girl.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. This has the longest, most perfectly formed, deep pink buds of all Roses. In cool weather they are almost carmine double, delightfully fragrant flowers on long stems. pink, upright, bushy plants have leathery foliage. 25 petals. 8.2
-Sutter's Gold. $\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50 ; \$ 28.80 \mathrm{doz}$ All-America Rose Selection, 1950. The exquisite long pointed, orange-yellow buds, shaded vermilion, becom large double, high-centered, intensely fragrant flowers upright plants have dark leathery foliage. 30 petals. 8.3

Tiffany.
$\$ 3.25$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 9.45$; $\$ 36.60 \mathrm{doz}$ All-America Rose Selection, 1955. The plants are vigorous and upright with dark green, disease-resistant foliage The long pointed buds of deep pink show a golden yellow shading at the base. They open to double high-centered blooms of warm clear pink which have exceptional lasting qualities. Each flower is produced singly on a strong stem 32 petals. New

## FORBES FLORIBUNDA ROSES IN POTS

These are bush Roses producing clusters of blooms without interruption from early summer until late frosts. They are easy to grow and very hardy. Ideal in shrub borders for color after shrub bloom is over, for mass plant ings, among perennials, even for colorful hedges. Plant 18 inches apart; prune lightly to desired height.
Betty Prior. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz. Sturdy, plants with clusters of fragrant, single blooms, resembling a pink dogwood in shape and color. The in side of the petals is a delicate pink and the outside a dark carmine. Ht. 42 in. 5 petals. 8.8

## Carrousel.

$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80 \mathrm{doz}$.
These remarkably fine blooms are just like Hybrid Teas tut grow in clusters with good stems. They are of a glow ing deep red color and come in masses on upright, rather tall growing, disease-resistant, and glossy-foliaged plants. These bloom freely over a long season even in extreme heat Ht. 33 in. 32 petals. 9.2
-Fashion.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz All-America Rose Selection, 1950. The oriental-red buds open into lovely coral-pink flowers overlaid with gold clusters profusely throughout the season have a wild-Rose fragrance. The plants are bushy, with dark glossy green foliage. Ht. 30 in. 25 petals. 9.0
Frensham.
\$1.95 ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. Very vigorous, broad, bushy plants with dark leathery foliage and very abundantly bearing great clusters of large, semi-double, slightly fragrant, deep crimson flowers. Ht .30 in .20 petals. 8.9

- Garnette.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$ This popular Florists' rose does well in the garden specially in half sun. The small 2 -inch flowers in clusters are deep blackish red when cool, paler in the heat. At any time they last longer when cut than any other rose. The stocky 35 petals, 7.8
-Talisman.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The buds are exquisitely tormed and open to Iarge double flowers of a delightful blend of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet and golden yellow. The plants are vigorous with large rich green, leathery foliage. 30 petals. 8.3
-Tallyho.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80 \mathrm{doz}$. All-America Rose Selection, 1949. The outside varies from crimson to cardinal-red, the inside through rose shades, with a spicy fragrance. The green, leathery foliage mildew-resistant, on upright plants. 28 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 3}$
- The Doctor
$\$ 1.95$ ea. 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21$ doz The long-pointed buds of sparkling pink open to enormous llowers, often 5 inches across, of satiny silver-pink and intelight green foliage 25 petals 7.9
-White Swan.
$\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50 ; \$ 28.80 \mathrm{doz}$. The long pointed, white buds open to large, stark white blooms, often 4 inches across, of delightful fragrance borne freely on 3 to 4 -foot, vigorous plants with dark green, resistant foliage. 30 petals. 7.4
${ }^{\bullet}$ Goldilocks.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21$ doz Sunny, globular, double flowers of deep yellow produced continuously in fine clusters of delightful fragrance from June throughout the season. The vigorous, bushy plants have glossy, leathery foliage. Ht. 42 in. 45 petals. 7.9
Irene of Denmark. $\$ 2.20$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.30 ; \$ 24 \mathrm{doz}$ The large, cupped, double, white blooms, borne in fine clusters in abundance continuously, have a China Rose fragrance and the exquisite true "sweetheart" form, daintily perfect. The dark green-leaved, hardy plants are vigorous and bushy. $\mathbf{H t} .20 \mathrm{in}$. 30 to 40 petals. 7.0
- Jiminy Cricket,
$\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80$ doz All-America Rose Selection, 1955. The vigorous upright plants have bronze leaves which turn to a lush glossy green. The clusters of urn-shaped, tangerine buds open into $3 \frac{1}{2}$-inch coral-orange blooms which change to rich coral-pink and have a pleasing old-rose fragrance. The flowers hold unusually well on the plant and also when cut. Ht. 30 in . 36 petals. New
${ }^{\bullet}$ Lilibet.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1954. Named in honor of Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II, the dainty abundant clusters come in exquisite tones of pink, from light rose to soft dawn pink, with fragrant flowers from $21 / 2$ to 3 inches across. The exceptionally hardy plants have heavy foliage. Ht. 24 in . 28 petals. New
- Ma Perkins.
$\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80 \mathrm{doz}$ All-America Rose Selection, 1953. The buds, coral with shades of red, open to 3-inch sparkling coral-shell-pink dark glossy green foliage.


## FORBES FLORIBUNDA ROSES IN POTS

All are strongly rooted, 2 -year-old, No. 1 grade, field-grown plants established in 7 by 9 -inch pots

## To Start You Growing Roses GREEHHORN COLLECTION OF FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Fashion. Clusters of coral-pink overlaid gold. \$2.35 Goldilocks. Sunny double yellow flowers
1.95

Irene of Denmark. Double white clusters Rosenelfe. Clusters of La France pink 2.20
1.95 1.95 Royal Chinook. Masses of carmine-red. . . . . 1.95
Total Value

$$
\$ 10.40
$$

We reserve the right to substitute any of same color One each of above 5 for $\$ 8.95$
${ }^{-}$Pinocchio.

## .

\$ The pointed buds, salmon flushed with gold open in clusters to semi-double, fragrant flowers, $11 / 2$ inches across, of pink suffused salmon. The bushy plants, with leathery
foliage, bear continuously. Ht. 36 in. 30 petals, 7.6
Red Pinocchio $\$ 195$ ea. 3 for $\$ 5.55 . \$ 21$ doz
${ }^{-}$Red Pinocchio.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The deep carmine buds open to semi-double, velvety red fragrant, 3 -inch blooms, in large unfading clusters. The
plants bloom continuously. Ht. 24 in. 48 petals. 8.7 plants boom $\$ 1,95$, 3 for $\$ 5.55, \$ 21$ doz. Rosenelfe. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz. Dainty clusters of very large, double, high-centered la France-pink flowers opening from long-pointed buds on
strong stems. The glossy light green foliaged bushes are strong stems. The glossy light green foliaged bushes
vigorous and free-flowering. Ht. 20 in . 50 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 9}$
Royal Chinook $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. Masses of glowing carmine-red double flowers on this small
plant. It is a continuous bloomer. The glossy dark foliage plant. It is a continuous bloomer. The glossy dark foliage
Vogue. $\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1952 . The dark, oval buds
open slowly into $31 / 2$-inch brilliant cherry-coral flowers of spicy fragrance. The plants have dark green, diseaseresistant foliage. Ht. $30 \mathrm{in}, 32$ petals. 7.7

## FORBES CLIMBING ROSES IN POTS

These cover unsightly objects and screen undesirable views, serve as backgrounds for other flowers, and outline property lines. But best of all, they give a lift to your garden, adding variety with their height. Plant 6 feet apart and, after they finish blooming, prune out only the old wornout wood and trim back the side shoots.

Blaze, New. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21$ doz. Clusters of 2 to 3 -inch, semi-double scarlet flowers. The intermittently all season. 40 petals. 7.8
${ }^{\bullet}$ Climbing Crimson Glory. $\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25$. This has deep crimson blooms with intense fragrance. The 10 -foot plants bloom freely in June and give intermittent bloom thereafter. Perfectly hardy. 30 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 2}$
${ }^{\bullet}$ Climbing Goldilocks. $\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80$ doz. Large fragrant clusters of sunny, deep yellow buds all summer long. The vigorous, 10 -foot vines
${ }^{\bullet}$ Climbing Mrs. Sam McGredy. $\$ 2.20$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.30$. This fine 10 -foot, bronze-foliaged climber, throughout the season bears double, very fragrant hybrid tea flowers of copper, scarlet and orange tones. 40 petals. 8.9

Climbing Peace. $\quad \$ 2.85$ ea. ; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80 \mathrm{doz}$. The foliage and strong stems of these 11 -foot climbers are like foliage and strong stems of these 11 -foot clmbers are huge hybrid tea flowers but many more of them throughout the season. 45 petals. $\mathbf{7 . 2}$

Climbing Picture. $\$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. A 12 -foot climber with double hybrid tea flowers of clear pink, with salmon under-tones, through the season. The foliage is pest- and disease-resistant. 45 petals. 8.4
${ }^{\bullet}$ Climbing White Dawn. $\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55 ; \$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. Clusters of double, pure white blooms of moderate fragrance. Glossy-green, disease-resistant foliage on vigorous, grance. Glossy-green, disease-resistant plants in continuous bloom. 35 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 5}$

Doubloons. $\$ 2.20$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.30 ; \$ 24$ doz.
Clusters of deep saffron-yellow Clusters of deep saffron-yellow buds opening to double, cupped, fragrant, golden yellow extra-large flowers pro-
duced intermittently on 10 -foot plants. 25 petals. 7.1

- Dream Girl.
$\$ 2.60$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 7.50 ; \$ 28.80 \mathrm{doz}$. The large double flowers are of unfading coral-pink and have a spicy fragrance. They come in June and intermittently throughout the season. Foliage is glossy on vigorous
15 -font vines. 65 petals. 7.1 15 -foot vines. 65 petals. 7.1
-Dr. J. H. Nicolas. $\quad \$ 2.35$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 6.75 ; \$ 25.80$ doz. The fully double, cupped, deep rose-pink blooms are often 5 inches across from June all through summer and fall. of very fragrant, lovely bloom. The 8 -foot plants have dark leathery foliage. 50 petals. 7.4
-High Noon.
$\$ 2.85$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 8.25 ; \$ 31.80$ doz. All-America Rose Selection, 1948. Intense yellow, loosely cupped flowers in June and additional bursts of bloom throughout the season. The 10 -foot vines have light green, glossy foliage. 30 petals. 7.6
- New Dawn.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. Extra hardy and blooming intermittently all through the season. Has clusters of double, apple-blossom-pink flowers with dark green, glossy, foliage. 50 petals. $\mathbf{8 . 8}$

Paul's Scarlet.
$\$ 1.95$ ea.; 3 for $\$ 5.55$; $\$ 21 \mathrm{doz}$. The double flowers are a vivid scarjet-red which does not fade in hot sun. Freely produced, on 15 -foot vines in large clusters with masses of color in June. 30 to 50 petals. 9.2

- Indicates the most fragrant varieties


All-America 1952 Floribunda, Vogue

## RE SHIPPING We cannot send Pot-grown Roses by mail, express or freight, as is

 often requested.

Blaze Climber

## ROSES IN COLOR

You will see all of our Roses in natural color at both our Hanover and Millburn stores. It helps a lot in making your best selection.


Vinca minor
Bowles Myrtle


Sedum acre
Pachysandra terminalis


## GROUND COVERS

In nearly every garden there are some places where a ground cover, in one form or another, will reduce upkeep or give a better effect. Carpet plants are specially useful in places where it is impossible because of tree roots or soil conditions, to grow a lawn. Here are some ground-cover plants among which you will very likely find the answer to your problem. All are hardy in this latitude.

Ajuga reptans (Bugle). This dwarf, creeping perennial makes a splendid ground cover in either sunny or shady places. The evergreen leaves are a rich, shiny green
with deep blue flowers on short stems in May and June. with deep blue flowers on short stems in May and June.
Space plants 10 inches apart. In soil, flat of 25 plants Space plants 10 inches apar
$\$ 4$; doz. $\$ 2.50 ; \$ 16$ per 100 .
Arenaria verna caspitosa. Useful only in spaces between flagstones, around stone steps and walls. Forms a grass-like, deep green mat 2 inches high and bears tiny white star flowers in May. Likes a sandy, leaf
Ampelopsis quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). This is fine for covering large banks or wooded areas in either sun or shade. It is a vigorous, fast-growing vine with in the fall. Plant 5 feet apart. 3 for $\$ 1.95$; doz. $\$ 7$. Asperula odorata (Sweet Woodruff). An 8-inch ground
cover with fragrant white flowers in May. The small, light green foliage is attractive. Thrives in moist Plant 12 inches apart. 3 for $\$ 1.50$; doz. $\$ 5.50$.
Celastrus scandens (Bittersweet). A vigorous, rampant vine for covering large slopes or areas in sun or shade. It has large, handsome, light green foliage and in May of yellow bears yellow flowers. In the It has no soil preference. As these are often bisexual, plant 2 or 3 together to insure berries. Plant 3 feet apart. 3 for \$2.55; doz. \$9.50.
Epimedium (Barrenwort). A distinctive ground cover in sun or shade but better in half shade. Spaced 9 inches apart they form a solid 9 to 12 -inch carpet with light green, heart-shaped, leathery leaves, bronze edged in the fall. They bear a mass of flowers in May and June and like a peaty loam. Alpinum rubrum, red and 3 for $\$ 1$. 65. doz \$6
3 for $\$ 1.65$; doz. $\$ 6$.
Euonymus acuta. This prostrate, spreading vine forms a shiny, dark evergreen, dense carpet. Prevents weed growth. Does well in full sun, half shade or dens
Gaultheria procumbens (Wintergreen). In small areas in half shade or full shade, this forms a carpet usually bears white nodding flowers in July and edible scarlet berries in fall. It likes a sandy, peaty, moist soil. scarlet berries in fall. It likes a sandy, peaty, m
Iris cristata (Crested Iris). Beautiful carpets in small areas if the soil is moist and contains lots of humus, if located in half shade or full shade. The amethystblue flowers, 4 inches high, appear in late April and May. Space 6 inches apart. 3 for $\$ 1.50$; doz. $\$ 5.50$.
Ivy, English (Hedera Helix). This hardy, shiny-leaved vine makes a splendid ground cover in light sun or half shade and also in the densest shade. It thrives in a
rich moist soil, becomes very dense and makes a fine rich moist soil, becomes very dense and makes a fine
carpet for daffodils. Allow $11 / 2$ square feet per plant. carpet fcr daffodils. Allow $11 / 2$ square feet per plant.
In soil, (minimum) flat of 25 plants $\$ 4 ; \$ 16$ per 100 . Also larger plants in 4 -inch pots, 60 c each; 3 for $\$ 1.65$; Also larg
Lonicera
Lonicera Halliana (Hall's Honeysuckle). This is excellent for steep banks in either sun or part shade. It is vigorous, with almost evergreen foliage and very fragrant white flowers, which turn to yellow, all plants 6 feet apart. 3 for $\$ 2.10$; doz. $\$ 7.80 ; \$ 60$ per 100 .

Pachysandra terminalis (Japan Spurge). The erect, 8 -inch plants spread rapidly by side growth under the soil. Will grow in any shade condition even under pine trees and will tolerate half-sun. Valuable for use as a ground cover under shrubs and trees, along walks and drives, and on steep terraces. Plant four or less to the
Phlox divaricata (Blue Pblox). A very useful ground cover if spaced one foot apart in enriched humusy loam. The open plants, 10 inches high, with attractiveclusters of lavender-blue flowers in April and May, will grow well Phlox subulata (Moss Pink). These become a mass of color in April and May if in full sun. Growing about 6 inches high, they like a sandy or gravely light soil, preferably on the acid side, and can withstand drought Plant 15 inches apart. They come in Carmine-red,
Blue, Rose and White. Each, 3 for $\$ 1.35$; doz. $\$ 4.75$. Polygonum Reynoutria (Dwarf Lace Plant). This Polygonum Reynoutria (Dwarf Lace Plant). This
8 -inch ground cover for sunny places is very hardy and establishes itself readily from underground runners. It does best in full sun and its pale green foliage turns bright red in the fall. In September it bears numerous airy, pale pink flower-sprays. Plant about one foot apart. 3 for $\$ 1.65$; doz. $\$ 6 ; \$ 45$ per 190 .
Sedum acre (Gold Moss). The dense, creeping evergreen mats, if planted one foot apart in a sunny place, will form a solid 2 -inch carpet of fine green leaves. Covered with bright yellow, small flowers in May and June. Likes a rather dry, sandy soil and does well even in a poor, thin soil. 3 for $\$ 1.35$; doz. $\$ 4.75$.
Sedum sarmentosum (Stringy Stonecrop). This spreads rapidly and is useful in covering a hot, dry, sunny bank in poor soil. It is 4 inches high with flat leaves and sprays of bright yellow flowers from June to August.
Space one foot apart. 3 for $\$ 1.50$; doz. $\$ 5.50$.
Sedum stoloniferum (Running Stonecrop). A 6 -inch ground cover may be made by spacing these creeping
plants one foot apart. The pink flower clusters come in July and August on flat, succulent foliage. Likes in July and August on flat, succulent foliage. Likes Thymus lanuginosus (Woolly-leaved Tbyme). A hardy creeping plant, 4 inches high, with small, rosy lilac
flowers from June to August and has downy, gray foliage. If planted 6 inches apart, it forms a splendid folage. If planted 6 inches apart, it forms a splendid
Thymus Serpyllum (Creeping Tbyme). A sprawling, h-inch evergreen, with rooting stems. The dense leaves are covered with tiny blooms from June to August. It thrives in poor, dry soils in sun and is fine between flagstones. Space 8 inches apart. We have argenteus (Silver-leaved); aureus (Golden-leaved T.) red flowers; and White. Each, 3 for $\$ 1.50$; doz. $\$ 5.50$.
Veronica rupestris (Rock Speedwell). This neat trailing plant, 3 to 4 inches high, is ideal when planted between flagstones or as a carpet among small spring flowers. It enjoys any good soil in sun or half shade and bears small, bright blue flower spikes in June. Plant 8 inches apart to form a thick mat. 3 for $\$ 1.50$; doz. $\$ 5.50$.
Vinca minor, Bowles (Myrile). A fine full- or halfshade, 6 -inch ground cover, with broad, glossy green foliage and blue flowers in May and June. Interplant with Daftodils, Mertensia or Plumbago. Plant 6 inches In soil flats of 25 for $\$ 5$. doz $\$ 3$. $\$ 20$ per grow out.

## FORBES VEGETABLE SEEDS

## A selection of strains，some old and some new， but all are today＇s best

With uncertain world conditions you＇ll be wise to grow your own vegetables this year． It＇s interesting and healthful，too，not to speak of the supply of nourishing food at little cost． But it＇s not all fun．To succeed use good soil in the sun，plan well，and carefully select your varieties．Keep your crops free from weeds and well cultivated．But most important of all， plant the best seeds，for good vegetables do not grow from poor seeds．

Since 1898 Forbes Seeds have been used in huge quantities by the farmers who grow the vegetables you buy at your vegetable store．Use these same Forbes Seeds in your own garden．

| PLEASE NOTE：$F=$ best for quick Freezing．BEANS．Pkt．plants 15 ft ．， Ib ． plants 100 ft ．row or 100 hills．Apply rotenone to underside of leaves against Jap． beetle．Plant every 2 weeks for succession．Cultivate only when plants are dry． Space 7 － ft ．poles 3 ft ．apart．CORN．Pkt．plants 40 ft ．， $\mathrm{lb}, 300 \mathrm{ft}$ ．row or 300 hills． Plant 3 or 4 rows in a block for best pollination．Miniature Corn，in row crops， won＇t shade them．PEAS．Pkt．plants 6 ft ．，lb． 50 ft ．double Eow，rows 6 in ．apart． Put brush between double rows． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & \text { む } \\ & \text {. } \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Key | Color | Ht ． | Eat in days | Cross Section |  |  |  |  |  |  | Prices |
| BEANS，BUSH GREEN |  | PODDED | 20 in | 50 | Round |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bountiful | F | Light green | 20 in ， | 48 | Flat | 61 |  | － | 3 | 6 | 14 |  |
| Contender | F | Dark green | 18 in． | 51 | Oval | 7 | － |  | 3 | 6 | 14 |  |
| Longreen（LongTendergreen） | F | Deep green | 20 in ． | 52 | Round | 7 |  | － | 3 | 6 | 14 |  |
| BEANS，BUSH WAX |  | PODDED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ib． $70 \mathrm{c} ; 5$ fbs．$\$ 3$. |
| Cherokee Wax <br> Sure Crop Wax |  | Golden yellow Deep yellow | $18 \mathrm{in}$. 18 in. | 50 53 | Oval Flat | $61 / 2$ |  | － | 3 3 | 6 | 14 |  |
| BEANS，GREEN POLE <br> Kentucky Wonder | F | Deep green | 5 ft ． | 65 | Oval | 8 | － |  | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| BEANS，BUSH LIMA Baby Fordhook | F | Shelled green | 18 in． | 66 |  | 3 | － |  | 10 | 7 |  |  |
| Fordhook 242 （A．A．） | F | Shelled green | 18 in ． | 74 |  | 4 | － |  | 10 | 7 |  |  |
| BEANS，POLE LIMA Challenger King of the Garden | $\underset{\mathbf{F}}{\mathbf{F}}$ | Light green Greenish white | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 8 \mathrm{ft} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | － | － | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\} \begin{aligned} & \text { Pkt．} 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .45 \mathrm{c} ; \\ & \mathrm{Ib.} 80 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs.} 33.50\end{aligned}$ |
| CORN，HYBRID SWEET |  |  |  |  | No．rows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Golden Rocket <br> Marcross C13．6 |  | Medium yellow Light yellow | $51 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ 5 ft. | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12-14 \\ & 12-14 \end{aligned}$ | $7{ }^{1 / 2}$ |  |  | 8 | 7 | 댕릉 |  |
| Carmelcross Improved | F | Bright yellow | $51 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ ． | 74 | 12－14 | 8 |  |  | 8 | 7 | 呙 뭉 | Pkt．20c；1／2Ib．45c； |
| Golden Cross Bantam | F | Golden yellow | 6 ft ． | 86 | 12－14 | 8 |  |  | 8 | 7 | 咎震 | 50. |
| Narrow Grain Evergreen |  | Pearl white | 8 ft ． | 91 | 18－22 | 8 |  |  | 8 | 7 | 둔들 |  |
| CORN，MINIATURE SWEET Golden Midget | F | Golden yellow | 3 ft | 60 | 8 | 4 |  |  | 8 |  | 10 | ）Pkt． 40 c ； |
|  | F | White | $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ ． | 59 | 8 | 5 |  |  | 8 | 7 | 10 | \} 3 for \＄1． |
| PEAS |  |  |  |  | Pods |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ |  |
| Freezonian | F | Dark green | 3 ft | 62 | Blunt | $31 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | $\triangleright$ |  |
| Greater Progress | $\stackrel{F}{F}$ | Deep green | 18 in ． | 62 | Pointed | $41 / 2$ |  | － | 2 | $8$ | $\underset{\sim}{\mathrm{E}}$ |  |
| Telephone，Dark Pod World＇s Record | F | Dark green | 5 ft ． | 74 | Pointed | 5 |  | － | 2 | 8 | \％ | flb． $65 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs} \$ 2.75.$. |
| World＇s Record | F | Dark green | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ ． | 57 | Pointed | 4 |  | － | 2 | 8 | ～う |  |

[^1]

Italian Green Sprouting Broccoli

Early Wonder Beet


Nantes XXX Carrot

Super Golden
Acre Cabbage


KEY TO SYMBOLS:
Numeral = number of month in year to sow seed or to set

* Sow early and at intervals; and about July 15 for fall crops.
- Sow indoors, 5-7 weeks before time to set plants in garden.
p Days from setting plants out in your garden to picking

| Name | Key | Color | Eat in days | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ht} . \\ & \text { in. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Diam. } \\ & \text { in. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Long } \\ \text { in. } \end{array}$ | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HERBS, continued <br> Caraway (Biennial) <br> Dill, Mammoth <br> Fennel, Florence (Finocchio) <br> Horehound (Perennial) <br> - Lavender (Perennial) <br> - Marjoram, Sweet <br> - Rosemary (Tender Peren.) <br> - Sage, Broad Leaf (Peren.) <br> Savory, Summer <br> Thyme, Broad Leaf (Peren.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Seeds; flavoring | 70 | 15 |  |  | (but for their enticing |
|  | 45 | Seed; a romatic | 75 | 30 |  |  | flavors, either |
|  |  | Bulby base | 85 | 24 |  |  | fresh or dried, for salads, stews, soups, |
|  |  | Leaf; seasoning | 75 | 24 |  |  | salads, stews, soups, |
|  | 4 | Perfume | 60 | 24 |  |  | and many beverages |
|  |  | Leaf; seasoning | 70 | 20 |  |  | Most like sun, light |
|  |  | Scent, seasoning | 75 | 36 |  |  | Well-limed lean soil |
|  |  | Leaf, pungent | 75 | 15 |  |  | Many stand drought |
|  |  | Leaf, piquant | 60 | 12. |  |  | Lavender, Rosemary |
|  |  | Leaf, aromatic | 85 | 8 |  |  | (are very fragrant. |
| KALE Green Curled Dwarf Scotch | 48 | Green, curly | 55 | 12 | 16 |  | Frost betters flavor |
| KOHLRABI <br> *White Vienna, Short Leaf | 47 | Bulb | 55 | 8 | 2 | 2 | Finest when young |
| LEEK <br> Elephant | 45 | Blanch stem | 135 | 18 | $13 / 4$ | 6 | Hill to blanch stems |
| LETTUCE, HEAD <br> - Bibb <br> -Great Lakes XXX <br> - Romaine, Trianon Cos <br> - White Boston, N. J. Special | 48 | Deep green | 57 |  | 4 |  | Early, very tender |
|  | 48 | Dark green | 82 |  | 10 |  | Best Iceberg type |
|  | 48 | Mid-green | 68 | 12 | 6 | 9 | Long crisp leaves |
|  | 48 | Light green | 76 |  | 9 |  | Smooth butter head |
| LETTUCE, LOOSE-LEAF <br> *Black Seeded Simpson <br> *Grand Rapids <br> *Oak Leaf |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Green, curly | 45 |  | 7 |  | Non-heading, often |
|  |  | Green, frilled Dark green | 42 40 |  | 8 |  | used when half size This withstands heat |
| MUSKMELONS Golden Delight Hearts of Gold XXX Jersey Gold |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Orange flesh | 88 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  | Salmon-orange | 90 |  | 6 | 61/2 | Like well-enriched |
|  |  |  | 90 |  | 6 |  | sunny, sandy loam |
| MUSTARD <br> *Fordhook Fancy | 47 | Green, curly | 40 | 10 |  |  | Is highly nutritive |
| OKRA <br> Perkins Mammoth Pod | 56 | Green pods | 50 | 60 |  | 6 | Use pods when young |
| ONIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southport White Globe |  | Clear white | 110 | 15 |  |  |  |
| Southport Yellow Globe | 4 | Deep yellow | 110 | 15 | 3 | 3 | $\text { thickly ; thin to } 11 / 2$ |
| White Sweet Spanish | 47 | Pure white | 110 | 15 | 4 | $31 / 2$ | inches for boilers; |
| Yellow Sweet Spanish | ${ }_{4}^{4} 6$ | Yellow brown | 110 | 15 15 | 4 | $31 / 2$ | 3 to 4 inches for |
| Sets, White and Yellow | 46 |  | 85 | 15 |  | 3 | large dry onions |
| PARSLEY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extra Double Curled | 46 | Dark green | 75 | 8 |  |  | All 3, 21 days to sprout |
| Hamburg, Long | 46 | Edible root | 90 | 12 |  | 8 | Called Heimischer |
| Italian or Plain | 46 | Flat; green | 72 | 12 |  |  | Pinch stems to use |
| PARSNIP <br> Hollow Crown XXX | 45 | Cream white | 120 | 20 | $21 / 2$ | 9 | Sow thickly; thin out |
| PEPPERS <br> ${ }^{\bullet}$ California Wonder XXX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{-}$California Wonder XXX <br> -Worldbeater |  | Deep green Deep green | 72 p 70 p | 20 | $31 / 2$ $31 / 2$ |  | Thick walled flesh Avoid excess nitrate |

FOR PLANTS
SEE PAGE 8


F


Great Lakes XXX Lettuce
 Curled Parsley


## TRY THESE FINE NEW FLOWERS FOR 1955

Here are some newly developed flowers for your garden, all easily grown from seed. Each is the best in its class ready to display its beauty of color and form for your gardening pleasure. Try them this spring.

## ASTER, Powderpuffs, Mixed

A new Bouquet type with 2-foot, V-shaped plants one foot across, topped with 15 or 20 fully double "puff ball" cutflowers in all the delightful Aster colors. The entire plant may be cut and placed in one vase for an indoor bouquet. Pkt. $25 \mathrm{c} ; 1160 \mathrm{z} .70 \mathrm{c}$.

## CELOSIA, Cristata Toreador

An AII-America Winner for 1955, this has huge bright red cockscombs on stout 20 -inch plants with light green foliage. It grows rapidly, loves hot weather and is pest free. When massed in a border it gives a stunning effect. Pkt. 25c.

## PETUNIA, Crusader

The gay rose-pink stripes on the white petals of this fine $F$ hybrid make it the nicest of all fringed bicolors. The dwarf 12 inch plants are very free-flowering all summer and right up to frost. The rose-pink striping holds well even in the hot weather. Plat. 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

## SALVIA, Fireworks

Much like St. John's Fire in habit, this new strain has larger blooms, produces them earlier and holds them right up to frost. A bed of this shows much more vivid scarlet color and creates a striking display. The plants grow 12 inches high and are exceptionally uniform. Pkt. 25 c ; $1 / 160 \mathrm{z}$. $\$ 1.35$.

## AQUILEGIA, McKana's Giant Columbine, Mixed

This is the only perennial flower to win the coveted All-America Selection for 1955. It is a wonderful improvement with flowers 4 inches across and spurs 3 inches long on 3 -foot plants. Pkt. 35 c ; $1 / 220 \mathrm{z}$. $\$ 1$.

## MORNING GLORY, Candy Pink

A beautiful new color in Morning Glories-bright salmony rose-pink flowers all summer on strong growing 12 -foot vines. These are freeflowering, bearing large flowers, over 3 inches in diameter, of this delightful pink companion for Heavenly Blue. Pkt. 15c; ; 1/4oz. 75 c .

## PETUNIA, Prima Donna

Another All-America Winner for 1955, this large-flowered, fringed $F_{1}$ hybrid is bright rosepink, $31 / 2$ inches across on compact 12 -inch plants which grow about 20 inches broad. It is a splendid thing for massed beds and ideal for margins and rock gardens. Pkt. $50 \mathrm{c} ; 3$ for $\$ 1.35$.

## SALVIA, Welwyn

A delightful change in Salvia, this is a mixture of soft colors including clear salmon pink, glistening white, lovely soft lilac, deep mahogany red, etc. Splendid for massed effects in your border for continuous bloom from summer until frost. Makes a wonderful subject to enter in fall Flower Shows. Pkt. 25 c ; ${ }^{1 / 160 \mathrm{z} .} \$ 1.35$.

## MYOSOTIS, Clausdel Blue

This annual Forget-me-not is hard to beat for summer bedding. Sow the seed in March or April for a mass of bright, light blue flowers on 12 -inch plants from July on. The flowers are larger and more intense blue than the Perennial. Pkt. 25 c .

## SWEET PEA, Little Sweetheart

The first dwarf or bush Sweet Pea to be developed. It doesn't climb at all but forms a rounded bushy plant only 8 inches high, covered with Spencer type Sweet Peas. It is adaptable to margins, low borders and rock gardens. The flowers come in a sparkling mixture containing white, cream, salmon, rose, scarlet, crimson, maroon, mauve, lavender, and blue. Pkt. 25 c .

## PETUNIA, Popcorn

Really an improved Snowstorm, this variety has ruffled, pure white flowers up to 4 inches across but most important of all, these appear freely on compact dwarf plants one foot high. This dwarf plant habit makes Popcorn invaluable for edging or low borders. Pkt. $40 \mathrm{c} ; 3$ for $\$ 1$.

## PETUNIA, Silver Medal

Another recent All-America Winner with compact bushy plants, 12 inches high and 18 inches across, which carry many 3 -inch single flowers opening salmon-cerise with a slight orange sheen and ageing pure salmon. Perhaps the most delightful color of all Petunias. Pkt. 50c; 3 for $\$ 1.35$.



Popcorn Petunia


Powderpuffs Aster



KEY TO SYMBOLS: $\mathrm{x}=$ climber; * dry for winter bouquets.

1. Sow indoors Feb.-March in pots; outdoors in May when warm.
2. Suw where to bloom and thin out. Hard to transplant.

FOR PLANTS
3. Sow also in Nov, for earliest bloom the following spring.
4. Sow outdoors in April when cool
5. Sow outdoors in May when warm
6. Cut old flowers or shear plants for more continuous bloom.

| Name | Key | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | Type Soil Preferred | O © | $\pm$ | $3$ | - | - | क |  | Pkt. and Wt. Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CELOSIA (Cockscomb) | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cristata, Dwarf Empress | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Crimson combs | 10 in . | July-frost | 2, 4MW | $\bigcirc$ | $8$ | $1-2$ | - |  |  |  |  |
| Cristata, Dwarf Mixed | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Various colors | 10 in . | July-frost | 2, 4MW | O | $8$ | $1-2$ | - | $\bullet$ |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Cristata, Toreador | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Huge bright red | 20 in . | July-frost | 2, 4MW | $\bigcirc$ | $10$ | $1-2$ |  | - |  |  | 25c. |
| Plumosa, Golden Fleece | 15 | Yellow plumes | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Sept. | 2, 4MW | $\bigcirc$ | $10$ | 1-2 |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. 20c. + oz 60 c |
| Pampas Plume, Mixed | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Various colors | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Sept. | $2,4 \mathrm{MW}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $10$ | $1-2$ |  | - |  |  |  |
| Pyramidalis, Fiery Feather | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Fiery red | 12 in . | July-frost | $\frac{2}{2}, 4 \mathrm{MW}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 8 | $1-2$ | $\bullet$ | - |  |  | 退 $15 \mathrm{c} ;{ }^{12} \mathrm{Oz} .60 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Pyramidalis, Golden Feather | 15 | Golden yellow | 12 in . | July-frost | 2, 4MW | O | 8 | 1-2 | - | - |  |  | 15c; $\frac{1}{1507.60 c .}$ |
| CENTAUREA (Cornflower) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cyanus, Dwarf Jubilee Gem | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 6 \\ 4 & 6\end{array}$ | Double; deep blue | 12 in . | June-frost | 2, 4DK | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ | 8 | 1-3 | - |  | - |  |  |
| Cyanus, Dwarf Mixed | 4 4 4 | Double; all colors | 12 in . | June-frost | 2, 4DK | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ - | 8 8 | 1-3 | - | - | - |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \text { oz. } 50 \mathrm{c} . \\ & 15 \mathrm{c} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Cyanus, Blue Boy | $4 \begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$ | Double; deep blue | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-frost | 2, 4DK | $\bigcirc$ ○ | 10 | $1-3$ $1-3$ |  |  | - |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 14 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c} \\ & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ |
| Cyanus, Super-Ciant Mixed | $4 \begin{aligned} & 46 \\ & 46\end{aligned}$ | Double; all colors Fluffy, all colors | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-frost | 2, $1,2 \mathrm{DK}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 12 | 1-3 |  | - F |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c} . \\ & 20 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 40 \mathrm{c} .75 \mathrm{c} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Imperialis Mxd (Sweet Sultan) | 46 | Fluffy, all colors | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-frost | 1,2DK | $\bigcirc$ - | 12 | 2-4 |  |  |  |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 402.750$ |
| CHRYSANTHEMUM <br> Carinatum, Merry Mixed | 14 | Various zoned | $20 \mathrm{in}$. | July-frost | 2, 4BS | 0 | 12 | 2-5 |  | - |  |  | 15c; 1/4oz. 80c. |
| CLARKIA <br> Elegans, Double Mixed | 13 14 | All soft shades | 2 ft . | July-frost | 2 S | ® | 8 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .55 \mathrm{c}$. |
| CLEOME (Spider Flower) Giant Pink Queen | 3 4 4 | Pink | $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 1,2S | 0 | 12 | 1-2 |  |  |  |  | 15c; 1/80z. 50c. |
| CORN, ORNAMENTAL <br> Indian Squaw | * 5 | Variegated ears | 5 ft . | Aug.-Sept. | 2, 4M | 0 | 8 | 1-2 |  |  |  |  | Oz. 20c; 1/4b. 55c. |
| COSMOS <br> Dwarf Early Mixed | 1 1 1 | Red, pink, white |  |  | 1,2D |  | 18 | 1-2 |  |  |  |  | 55 c . |
| Early Double Mixed | 14 | Red, pink, white | 4 ft . | July-frost | 1, 2D |  | 18 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | 20 c ; 118 oz .75 c . |
| Fiesta (A.A. 52) | 14 | Golden yellow | 21/2-3 ft. | July-frost | 1,2D | $\bigcirc$ | 15 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 18 \mathrm{oz}$. 50 c . |
| Sensation, Dazzler | 14 | Deep crimson | 4 ft . | July-frost | 1,2D | $\bigcirc$ O | 18 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 14 \mathrm{oz} .65 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Sensation, Radiance (A.A.) | 14 | Rose; crimson eye | 4 ft . | July-frost | 1,2D | $\bigcirc$ O ${ }^{\circ}$ | 18 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | 15 c ; 114 oz. 65c. |
| Sensation, Mixed | 14 | All colors | 4 ft . | July-frost | 1, 2D | $\bigcirc$ - | 18 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 65 c . |
| CYNOGLOSSUM (Chinese ForFirmament (A.A.) get-me-not) | 46 | Bright blue | 15 in. | June-Sept. | 2, 4D | $\bigcirc$ O | 10 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c}$. |
| DAHLIA <br> Unwin's XXX Dwarf Hybrids | 15 | Various colors | 2 ft . | July-frost | 4HMS | 0 | 12 | 2-3 |  | - |  |  | 20c; 1/8oz. 70 c . |
| DIANTHUS (Pinks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinensis, Double Mixed | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Various colors | $12 \mathrm{in} .$ | June-frost | $2,4,5 \mathrm{M}$ |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Double Fringed Mixed ${ }_{\text {Single Fringed Caiety Mxd. }}$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Various colors Various colors | $12 \mathrm{in} .$ | June-frost | $\begin{array}{lll} 2, & 5 \mathrm{M} \\ 2, & 4, & 5 \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | $0$ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 2-3 \\ & 2-3 \end{aligned}$ | - | F |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 65c. 15 c . |
| Single Fringed Gaiety Mxd. | 14 | Various colors | 12 in . | June-frost | 2, 4, 5M | $0$ | 6 | 2-3 | - | - F |  |  |  |
| DIDISCUS (Blue Lace Flower) Caerulea | 12 1 1 | Pale azure-blue | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Nov. | 2, 4MW | O | 12 | 2-3 |  | - |  |  | 15 c. |
| DIMORPHOTHECA (African D) Aurantiaca, Mixed | 14 | Yellow, orange | $12 \mathrm{in}$. | July-frost | 2, 4D | 0 | 12 | 2.3 | - | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .55 \mathrm{c}$. |
| ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California <br> Monarch Art Mixed Poppy) |  | Art Shades | 12 in. | June-Nov. | 1,2D | $\bigcirc$ O | 8 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| EUPHORBIA <br> Variegata (Snow-on-Mountain) | 4 | Green, white edge | 2 ft . | Foliage only | 2, 4D | 0 | 10 | 2-3 |  |  |  |  | $10 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{c}$. |
| GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower) Lorenziana, Double Mixed |  | Various colors | 18 in. | June-frost | 1,2D | 0 | 12 | 2-3 |  | - |  |  | $10 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .55 \mathrm{c}$. |



Larkspur, Giant Imperial White King

Helichrysum monstrosum $\longleftarrow$


Marigold, Mammoth Mum

KEY TO SYMBOLS: $x=$ climber; * dry for winter bouquets

1. Sow indoors Feb.-March in pots; outdoors in May when warm.
2. Sow where to bloom and thin out. Hard to transplant.

## FOR PLANTS

3. Sow also in Nov, for earliest bloom the following spring.
4. Sow outdoors in April when cool.
5. Sow outdoors in May when warm.
6. Cut old flowers or shear plants for more continuous bloom.
Name

| GLOBE AMARANTH |
| :---: |
| Gomphrena, Mixed |

GOURDS, ORNAMENTAL Small Varieties Mixed
GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)
White Covent Garden Market HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)

Sun Gold
Mammoth Russian
HELICHRYSUM (Strawflower) Monstrosum, Mixed

KOCHIA (Summer Cypress) Tricophylla
LARKSPUR, Giant Imperial
Blue Bell (A.A.)
Blue Spire
Brilliant Rose
Exquisite Pink Improved
Exquisite Rose
White King
Giant Imperial Mixed Supreme Mixed
LOBELIA
Crystal Palace Compacta LUPINUS HARTWEGI (Lupine) Giant King Hybrids Mixed

MARIGOLD, Large-flowered
African Super Alldouble Mxd
Dwarf Giant, Gypsy Jewels
Dwarf Giant, Pot o'Gold
Fluffy Ruffles
Full-Double Orange
Glitters (A.A.)
Guinea Gold Mum (A.A.)
Mammoth Mum
Mission Giant, Goldsmith
Mission Giant, Yellowstone
Sunset Giants, Mixed
Yellow Supreme
MARIGOLD, Small-flowered Extra-Dwarf Double French Gold Crest
Lemondrop (NEW)
Spry (A.A.)
Yellow Pyamy (A
Ex.-Dwf Dbl French Mxd 5 Light yellow

36

KEY TO SYMBOLS: $x=$ climber; * dry for winter bouquets. 1. Sow indoors Feb.-March in pots; outdoors in May when warm.
2. Sow where to bloom and thin out. Hard to transplant.
3. Sow also in Nov, for earliest bloom the following spring.
4. Sow outdoors in April when cool.
5. Sow outdoors in May when warm.
6. Cut old flowers or shear plants for more continuous bloom,

| Name | Key | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | Type Soil Preferred | $00$ | E | 这 | 者 | - |  |  | Pkt. and Wt. Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MARIGOLD, Small-flowered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extra Dwarf Double African |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Golden Cupid |  | Golden yellow | 6 in . | June-frost | 1,2, 4D | O | 8 | 1-2 | $\bullet$ | - |  | - | 20c; $\frac{1}{10} \mathrm{oz} .80 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Yellow Cupid | 15 | Primrose yellow | 6 in . | June-frost | $1,2,4 \mathrm{D}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 8 | 1-2 | - | - |  |  |  |
| Dwarf Double French Harmony | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harmony <br> Scarlet Glow (A.A.) | 15 | 5 Scarlet-tangerime | 10 in . | June-frost | $1,2,4 \mathrm{D}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 10 | $1-2$ $1-2$ | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{c}$. <br> $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Dwarf Single French |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flash (A.A.) |  | 5 Tangerine-red | 14 in. | June-frost | 1,2, 4D | O | 12 | 1-2 | - | - |  |  |  |
| Naughty Marietta | 15 | 5 Golden; red center | 18 in . | June-frost | $1,2,4 \mathrm{D}$ | $\bigcirc$ | 12 | $1-2$ | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \text { oz. } 50 \mathrm{c} \text {. }$ |
| Redhead |  | 5 Mahog.; gold eye | 15 in . | June-frost | 1, 2, 4D | $\bigcirc$ | 10 | $1-2$ | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c} .$ |
| Sunny | 15 | 5 Vibrant yellow | 15 in . | June-frost | 1, 2, 4D | $\bigcirc$ | 10 | 1-2 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| MARVEL OF PERU <br> Four o'Clock, Fine Mixed |  | Various colors | 2 ft . | Junc-frost | 1D | 0 | 15 | 2-3 |  |  |  |  | $10 \mathrm{c} ;$ oz. 65 c. |
| MIGNONETTE <br> Old Fashioned Sweet-Scented | 24 | 4 Green, red, yellow | $12 \mathrm{in}$. | Junc-frost | 2, 4M | $\bigcirc$ - | 6 | 2-3 |  | - F |  |  | $10 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c}$. |
| MOONFLOWER Giant White |  | White; 5 inch | 15 ft . | July-frost | 1, 2 | 0 | 36 | 3-4 |  | F |  |  | 10c; 140z. 35 |
| MORNING GLORY | 2 * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Candy Pink (New) | 1 | S.lnuen rose pink | 12 fi . | July-frost | 1 D |  |  | 2-3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Red edred white | 12 ft . | July-frost | 1D | 0 | $24$ | 2-3 |  |  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 \text { soz. } 40 \mathrm{c} .$ |
| Heavenly Blue, Early-fd. |  | Clear sky-blue | 12 ft . | Julv-frost | 1 D | $\bigcirc$ | $24$ | 1-3 |  |  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 14 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c}$ |
| Pearly Gates (A.A.) | 15 | White | 12 ft . | July-frost | 1 D | $\bigcirc$ | $24$ | 2-3 |  |  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c}, 1, \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c} .$ |
| Climbing Scarlett O'Hara |  | 5 Rosy crimson | 12 ft . | July-frost | 1D | 0 | 24 | 2-3 |  |  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .40 \mathrm{c}$. |
| MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not) Oblongata, Clausdel Blue | 14 | 4 Bright blue | 10 in. | July | 2, 4HW | $\bigcirc$ O | 8 | 2-3 | - |  |  | - | 25c. |
| NASTURTIUM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Climbing Single Mixed | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 5 \\ 4 & 5\end{array}$ | 5 Bright colors | 6-8 ft. | June-frost | 1D | 0 | 10 | $2-3$ $1-2$ |  | - |  |  | $1 / \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{c}$; oz. 35 c . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{c}$ oz. 35 c . |
| Dwf. Semi-Dbl. Gem Mixed | $4 \begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 5\end{aligned}$ | 5 Bright colors | 12 in . | June-frost | 1D | 0 | 10 | l-2 | - | - |  |  | 1/40z. 10 c ; oz. 35 c. |
| Double Gleam Mixed | 45 | 5 Bright colors | 15 in . | June-frost | 1 D | 0 | 10 | 2-3 | - | -F |  | - | 1/40z. $15 \mathrm{c} ; \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c}$. |
| NICOTIANA (FI. Tobacco) Affinis White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Affinis White | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}$ | Pure white | 2-3 ft . | June-frost | 2M | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | 12 10 | $1-2$ $1-2$ |  | F |  |  | 15c. |
| Daylight Sensation Mixed | 15 | 5 Various colors | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-frost | 2M | $\bigcirc$ © | 12 | 1-2 |  | F |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c} .}$ |
| NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower) <br> Purple Robe (A.A.) | 1 | Deep violet-purple | 6 in. | June-frost | 2, 4 | 0 | 10 | 2-3 | $\bullet$ |  |  | - | 25c; 1/128oz. 70 c . |
| NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist) <br> Miss Jeky!! | 3 3 4 | Cornflower-blue | 18 in. | May-Sept. | 2,4D | 0 | 8 | 2-3 |  | - | - |  | 15c. |
| PANSY (Biennial) | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engelmann's Giant | 46 | Various colors | 8 in. | May-Nov. | 2,4MW | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ | 6 | 2-3 | - | $\bullet$ |  |  | $50 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{150 \mathrm{oz}}$ \$1.80 |
| Forbes Big Beauties | 46 | Various colors | 8 in. | May-Nov. | 2,4MW | $\bigcirc$ - | 6 | 2-3 | - | $\bullet$ |  |  | 35c; $\frac{1}{150 z .} \$ 1$ |
| Super Swiss Giants Mixed | 46 | Various colors | 8 in . | May-Nov. | 2, 4MW | O © | 6 | 2-3 | - | -F |  | - | 35c; $\frac{1}{150}$ oz. $\$ 1.35$ |
| PHLOX Drummondi Large-fld. Very Dwarf Mixed | 1 1 | Various colors | 6 in. | July-frost | 2, 4 | 0 O | 6 | 2-3 | - | -F | - | - | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| FOPPY <br> Double Shirley Mixed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |
| Double Shirley Mixed |  | Various colors | 18 in. | June-frost | 2 S | 0 | 12 | 1-2 |  | - | - |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10 c . \\ & 10 c . \end{aligned}\right.$ |


FORBES ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS

KEY TO SYMBOLS: $\mathbf{x}=$ climber; * dry for winter bouquets.

1. Sow indoors Feb.-March in pots; outdoors in May when warm.
2. Sow where to bloom and thin out. Hard to transplant.
3. Sow also in Nov. for earliest bloom the following spring.

## FOR PLANTS

4. Sow outdoors in April when cool.
5. Sow outdoors in May when warm
6. Cut old flowers or shear plants for more continuous bloom SEE PAGE 8
Name

STAR OF TEXAS
STATICE (Sea-Lavender) Sinuata Mixed
STOCKS (Gilliflower) Giant Bismarck Mixed

SWEET PEAS
Early Flowering Mixed Giant Spencer Mixed Spring-flowering Mixed Little Sweetheart, Mixed TAHOKA DAISY

THUNBERGIA
Black-eyed Susan Mixed
TITHONIA (Mexican Sunflower) Torch (A.A.)
TORENIA (Wishbone Flower) Fournieri
URSINIA (JeweI of the Veldt) Anethoides Hybrids

## VERBENA

Giant Hybrids Mixed ZINNIA

Burpee Hybrid Blaze Burp. Hyb. Floradale Scarlet Burpee Hybrids Mixed California Giant Mixed Chrysanthemum-fld. Mixed Dwarf Double Mixed Early Wonder Mixed Fantasy Mixed (A.A Gt. Dahlia-fld., Canary Bird Gt. Dahlia-fld,, Eldorado Gt. Dahlia-fld., Eldorado Gt. Dahlia-fld., Illumination Gt. Dahlia-fld., Meteor Gt. Dahlia-fld., Oriole Gt. Dahlia-fld., Polar Bear Gt. Dahlia-fld., Royal Purple Gt. Dahlia-fld. Will Rogers Giant Dahlia-fid., Mixed Lilliput Mixed Lilliput Pastel Mixed Lilliput Tom Thumb Mixed Peppermint Stick Mixed Peppermint Stick Mixed Persian Carpet Mixed (A.A.)
Red Riding Hood Super Giants Mixed

| Key | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | Type Soil Preferred | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Canary yellow | 18 in. | July-frost | 2, 4D | 0 |
| 4 | Delicate colors | 2 ft . | July-Sept. | 2,4DS | 0 |
| 1 | Pastel colors | 2 ft . | July-frost | 2B | © |
| 4 x | All colors | 5-7 ft. | May-June | 5MW | 0 |
| 4 x | All colors | $5-7 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-July | 5 MWW | 0 |
| $4 \times$ | All colors | 5-7 ft. | May-July | 5MW | 0 |
|  | All colors; dwarf | 8 in. | May-July | 5MW | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Lavender-blue | 18 in. | June-frost | 2,4D | 0 |
| 15 | Cream to orange | 4 ft . | July-frost | 2, 4H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5 | Orange-red, 3 in | $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | Aug.-frost | 2, 4 | 0 |
| 1 | Sky-blue; yellow | 10 in. | June-frost | 2, 4, 5 | $\bigcirc$ - |
| 4 | Orange; zoned | 12 in. | July-Sept. | 2, 4DM | 0 |
| 14 | All colors | 8 in. | June-frost | 2, 4W | 0 |
| 1 | Scarlet-orange | 21/2-3 ft. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | Vibrant red | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors, shaggy | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | - |
|  | All colors, formal | $21 / 2^{-3} \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM |  |
| 14 | All colors, curled | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $0$ |
| 14 | All colors, formal | 18 in . | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors, early | 2 ft . | July-Sept. | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors, shaggy | $21 / 3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | 0 |
| 14 | Canary yellow | 21/2-3 ft. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | 0 |
| 14 | Rosy lavender | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
| 14 | Salmon-apricot | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
| 14 | Two rose tones | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
| 14 | Deep rose pink | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
|  | Darkest red | -3 ft . -3 ft . | July-frost | 2,4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | Cream white | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2,4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | Deep purple | $21 / 2^{-3} \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | - |
| 14 | 4 Bright scarlet | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
| 1 | All colors; Iarge | $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors; small | 12-15 in. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | O |
| 14 | All pastels; small | 12-15 in. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors; tiny | $6-8 \mathrm{in}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | All colors; striped | 2 ft . | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | Variegated; bicolor | 12 in . | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Brightcrimson;tiny | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-frost | 2, 4DM | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | All colors; huge | 1 ft . | July-frost | 2,4DM | O |

All Flowers are Shown in Color at both our Millburn and Hanover Garden Centers


## FORBES PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS

The varieties of seed which we include in this section produce plants which live on from year to year, increasing in size and beauty with age. A few exceptions are the biennials listed, such as Campanula Medium, Digitalis, etc., which bloom the second year and then die. Perennials, used in permanent beds, come in a great variety of color and plant habit, ranging from the dwarf edging plants, to the tall stately plants for backgrounds. Selected for a succession they provide bloom from early spring to killing frost, and many show color before the annuals come to bloom.
Culture: The seed is generally started outdoors from June to September, and the young plants are either set in their permanent places in the fall and given light protection the first season, or carried over the first winter in a cold frame and set out the following spring ing. Some are as easily raised from seed as annuals. quite a few may be forced; others make fine pot-plants and splendid cut-fowers.

| KEY TO SYMBOLS: b-Biennials; F-Fragrant; $\dagger$-Backgrounds; *-May also be sown in April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { D } \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | USES |  |  |  | All are good for borders <br> Pkt. and Wt. price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{3} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \\ & 1 \\ & \frac{5}{5} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1. Sow in Nov. in cold frame, etc. to freeze seed over winter. <br> 2. Sow where to bloom and thin out. Hard to transplant. <br> 3. Will bloom first year if seed is started indoors in Jan.-Feb. <br> 4. Mulch for the first winter after the plants freeze in hard. |  |  |  | O means full sun (6) half shade-half sun, full shade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name | Key | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | $\downarrow$ | Type soil Preferred |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALYSSUM (Basket of GoId) <br> Saxatile citrinum | * | Lemon-yellow | 9-12 in. | April-May | 0 | 2, 4D | 8 | 3-4 |  | - |  |  | c, 180 O. |
| Saxatile compactum | * | Golden yellow | $9-12 \mathrm{in}$. | April-May | 0 | 2,4D | 8 | 3-4 |  |  | - | - | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .60 \mathrm{c}$. |
| ANCHUSA (Alkanet, Bugloss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Italica Dropmore Myosotidiflora | * ${ }_{*}^{+}$ | Gentian blue Pale blue | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \end{array}$ | June-Sept. <br> April-May | $\begin{array}{ll} \circ & \bigcirc \\ 0 & \circ \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3-4 \\ & 3-4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .60 \\ & 25 \mathrm{c} . \end{aligned}$ |
| ANEMONE (Windflower) <br> St. Brigid Mixed | 4 | Brig | 12 in . | June | $\bigcirc$ - | 4HSW | 8 | 5-6 | - | - | - |  | 25 c. |
| ANTHEMIS (Yellow Daisy) Tinctoria (Chamomile) | * | Clear yellow | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-Oct. |  | 2,4D | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .65 \mathrm{c}$. |
| AQUILEGIA (Columbine) <br> Blue Shades, Long-Spurred |  | Various blu | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June |  | 2, 4KH | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  |  |
| Chrysantha |  | Various blu Soft yellow | 21/2 ft . | May-June May-June | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ | 2, 4 KHH | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  |  |
| Crimson Star, Long-spurred |  | Crim.; white cup | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | $\bigcirc$ © | 2, 4 KH | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.10$ |
| Rose Queen, Long-spurred |  | Rose shades | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | $\bigcirc$ O | 2. 4 KH | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | $2 \mathrm{sc} ; \frac{1}{10} \mathrm{Oz} . \$ 1.10$ |
| Snow Queen, Long-spurred |  | Pure white | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ | $2,4 \mathrm{KH}$ | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{c} ;{ }^{1} \frac{1}{180} 07 . \$ 1.10$ |
| Mrs. Scott Elliott's Hybrids |  | All of above | $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ | $2,4 \mathrm{KH}$ | 12 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | 25 c ; $\frac{1}{1602}$ O. 85 c . |
| McKana's Giant Mixed |  | All colors | ft . | May-June | $\bigcirc$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 c ; $\frac{3}{3} \mathrm{Oz} . \$ 1$. |
| ARABIS (Rock Cress) Alpina, Snowcap | * | Snow-whit |  | April-May |  | 2D | 12 | 3-4 | - | - | - | - |  |
| Alpina, Spring Charm | * | Rosy red | 6 in . | April-May | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ | 2 |  | 3-4 | - | - | - |  | 20 c ; $\frac{1}{32} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{z} .65 \mathrm{c}$. |
| ARMERIA (Thrift, Sea Pink) Large Flowered Hybrids |  | Red, pink shade | 2 ft . | April-May | 0 | 1,2,4SD | 10 | 3-4 |  |  |  |  | 15c. |
| ASTER (Starwort) Alpinus, Goliath |  | Blue-lavender | 8 in. | May-June | $\bigcirc$ - | 4 | 8 | 2-3 |  | - | - |  | 0c; 고ำz. 85 c . |
| AUBRIETA (Purple Rockcress) Giant Flowered Hybrids | * | Mauv | 6 in. | April-May | $\bigcirc$ - | 2, 4CS | 6 | 2-3 |  | - | - | - | 5c; ${ }^{\frac{1}{26}} \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| BAPTISIA (False Indigo) <br> Australis | * | Indigo blue | 3 ft . | June-July |  | 2, 4, 5 | 18 | 3-4 | - |  |  |  | 15c. |
| BELLIS (English Daisy) <br> Extra Double Giant Mixed | 4 | Red, rose, | 6 in. | April-June | 0 (0) | 4W | 6 | 1-2 |  |  | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16} \mathrm{Oz} . \$ 1.10$ |
| CAMPANULA (Bellflower)* Calycanthema (Cup \& saucer) Single (Canterbury Bells) | b $\begin{array}{ll}\text { b } & 3 \\ \text { b } & 3\end{array}$ | Mixed colors Mixed colors | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & 2 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ | May-June May-July | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~S} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2-3 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | - |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .65 \mathrm{c} . \\ & 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{c} . \end{aligned}$ |
| CANDYTUFT (Iberis) <br> Sempervirens | * | Pure white | 8 in. | May-June | $\bigcirc$ O | $2,4,5$ | 12 | 2-3 |  | - | - | - |  |
| CARNATION, Hardy Border Grenadin Half-High Vienna, Dwarf Double | * | Mixed colors Mixed colors | 20 in . | June June | $10$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{KS} \\ & 2 \mathrm{KS} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2-3 \\ & 2-3 \end{aligned}$ | F | - | - |  | 20 c ; 子 3 J Oz .55 c . <br> 20 c ; $\frac{1}{15} \mathrm{oz} .95 \mathrm{c}$. |

## FORBES PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS



FORBES PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS

| KEY TO SYMBOLS: b-Biennials; F-Fragrant; $\dagger$-Backgrounds; *May also be sown in April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | USES |  |  |  | All are good for borders |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ . \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 负 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{5} \\ & = \\ & = \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{5} \\ & \text { 5 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1. Sow Nov. in cold frame, etc. to freeze seed over winter <br> 2. Sow where to bloom and thin out. $\mathrm{Ha}^{\mathrm{r}} \mathrm{d}$ to transplant. <br> 3. Will bloom first year if seed is started indoors in Jan,-Feb. <br> 4. Mulch for first winter after the plants freeze in hard. |  |  |  | O means full sun © half shade-half sun, full shade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name | Key | Color | Height | Time of Bloom | $\downarrow$ | Type Soil Preferred |  |  |  |  |  | Pkt. and Wt. Price |  |
| LUPINUS (Lupine) <br> Russell Mixed | * | Various colors | 21/2-3 ft. | June-July | 0 | 2, 4AS | 10 | 3-4 | - | - |  |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| LYCHNIS <br> Haageana Hybrids Mixed | * | Various colors | 12 in . | May-June | $\bigcirc$ - | 2, 4HM | 10 | 3-4 | - | - | - | - | 15c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 40 c . |
| MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not) <br> Palustris semperflorens | * | Pale blue | 10 in . | May-June | © | 2, 4HW | 6 | 2-3 |  | - | - | - | 15 c ; 180z. 50 c . |
| PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead) Virginica |  | Lilac-pink | 3 ft . | Aug.-Sept. | $\bigcirc$ | 2,4 | 12 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{180 z .} 65 \mathrm{c}$. |
| PLATYCODON (Balloon Flr.) Grandifiora Blue | 3 | Violet-blue | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Oct. | $\bigcirc$ O | 2, 4S | 12 | 2-3 | - |  | - |  | 20 c ; 기가. 65 c . |
| POPPY (Papaver) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iceland, Kelmscott Giant | 32 | Mixed colors | $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-Oct. | 0 | 2M | 8 | 1-2 | - |  | - |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16} \mathrm{zz} .50 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Oriental, Brilliant | * 2 | Fiery red | 3 ft . | May-June | 0 | 4D | 15 | 1-2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oriental Mixed | * 2 | Various colors | 3 ft . | May-June | 0 | 4D | 15 | 1-2 |  | - |  |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16} \mathrm{Oz} .60 \mathrm{c}$. |
| PRIMULA (Primrose) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colossea (Bunch Primrose) |  | Various colors | 10 in. | April-May | © - | 4SHMW | 8 | 3-6 |  | - |  |  | $25 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{32} \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.30$ |
| Giant Munstead Mixed |  | Various colors | 9 in . | April-May | - ${ }^{\circ}$ | 4SHMW | 8 | 3-6 |  | - | - | - |  |
| Vulgaris (English Primrose) | 1 | Pale yellow | $6-8 \mathrm{in}$. | April-May | (-) | 4SHMW | 8 | 3-6 |  | - | - |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{15} \mathrm{oz} .80 \mathrm{c}$. |
| PYRETHRUM (Painted Daisy) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Robinson's Dark Crimso | * | Single blo | 2 ft . | May-June | 0 | 2, 4M | 12 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | 25 c ; 곺oz. 65 c . |
| Single Hybrids Mixed | * | Pink, red, | 2 | May-June | 0 | 2, 4M | 12 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SAPONARIA (Soapwort) Ocymoides splendens | * | Rosy pink | 6 in. | May-July | $\bigcirc$ | 2, 4 | 10 | 2-3 |  | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c}$. |
| SCABIOSA <br> Caucasica, Isaac House | * 3 | Blue shades | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-Sept. | 0 | 2, 4 | 10 | 2-3 | - |  | - |  | 25 c ; 나ำz. 80 c . |
| SHASTA DAISY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Giant Double | * | Double white | 2 ft . | June-Sept. | 0 | 4K | 15 | 2-3 | - |  |  |  | 25c; ${ }^{\frac{2}{2} \text { Oz. }} \mathbf{\$ 1 . 1 0}$ |
| Single Alaska | * 3 | Single white | $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-Sept. | 0 | 4 K | 18 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .60 \mathrm{c}$. |
| STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster) Cyanea Blue | 3 | Lavender-blue | $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. | July-Sept. | $\bigcirc$ | 2, 4S | 12 | 4-6 | - | - | - |  | 15c; 1/8oz. 75 c . |
| SWEET WILLIAM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Double Mixed | * b | Various colors | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | 0 | 2K | 12 | 2-3 | - | - |  |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .60 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Dwarf Double Mixed | * b | Various colors | 8 in . | May-June | 0 | 2K | 8 | 2-3 | - | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{c}$. |
| Single Newport Pink | * b | Salmon-pink | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | May-June | 0 | 2 K | 12 | 2-3 | - | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .65 \mathrm{c}$. |
| THERMOPSIS (False Lupine) <br> Caroliniana | * | Yellow | 2 ft . | June-July | $\bigcirc$ O | 2, 4 | 12 | 2-3 | - |  | - |  | $20 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{10 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c} .}$ |
| TRITOMA (Red-Hot Poker) <br> Perpetual Hybrids |  | Red, orange, | 3 ft . | Aug.-Oct. | 0 | 2SD | 12 | 3-4 | - | - |  |  | ce; 1/8oz. 55 c . |
| TUNICA (Coat Flower) Saxifraga |  | Light pink | 6 in. | June-Sept. | 0 | 2SGD | 8 | 1-2 |  | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16} \mathrm{oz}$.50 c . |
| VERONICA (Speedwell) Spicata |  | Deep blue | $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. | June-July | 0 | 4 | 10 | 2 | - | - | - |  | $15 \mathrm{c} ; \frac{1}{16 \mathrm{oz}} .35 \mathrm{c}$. |
| VIOLA cornuta* <br> Mixed (Tufted Pansy) | b 3 | Various colors | 8 in. | June-Sept. | 0 O | 4M | 8 | 2-3 |  | - | - |  |  |
| WALLFLOWER <br> English Double Mixed | b 4 | Brown, vellow, etc. | 1-11/2 ft. | May | 0 | 2, 4 | 8 | 2 | F |  | - |  | 20 c ; 자자. 50 c . |

[^2]Giant Double Shasta Daisy $\longleftarrow \longleftarrow \begin{aligned} & \text { Shasta Daisies } \\ & \text { Single Alaska }\end{aligned}$

## LAWN CLOVERS

New Zealand White Clover. The dwarf plants bear fewer blossoms than ordinary white Clover, grow very close to the ground, are tenacious and form a dark green, thick sward. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .55 \mathrm{cts}$.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$; lb. $\$ 1.90 ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 18$.

White Clover. A very hardy creeping perennial with dark green compact toliage. Used where it is difficult to produce a lawn with grass seed only. Use 1 lb . with 25 Ibs . of lawn seed. $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 80 cts.; lb. $\$ 1.50 ; 10 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 14$.

## INDIVIDUAL GRASS SEEDS

## New crop, recleaned to the highest purity and germination. Prices below are subject to change

Bent, Highland (Agrostis tenuis var.). Dense matted sod binds well; strong underground runners. Sow 125 lbs per acre. Lb. $\$ 1.70 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 16 ; 25$ Ibs. up at $\$ 1.50$.
Chewing's Fescue (Festuca rubra fallax). Mat-like green, tough turf with needle-like, bristly leaves suited to most soils. Does well in shade. For lawn, sow 40 lbs per acre. Lb. 95 cts.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 8.50 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs}$. up at 75 cts .
Chewing's Fescue, Penn State. An improved strain of superior quality developed by he Penna. State University. Lb. $\$ 1.40 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 13 ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs}$. and up at $\$ 1.20$
Ilahee Fescue. The toughest and most desirable of Creeping Fescues. Suitable for shade or sunny lawns ery disease-resistant. Blends well with turf-grasses Lb. $\$ 1 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 9 ; 25$ Ibs. up at 80 cts
Kentucky Blue, Superfine (Poo pratensis). Suited to a variety of solls and used as pasture. It is green early in spring when other grasses are dormant. Sow 60 ibs
Meadow Fescue (Festuca pratensis). Fine for permanent pastures or a quick nurse grass in mixtures. Succeed est on moist land. Sow 60 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 95 cts 10 lbs. $\$ 8.50 ; 25$ lbs. up at 75 cts.

Merion (B-27) Bluegrass. This new wonder grass is low growing, needs less frequent mowing and thrives under close mowing. It forms a dense, well-knit, hardy, deep green turf, highly resistant to crabgrass, and of very fine texture. It resists disease and tolerates heat and drought. High priced but economical as 1 Ib . sows 800 to 1000 sq. ft. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.35$; Ib. $\$ 4.65$; 5 Ibs. $\$ 23$.
Redtop Fancy, Superfine (Agrostis palustris). Used for permanent pasture in a morst, rich soil. Sow 32 lbs.
to the acre. Lb. $\$ 1.70 ; 10 \mathrm{Ibs} \$ 16 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs}$. up at $\$ 1.50$. Rough-stalked Meadow (Poa trivialis). A spreading, thickly matting species; leaf blades narrow, flat and dark green. Forms a fine turf; adapted for shade on fairways under trees. Thrives on moist and stiff clay lands. Lb. $\$ 1.35,10$. $12.50,25 \mathrm{lbs}$. up Ryegrass, Domestic. See Cover Crops below. Lb. 40 Ryegrass, Perennial See $\$ 2.0$ Cover Crops below. Lb. Ryegrass, Perennial. See under Cover Crops below. Lb. Timothy (Pbleum pratense). Perennial, 4 ft . high thrives imothy (Pbleum pratense) Perennial, 4 ft . high, thrives $10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5.50 ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs}$. up at 50 cts . (Bushel weighs 45 Ibs .)

## COVER CROPS FOR GREEN MANURING

These add valuable humus to your soil, Domestic Ryegrass. This makes a wonderful cover rop. It is quick growing and forms a heavy matted per 1000 sq. ft. from midsummer to early fall for green manuring you can turn the sod under early the following spring and add a lot of humus to your soil. To hasten rotting down of sod apply 5 lbs. Nitrate of Soda per 1000 sq. ft. before turning the sod under. It also makes a good temporary lawn sowing 5 lbs . per 1000 sq. ft . at any time of the year. Lb. 40 cts.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.45$;
$10 \mathrm{Ibs} . ~ \$ 2.65 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6.25 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 25$.
Hairy Vetch. Makes large growth; adds nitrogen to the soil. Sow 2 lbs . Vetch and 3 lbs . Rye per 1000 sq. ft
Lb .60 cts . $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.50 \cdot 10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 4.50 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 10$.

Perennial Ryegrass, English. (Lolium perenne), Use ful on slopes for its quick growth and tenacious root ul on slopes or its quick growh andistent sward that is bright green all season. Not recommended for permanent lawns as it is quite coarse but is very valuable for temporary lawns at low expense and is often used in other places where an inexpensive permanent cover is required. Sow 4 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft . Lb. 55 cts .
5 lbs. $\$ 2.50 ; 10$ Ibs. $\$ 4.75 ; 25$ Ibs. $\$ 11.25 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 45$.
Rosen Winter Rye. If you sow, from August through September, 5 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft . it will quickly produce a good growth for turning under the following spring. $5 \mathrm{lbs}, 90 \mathrm{cts}$. 10 lbs. $\$ 1.60 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.50 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 12$.

## LAWN WEED AND GRUB CONTROLS

To keep your lawn free of weeds use these modern weed killers but follow directions carefully.

Double-O Crab Grass Killer. Contains $76 \%$ Potassium cyanate the latest and best of all crab grass consium cyanate, the latest and best of all crab grass conappears in established lawns when in active growth. appears in established lawns when in active growth.
For seedlings repeated doses are needed as seed germinates over several weeks. Use when grass is dry but soil is slightly moist. Apply, for seedlings $21 / 2$ ozs. in 5 gals. water on 750 sq. ft .; for mature weeds 5 ozs . in 5 gals. water on 750 sq . ft .; for mature weeds $\$ 4$.
Chlordane, $\mathbf{5 0} \%$ Wettable Powder (Synklor-50W). Kills by contact and the residual action remains for a long period. To control ants, Japanese beetle and other grubs, chinch bugs, etc. in the lawn sprinkle with $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. Synklor- 50 W in 25 gals. of water on 1000 sq . ft.
and wash into turf with water. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50 ; 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 2.50$.

Weedone Improved, 2,4-D plus 2,4,5-T. This weed killing miracle destroys many varieties of weeds. No vapors to injure nearby flowers or shrubs. It quickly and selectively destroys dandelion, wild onion, plantain and other lawn weeds without killing the lawn grasses. In stronger solution it kills poison ivy, wild honeysuckle, ragweed, dock and others. Devote sprayer to this alone. 8 ozs. $\$ 1$; qt. $\$ 2.75$; gal. $\$ 6.75$.
Chlordane $6 \%$ Dust. Gives control of ants and grubs by dusting 1 lb . per 250 sq. ft . of lawn; or grubs, root-maggots, wireworms, cutworms by working in the surface soil. Use indoors along baseboards or crevbugs, and crickets. Lb. $60 \mathrm{cts}. ; 4 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.50 ; 24 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 8$; 48 Ibs. $\$ 15.50$.


A temporary lawn from Domestic Ryegrass

Alfalfa A productive hay legume for well-drained soils, Sow 10 Ibs. per acre.


Four of the best lawn controls

## INSECT，DISEASE AND PEST REMEDIES <br> Directions on <br> each package

The plant disease remedies，and the insect and pest controls offered here are considered the most effective and include the latest chemical developments for these purposes， as well as the selective weed controls in lawns．All have been tested by State Experiment Stations，Agricultural Colleges and Universities，etc．

African Violet－House Plant Spray Bomb．Protect your house plants from destruc－
tive pests．This handy push tive pests．This handy push
button bomb quickly kills button bomb quickly kills
mites，aphids，thrips，mealy mites，aphids，thrips，mealy
bugs，white flies，etc．which bugs，white fies，etc．which
infest house plants．Quick， infest house plants．Ouick，
handy，easy．Comes ready to use．Push button and the mist the plants．


Ant Jelly Bait，＂Tat＂．Place a little wher ever ants gather outdoors．They carry
back and it destroys colony．Tube 35 c ．
Ant Killer，Cyanogas．For outdoor use only．Pour the powder through the spout into the ant nest opening． the sole of your shoe．The powder instantly forms a
deadly gas that kills ants by asphyxiation．Harmless if the directions are followed． 4 oz spout can， 50


Ant－Trap，＂Tat＂．It is harmless to children and pets．Place traps 15 feet apart where ants are numerous．Will destroy the colony
Arsenate of Lead．
stomach poison is effec－
tive for spraying trees and shrubs against attack by web caterpillars．In pow web caterpilars．In pow－ handle．May be applied both as a dust or sprayed on in solution．Use 1 Ib． to 50 gals．water．Lb． Ibs。 $\$ 10.50 ; 48 \mathrm{lbs}$ 。 $\$ 20$ ．


Bean Beetles，Mexican．Use Methoxychlor． Black Leaf 40．Nicotine sulphate．For all sucking insects as aphis，red spider，leaf to 1 gal ．of water，and spray． $1-o z$ ，bottle to 1 gal ．of water，and spray． 1 －oz．bottle
$39 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{ozs} . \$ 1.19 ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.69 ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 4.79$ ．
Bordeaux Mixture．This is the best to prevent the
Tomato Late Blight pro－ Tided you spray regularly very week or 10 days．A copper fungicide for mil－ dew，blight，rust，scab and fungous diseases．Use at the rate of 1 lb ．to 8
gallons of water，or if blight is serious，to 5 gal－ lons of water． Lb .55 c ；
4 lb. pkg．$\$ 1.45 ; 24 \mathrm{lbs}_{\text {。 }}$ $\$ 7.50 ; 48 \mathrm{lbs}_{\mathrm{o}} \$ 14$ ．
Bulb Saver．Use this，containing Aramite， D．D．T．，Ferbam，and Sulphur，to treat all of your fall and spring bulbs and Dahlia ter．Helps control mites，thrips and fungous diseases． 6 ozs． 75 c ．

Borer－Kil．Inject this jelly paste into the holes to kill borers in trees and shrubs． 2 －
oz ．tube with large and small spouts，$\$ 1$ ．
Captan－Karathane．These new material give very excellent results in controlling both black spot and powdery mildew．This double purpose fungicide contains $30 \%$ Captan and $3 \%$ Karathane．Use 2 table
Catalizer，Spray．A spreader and sticker Also makes Arsenate of Lead，Lime Sul
Chick Weed．See Chick Weed Killer unde Weed Killers on page 45
Chinch Bugs．Use Chlordane．Both hatches Chlordane $6 \%$ Dust．Gives control of ants and grubs
by dusting 1 lb ．per 250 sq．ft．of lawn；or grubs root maggots，wireworms the surface soil．Use indoors along baseboards or crevices along baseboards or crevices roaches，silverfish，box elder bugs，and crickets．Lb $60 \mathrm{c} ; 4$ Ibs．$\$ 1.50 ; 24 \mathrm{lbs}$ ． $\$ 8$ ； 48 lbs．$\$ 15.50$


Chlordane $\mathbf{4 8 \%}$ Emulsion（Synklor－48E） Harmless to plants and pets．Gives un－ bugs，etc．under lawn or border surface Use $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$ ．in 5 gals．of water on each 1000 sq．ft．For an effective subterranean ter mite control，dig a trench， 1 to 2 feet deep next to building foundation．Mix 1 par
Synklor－ 48 E with 48 parts water and apply 1 gal．per foot of trench． 1
$\$ 4$ gal．gal．$\$ 9$
Chlordane $50 \%$ Wettable Powder（Synklor－50W） Kills by contact and resid ual action remains for a ants，Japanese and other beetle grubs，chinch bugs in the lawn sprinkle with $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$ ．in 5 gals，of water on $1000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$ ．and wash well into turf with water leaf－miners，thrips，etc．on plants spray with 2 teaspoonfuls in a gal．of water
Chlorosis．Yellowing of foliage of Azaleas， Laurel，Rhododendron，etc．See Iron Sul

 To kill Japanese beetles， $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$ ；lb．$\$ 2.50$ ． phate under Fertilizers
Cuprinol．Protects all wood from decay，termites and other insects both above and below the ground．It may be brushed（one gal．covers or dipped and it provides long lasting protection．It stops costly rot．Green or Clear，qt．$\$ 1.75$ ；gal．$\$ 4.70$ 44

Corn Borers．Use Rotenone or D．D．T．dust； Earworms，use D．D．T．as silk forms．
Crow Repellent，No－Crow．Coats corn
seed，repels crows，moles． $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$ ．（for $a$ seed，repels crows，moles．

Cutworm Bait，Snarol． Toxaphene meal Iures army worms，crickets， cutworms and effective－ ly destroys by contact and as stomach poison． Harmless to vegetation． in the evening Lb． 35 c $21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{c}$ ； 6 lbs．$\$ 1.65$
Cyanogas（A）Dust．For Forms a deadly gas which kills rats，moles， indoors or where the gas might be inhaled by persons or pets．Lb．$\$ 1.25$
D．D．T． $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ Dust．To kill Gladiolus thrips dust plants every 10 days．Before storing over winter dust bulbs and keep in warm place for 3 weeks．Lb． $45 \mathrm{c} ; 5$ lbs．$\$ 1.50$ ．
D．D．T．50\％Wettable Powder．Mix 4 tea－ spoonfuls per gallon of water（2 lbs，per 100 gals．）for a splendid mist control of beetles，worms，leaf－hoppers，aphids，etc．on flowers，ornamentals，fruit，potatoes and other root vegetables．Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals．For lawn grubs，mix 1 pound in 5 gals，of water per 1000 sq．ft． Apply after mowing closely and removing cuttings Wash well into soir with a water Dog－Skat．Hung on evergreen，tube drips， dogs avoid odor． aply at base of plants， 3 ozs ． 50 c ．
Evergreen．Safe pyrethrum spray．Controls beetles，aphids，slugs，worms，both chewing and sucking．Avoid with arsenical sprays． Oz ． $35 \mathrm{c} ; 6$ ozs．$\$ 1.15$ ；pt．$\$ 2.45$ ；qt $\$ 4$ ．
Fermate．This highly effective fungicide gives full control of
black spot on roses，leafspot and rust on mums and snap－ dragons，anthracnose on beans and tomatoes and all mildews． der first to make a wet paste then add water slowly and stir well． 8 ozs．$\$ 1 ; 3$ lbs．$\$ 2.95$ The new black spot control fungicide Captan may even tually displace Fermate．
FRUIT SPRAY．Combina－ tion spray for all insect and including grapes and stone fruits after the dormant stage．Contains D．D．T．， Nicotine，Fermate and Sul－ phur．Use 2 tablespoonfuls to $21 / 2$ qts．water． 10 ozs \＄1； 2 Ibs．$\$ 2.65$


Gladiolus Thrip．Use Lindane－Aramite．
Grafting Wax．Refined． $1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .55 \mathrm{c} ; \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{c}$ ．

Japanese Beetles．See Chlordane；Jap－ro－ ，and Methoxychlor．
Jap－ro－cide．A combination
of D．D．T．and Chlordane o control adult Japanese beetles on plants．Use teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water．Also destroys wasps and spiders． 12 ozs．$\$ 1$.
$4 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5 ; 24 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 28$.


Leaf Hoppers．Use Lindane－Aramite
Lime Sulphur，Dry．Spray when trees are dormant，against San Jose scale，peach leaf 5 gals．water．For a summer spray against apple and pear scab use $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$ ．to 5 gals ． water．Follow directions on can．Lb． 75 c
$5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3 ; 10 \mathrm{Ibso} \$ 5.75$ ．
Lindane－Aramite Emulsion． Contains $6 \%$ Lindane， $5 \%$
Aramite．This very fine team gives the best kill of aphids， rips EIm and their mites， thrips，Elm Leaf beetles，leaf bugs，lace wing fly and is ffective against Japanese beet－ les．It is the answer to leaf－ miner control on birches，box， holly．It kills by contact，as an internal poison and by its luming action which destroys pests on the unsprayed new growth．Use one tablespoonful to 1 gal of water．Avoid use with Bordeaux，Lime or alkalines． $4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1 ; 8 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.75$ ；gal．$\$ 13$ ． Lindane－Rotenone．See Rose Spray Bomb Malathion 50\％，Aphid－Mite Spray．An emulsion contact spray for mites（ $11 / 2$ tea－ spoonfuls per gal．water）and other hard－to－ kill pests．Controls a wide range of insects on flowers，shrubs，evergreens，fruits and melons and squash．Full directions on per age． $\mathrm{Oz} .40 \mathrm{c} ; 4 \mathrm{oz}$ ．$\$ 1$ ．
Methoxychlor $\mathbf{5 0} \%$ or Mar－ der，the new wonder insecti－ cide which is very effective against pests yet harmless to humans or pets，will not injure plants．It kills as a stomach poison and by long lasting residual con－ tact．Best control yet for Mexican bean beetle and
 destroys beetles，worms and borers squash，cucumbers，tomatoes，etc．Use 2 tablespoonfuls to a gallon of water on all truits，flowers，shrubs． 8 ozs． 75 c
Mole－Nots．Drop one to a hole every 6 feet flatten run Box of 8 35c，In 3 day Molite Mole Killer．Light cartridge fuse and insert every 10 to 15 feet in runway． moles．Cartridges， 6 for $80 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 1.50$ per doz

## INSECT, DISEASE AND PEST REMEDIES

In using these materials we suggest that you exactly follow the directions on the package specially with selective weed killers, fumigants and dormant sprays. Be careful at all times to store them out of reach of children and pets. Three teaspoonfuls $=1$ tablespoonful or $1 / 2$ fluid ounce. One pound $=12$ fluid ounces. One quart $=32$ fluid ounces.

Mouse-Nots. Non-poisonous to dogs. Box of $9,35 \mathrm{c}$.
No-Nib'l Rabbit Repellent. It protects against birds, animals. They dislike the
P.A.R. A water repes
P.A.R. A water repellent, pigmented finish for Redwood and Cedar outdoor furniture Renews with a non-gloss finish and protects against discoloration. Does
or rain spot. Qt. $\$ 1.50$; gal. $\$ 3.95$.
Para Dichlorobenzene. For peach borer. Para Dichlorobenzene. For peach borer,
If applied in trench about tree, and topped with soil, it emits a heavy gas which kills borers in roots. $\mathrm{Lb} .55 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs}$ 。 $\$ 2.40$.
Para-Scalecide. A sure fre peach borer control. It paradichlorobenzene. Dilute 1 gal, in 7 gallons of water and apply with a dipper on tree trunk circling tree 6 inches above ground the tree to contain gas. Ot. $\$ 1.45$; gal. $\$ 3.25$.


Poison Ivy. Ammate or Improved Weedone Poison Ivy. Ammate or Improved Weedone.
Rabbits hate Repellent Rope and No-Nib'l. Rabbits hate Repellent Rope and No-Nib'l
Rat-Nots. Non-poisonous squill. Box 35 c .
Rat-Nots. Non-poisonous squill. Box 35 c .
Red Arrow Garden Spray. A rotenone-pyrethrum-soap contact spray that destroys both sucking and chewing insects. Safe, efficient and easy to
$4 \mathrm{ozs} . \$ 1 ; \mathrm{pt} . \$ 2.85 ; \mathrm{qt}_{0} \$ 5$.
Repellent Rope. Keeps dogs, cats, deer, rabbits from gardens. Saturated with hard wood oils and petroleum distillates. They
hate the odor. Encircle beds, shrubs, trees. Bury 3 inches to save bulbs. Circle trees against caterpillars. Can, 100 ft . $\$ 1.50$.
ROSE and GARDEN DUST. This contains no sulphur. A fully tested formulation of the newest materials to control all rose and garden insects and diseases. Has $7 \%$ Captan for black spot; $34 \%$ $4 \%$ Malathion for aphids, mites, scales, etc; $5 \%$ D.D.T. for worms and beetles. Use when calm and cool, as a dust, or spray with
level tablespoonfuls to 1 water, every 10 days. This is really every rose grower's dream as it will not discolor the foliage. Try this all purpose, easy-to-apply new contro this year. 8 oz . refillable duster $\$ 1 ; 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 1.95 ; 24$ lbs. $\$ 22$.
Rose Spray Bomb. Contains Lindane and Rotenone in a handy push-button spray for all Roses, Glads, Mums and other flowers; controls aphids thrips, leaf-hoppers, beetles and other garden insects. The $1 \%$ Lindane gives a lasting residual kill and the $3 / 4 \%$ insects. 12 oz . bomb, $\$ 1.49$.

ROTENONE DUST $1 \%$. With just enough sulphur ( $3 \%$ ) to keep the rotenone at full strength. Non-poisonous and very effec-leaf-chewing and sucking insects. Perfectly safe to use either as a dust or in suspension in water as a spray. Lb. $45 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$; 10 Ibs o $\$ 2.95 ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs}$ 。 $\$ 6.25$.
Rotenone Liquid. Use Red Arrow Spray, Scalecide. Safest oil spray to use against San Jose and
other scales and mites, etc other scales and mites, etc.
when fruit and shade trees, shrubs and ornamentals are in dormant condition. Controls scale and invigorates growth. A complete dormant spray. Dilute 1 gal. in 15 gals.
water. Qt. $\$ 1.15$; gal. $\$ 2.75$.


Semesan. Disinfects seeds against damping off. 4 ozs. $\$ 1.20 ; 12$ ozs. $\$ 3.40$.
Semesan Special. For brown patch; dollar spot in lawns. 11/2 Ibs. \$4.95.
Sla-Rat. A prepared rat bait containing the new warfarin, the best
and odorless. Lb. $\$ 1$.
Snail-Slug Pellets, Snarol. This metaldehyde bait, if mounded or spread lures snails, slugs away from the plants and shrubs. When contacted or eaten Apply in evening as they Apply in evening as they $21 / 2 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 1 ; 6 \mathrm{Ibs}$. $\$ 2$.


Spergon. A disinfectant which prevents seed decay, and grows healthier crops of limas, peas and corn. Oz. (enough to treat
25 Ibs . of seed) $25 \mathrm{c} ; 5 \mathrm{ozs} . \$ 1 ; \mathrm{lb}, \$ 2.40$.
Sulphur, Wettable. For mildew and black spot. Avoid use on cucumbers, etc. It acidifies soil without affecting the natur
iron. $2 \mathrm{lbs} .65 \mathrm{c}: 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.15 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 5$.
Termites. Use Chlordane $48 \%$ Emulsion.
Thrip Control. Use Lindane-Aramite.
Tobacco Dust, Fine. For fumigating, dusting and for ground insects. Also a good repellent for cats
$25 \mathrm{Ibs}_{0} \$ 3.25 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs}_{\mathrm{o}} \$ 12$.
TOMATO DUST. Controls the Tomato Late Blight if applied every 10 days. Use this two-purpose control as a dust or spray. Combines diseases and calcium arsenate for leaf eating insects. Handy 12 oz duster \$1; 5 lb . bag $\$ 2$.


Garden Enemies by Cynthia Westcott. A practical approach to the control of garden pests. Handy well-planned, easy-
to-use, very helpful. $\$ 3.50$. See page 46 .


Tree Banding Compound, Stop. Protects trees from creeping insects. L. makes 10 , $\$ 4.25$.
Tree Healing Paint. After cutting off damaged branch, apply paint to live stub
prevents loss of sap. Qt. 50 c; gal. $\$ 1.45$.
Volck Oil Spray. A control for scale insects, mealy bugs, red spiders and mites, white fly nymphs. Avoid using it in hot weather when plants are very dry or after
using or along with sulphur sprays. Use $11 / 3$ tablespoonfuls in each quart of water. $4 \mathrm{ozs} .35 \mathrm{c} ; 16 \mathrm{ozs} .75 \mathrm{c} ; 32 \mathrm{ozs}$ o $\$ 1.35$.
Wire Worms. Saturate soiI with Chlordane.

## WEED KILLERS

Ammate Weed Killer. For permanent destruction of poi-
son ivy, poison oak, sumac, and all deep-rooted perennial weeds. Can also be used to keep driveways clean. Spraying foliage destroys both top porarily sterilizes soil. Use 1 Ib . to a gal. water for 100 sq. ft. 2 lbs. $\$ 1.15 ; 6$ lbs. $\$ 2.95$.
 CHICK WEED KILLER. A new formulation of sodium arsenate and potassium cyanate which kills chick weed in 3 to 5 days without killing the lawn grass. Not toxic to soil. Mix 3 tablespoonfuls in 2 gallons of water and apply with a sprayer on 250 sq . ft . of solid infestation. If the weeds are mature double the strength.
DOUBLE-O CRAB GRASS KILLER. It contains $76 \%$ Potassium cyanate, the latest and best of all crab grass
seedlings repeat doses as the seed germinates over several weeks. Use when the grass moist. Apply, for seedlings, $21 / 2$ ozs. in 5 gals. water on
750 sq. ft.; for mature weeds, 5 ozs. in 5 gals. water on 750


HERBICIDE WEED KILLER. Kills weeds and all vegetation. Avoid applying within one foot of lawns. Dilute with water and sprinkle, 1 gal. makes 40 gals., sufficient for 1000 sq. ft. Qt. $85 \mathrm{c} ;$ gal. $\$ 2.25 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 10$.
Weedone Improved, with $2,4-\mathrm{D}+2,4,5$ - T. Quickly destroys all the dandelion, wild onion, plantain and other lawn weeds without killing lawn grasses. In stronger solution it kill poison ivy, honeysuckle,
ragweed, dock, etc. Deragweed, dock, etc. Devote sprayer to this only.
8 ozs. $\$ 1$; qt. $\$ 2.75$; gal. 8 ozs.
$\$ 6.75$.


Weedone Brush Killer 32. Drench woody plants when in leaf. Kills desirable plants if spray drifts. Devote sprayer to this
alone. 8 ozs. $\$ 1.49$; qt. $\$ 3.75$; gal.
Potassium cyanate. Kills crabgrass, chick weed in Jawns without killing grass. Avoid use in hot weather. Use $61 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. to cover 1000 sq . ft. for seedlings; 500 sq . ft. if ma-

Weedust 2,4-D. A handy duster to kill plantain, dandelions, etc. 12 ozs. $\$ 1$.
Wilson's Weed Killer. A vegetation. One good application prevents weeds from growing again as it sterilizes soil for months. Invaluable on drives, gutters, etc. A void applying within one foot of lawns. Best used when the soll lute 1 gal with 40 gals.
 ute 1 gal . with 40 gals. water for 800 sq


Killer Kane. Kills broad-leaved weeds in few days with a squirt of $2,4-$ D. $\$ 1.98$ each.


## HELPFUL BOOKS ON GARDENING Prices subject to change

African Violets, All About by Montague Free. Written expressly for the gardeners who want to grow African Violets (Saintpauria) successfuly. Has 11 ilustrations 28 illustrations in color. $\$ 3.50$. 28 ilustrations in color. $\$ 3.50$.
Annuals, Book of by A. C. Hottes. Annuals as a source of flowers on a small place. Concise and dependable advice-which
Azaleas, Kinds and Culture by H. H. Hume. The best book on this subject by a great authority. Covers types, culture, success, 199 pp. $\$ 5$. know to have full
Begonias, Tuberous by Worth Brown. A
complete guide for both amateur and complete guide for both amateur and door culture, propagation. $128 \mathrm{pp} . \$ 2.75$

Better Homes \& Gardens Garden Book by F. B. Woodroffe. Now you can get down-to-earth on all phases of gardening, landscaping, and lawn care. Everything is clearly explained in pictures and everyday language. Illustrated. Chapters tabindexed. $480 \mathrm{pp} . \$ 3.95$
Better Homes \& Gardens Handyman's Book. Specially prepared for those who make therr own repairs. Contains every-
thing to know about repairs around the thing to know about repairs around the house, furniture, floors, plumbing, electric, heating, inside and outside repairs. Tab
Bird Guide, Audubon by R. H. Pough. Know your bird neighbors. A book packed with interesting information about the land birds of eastern North America.
Birds of America. The greatest book on birds ever published containing the whole story of bird life. 1000 pictures. Nearly 1000 pages, 111 in color. $\$ 5.95$.
Birds, Field Guide to the, by R. T. Peterson. A very clever guide valuable because of its accent on little differences that immediately distinguish birds of similar Bulb Magic in your Window by R. M. Peters. The cultural know-how about 100 kinds of bulbs to grow indoors. Complete instructions on soil, light, watering,
temperature, pest control. $\$ 3.95$.

Bulbs, Complete Book of by Rockwell and Grayson. A practical, step-by-step book on how to use, cultivate and propagate over 100 species of bulbs, both indoors
and out. Illustrated $\$ 5.95$, and out. Illustrated. \$5.95.
Chrysanthemums, Hardy by Alex. Cumming. A leader in the development of chrysanthemums gives excellent information on the varieties and culture. \$3.
Encyclopedia, The Wise Garden edited by E. L. D. Seymour. A single big volume that gives the scope and contents of a
whole shelf full of garden books. More whole shelf full of garden books. More complete, more detailed, more under-
standable, more usable than any other standable, more usable than any other
garden book. 1380 pages $\$ 5$. garden book. 1380 pages. $\$ 5$.
Flower Arrangement, Complete Book of by Rockwell and Grayson. A lot of professional ideas for the effective arrangement of flowers, including the use of color, form and size, containers, backgrounds,
etc. 130 illustrations and 89 in color. $\$ 4.95$.
Garden Enemies by Cynthia Westcott. A practical approach to the control of garden pests. A handy well planned, easy-to-use book, (with a washable cover) which the
Garden Flowers in Color by D. J. Foley. As an aid in selecting flowering annuals and perennials, this is invaluable with its
350 beautiful color plates. 320 pp . $\$ 3.95$.
Garden Magic, Complete Book of by R. E. Biles. Solves every garden problem and graphically illustrates every phase of each operation described. 27 chapters, 20 pages splendidly indexed. \$3.95
10,000 Garden Questions edited by F. F. Rockwell. Real questions from real amateurs answered by 15 experts, with brie authoritative answers. Among them you will frnd the solutions to your garden prob-
lems. A quick-action index. 1467 pp . $\$ 4.95$.
Gardening in the Shade by H. K. Morse. With this book any gardener can do something constructive about that shady corner, shady wild garden, formal bed, ter-
Greenhouse Gardening for Everyone by E. D. Chabot. Gives the principles of gardening under glass in down-to-earth language. Every phase from a $2 \times 4$ cold-

Herb Growers Complete Guide, The by R. F. Mathieu. Gives excellent advice on what herbs to grow, how to grow them and how to use them. $\$ 2.25$.
House Plants, All About by Montague Free. A complete guide to the successfu indoor culture of potted plants including flowers, foliage plants, shrubs, bulbs and
vines. Many illustrations. $329 \mathrm{pp} \$$.3.95 .

Landscaping, Complete Home and Garden Guide by R. P. Korbobo. Of greates help in planning your grounds with a imited budget. Easily understood "how to do" instructions, illustrated. $\$ 2.95$.
Lawns, Better by H. B. Sprague. An expert tells you how to produce the peryin different grasses. Illustrated. $\$ 2.25$.
Lilies for American Gardens by G. L. Slate. Complete information on all aspects of these popular flowers, with attention culture, care, etc. Illustrated. $\$ 5$.
Making a Garden Bloom This Year by Grace Tabor. How to make the mos colorful, most economical and most rapidy maturing of all gardens. What to selec
Nursery-Manual, The by L. H. Bailey Treats the propagation of plants by seeds, layers, cuttings, grafts, etc. arranged alphabetically. Indexed by common names. 456 pp. \$5.75.
Perennials, Book of by A. C. Hottes. A wealth of information necessary for the wise choice and successful culture of perennials, the basis of successful borders. $\$ 2.75$ Plant Doctor, The by Cynthia Westcott. The how, when and why of insect and disease control in a healthy garden. It answers the questions which may arise in
easily understandable terms. $\$ 3$.
Pruning Trees and Shrubs by E. P. Felt. Aids the home owner to realize more fully what pruning can do to improve ornamental trees, shrubs and vines. Illustrated 238
Roses, Anyone Can Grow by C. Westcott. A recognized handbook for the home rose grower. The A to $Z$ of rose culture in outstanding authorities. $140 \mathrm{pp} . \$ 2.75$.

Roses, How to Grow by McFarland and Pyle. Every step in the successful growing of roses is made clear. It gives practical advice on how to locate beds, prepare ground, plant, care for in summer, fight pests, protect in winter, prune, and
Shrubs, Book of by A. C. Hottes. A com prehensive study of shrubby plant ma specific areas and whert to indicate bloom ing dates, heights and other facts. $\$ 4$.

Shrubs and Vines for American Gardens by Donald Wyman. A practical authoritative guide to the selection of better types
of shrubs and vines. The growing conditions, color, blooming dates of over 3200 hinds are fully discussed. 442 pp . Illustrated. $\$ 7.50$.
Trees, Book of by A. C. Hottes. This book covers both deciduous and coniferous trees, giving the care, culture, feeding, pruning pests, repairs, etc. 448 pp. $\$ 4$.
Trees for American Gardens by Donald Wyman. For the right tree in the right place, here are evaluated 745 differen trees with information on their appearhensive guide and indispensable aid. 376 pp. Illustrated. \$7.50.
Vegetables, How to Grow by H. B. Logan and L. C. Cosper. An interesting, informative book on vegetable and fruit growing for both beginner and experienced gardener tities, yields and other essentials. \$4.
Weekend Gardener, The by Dorothy Jenkins. Written for the gardener with limited time. Practical suggestions on gardening as fresh and friendly as though given over a picket fence. All phases are covered the time needed, short cuts to reduce work to a minimum. $280 \mathrm{pp} . \$ 3$
Wild Flowers by Helen S. Hull. How to grow wild flowers in your garden, your rock garden, on a hillside, beside a brook, in the woods. Covers propagation, culture,
soils, collecting, care. 280 pp. $\$ 4.95$.
Wild Flowers by W. R. Philipson. For all who wish to make a study of wild flowers. It describes the members of each family
and where each may be found. $\$ 1.35$.


Miracle Grass Shear. Easiest working shear made as it requires only light pressure of your hand to operate. Push cut action. Blister-proof, soft cushion rubber handles. Drop forged, precision hollow ground. $\$ 2.75$ Trellises. Strongly made of natural California Redwood stock, these durable straight trellises come in 3 widths and all are 8 feet long. 18 inch wide $\$ 3.25 ; 24$ inch wide $\$ 3.50$; and 30 inch wide $\$ 3.75$.
Sprayers for Every Purpose. We offer all types. No. 110 T.V. shown at left is just the thing for spraying weeds in your lawn. Just pump up and go. Holds $11 / 2$ gals., is light and handy to carry and has 4 -ft. hose, ex tension rod and special weed nozzle, $\$ 8.35$. Same sprayer for garden insecticides with 26-in. hose is $\$ 6.95$. Larger compressed air tank sprayers, $\$ 1 / 2$ gal. Capacity $\$ 7.50$; 31/2 gal. capacity $\$ 1.75$. Jt, hose and 2 -ft. Sprayer, 5 gal. tank, $12-\mathrm{ft}$. hose and 2 - ft . extension, on 2 balloon-tired wheels, easy to move, $\$ 37.50$. Trombone sprayers, all brass for use with bucket, sprays up to 35 ft ., has adjustable nozzle for $\$ 6.95$ and $\$ 8.95$. Hand sprayers, 30 oz . single action $65 \mathrm{c} ;$ continuous $26 \mathrm{oz} . \operatorname{tin} \$ 1.30 ; 24 \mathrm{oz}$. glass $\$ 1.95 ; 38$ oz. copperbrass $\$ 4.75$

## GARDEN TOOLS and ACCESSORIES

It's just plain good sense to have good tools for the varied jobs around your garden. A gardener is only as good as his tools. In the gardening field there are many new "gadgets" brought out each year. We avoid these unless they have real merit and usefulness. When you buy garden tools it is best to buy quality for then they give service and last well. That's the kind of tools we offer. Here are just a few from our complete stock,


Airwrap Kits. For airlayering plant progagation. Azaleas, roses or any other woody plants can be induced to form roots on a selected stem or branch by the Airwrap method. Anyone can do it. The plastic film is wrapped around a ball of sphagnum moss surrounding a wound which you prepare with a knife as in directions. The moss is saturated and the film holds the moisture in, while allowing air to penetrate freely. The frlm contains the necessary growth- and rooting-chemicals. Each kit makes 8 new plants. \$1.95.

Porch Plant Stands. Attractive sturdy, heavy gauge steel stand with black frnish, $25-\mathrm{in}$. high and $26-\mathrm{in}$. Iong with two "Iace openwork" edged shelves, each 26 by 7 -in. Ideal for patios and porches and for indoors later. $\$ 4.95$ each.


Sphagnum Moss, No-damp-off. The greatest help we have ever found for growing seeds in the house or in frames. This horticultural, milled sphagnum moss promotes highest germination and holds moisture with no damping off. Use it alone or spread a $1 / 4$-inch layer over your regular soil. You will find it amazingly effective. 10 ozs. $89 \mathrm{c} ; 2 \mathrm{bu}$. $\$ 3.65$.

Eezy-Wear Gloves. Of tough skin but thin enough to let you feel, they wear unusually well and are easily washed. 2 men's and 2 women's sizes. $\$ 1.60$.
Soft Touch Gloves. Of thin, light-weight plastic-coated fabric; feel like kid but wear like iron. Men's 98c; women's 85c.
Green Thumb Garden Gloves. For men and women who are experienced gardeners and for novices who haven't yet developed a green thumb of their own. Vinyl-treated, wear weII, wash in a jiffy. Men's 98 c ; and 3 women's sizes 89 c .
Lawn Edging, No-See. This invisible metal edging ends all need of trimming. It keeps the lawn edge neat and attractive. The zinccoated, galvanized steel, 2 -ft. by 4 -in. sections are easily joined together for any length or curve. Driven down to soil level you can mow over it. Use it around drives, trees and flower beds. It will cut down your maintenance and always look neat. A set of 20 pieces for 40 lineal feet of edging with connecting clips, instructions, \$4.98.


COMPLETE INDEX


| Browallia |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Brasela Sprouts 8,3n |  |
| Bugle |  |
| Bugloss . . . . . . . . . 13,40 |  |
| Bulbs, Summertla, 2123 |  |
| Bunch Primrose. | мe. 18,42 |
| Butterlly Weed . 14 |  |
| Cabbage . . . . . 8, 30 |  |
| Cablaye, Chines | se . 30 |
| Caladiums |  |
| Calendula | 4 |
| California Popps 35 |  |
| Callas | 22 |
| Calliopsis . . 34 |  |
| Campanula | 14, 34,40 |
| Campion |  |
| Candytuft | 16,34,40 |
| Candituft, Persian . 13 |  |
| Cannas. | 9,22 |
| Canterbury Bells. . 3 , 40 |  |
| Carawav . |  |
| Cardinal Climber | ber |
| Cardinal Flower. 17,41 |  |
| Cardeosn. |  |
| Carmation . . 8, $14,34,40$ |  |
|  |  |
| Carrots Oil Bean. ... 38 |  |
|  |  |
| Catananche ....... 14 |  |
| Catmint, Catnip |  |
| Cauliflower \% 8,30 |  |
|  |  |
| Celeriac. . . . . . . . . . 30 |  |
| Celery | 8,30 |
| Celonia. . . 33, 35 |  |
| Centaurea. . $\quad$ X, $14,35,41$ |  |
|  |  |
| Chamomile 13.40 |  |
| Chaste Tree |  |
| Chelone. . . . . . . . . . . 14 |  |
| Chinese Cabbage . . . 30 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chinese Furget-me- } \\ & \text { not } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Chiven. |  |
| Christmas Rose . . 146 |  |
| Chrysan'mum. 11,14,35 |  |
| Chrssogonum |  |
| Ciccoria catalogs |  |
| Cimicifuga |  |
| Clarkia. |  |
| Clematis |  |
| Cleome. |  |
| Climbing Roses |  |
| Clovers |  |
| Coat-Flower | 20,42 |
| Cuchscomb | 33,35 |
| Coleus |  |
| Collards |  |
| Columbine | 3,33,40 |
| Coneflower |  |
| Coral Bells | 16,41 |
| Coreopsis | 15.41 |
| Curn | 29,35 |
| Cornflower. . 8, 1 | 8,14, 35,41 |
| Cornflower Aster | ter, 19,42 |
| Corn Salad |  |
| Cosmos |  |
| Cover Crops |  |
| Cowslip | 15,17 |
| C.ranesbill |  |
| Cucumbers |  |
| Cup-and-Saucer | er. 14,40 |
| Cup Flower | 17,37 |
| Cupid's Dart |  |
| Cynoglossum |  |


| Dahlias .... 8,9,23,35 | Gaultheria . . . . . 15,28 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Daiss, African . 34,35 | Gavfeather .... 17,41 |
| Daisy, English. . . . . 40 | Geranium. . . . . . . 9, 9,15 |
| Daiss, Marguerite . 9 | Geum . . . 16, 41 |
| 1)amb, Midhaclonas 14 | Chost Plant .. 13 |
| [ amis, Painted. . 19,4, | (ift Certifuates Cover |
| Daisy, Shasta . . . 14,42 | Gilliflower..... . . . . 8,39 |
| Daisw, Taboha . . . . . 39 | Gladiolus . ... 21 |
| Daisy, Ycllow . . . . . . 40 | Globe Amaramil |
| Dandelion. . . . . . . . . 30 | Globe-Flower |
| Danes' Blood. . . . . . 14 | Globe Thistle . . . . . . 15 |
| Daphne. . . . . . . . . . . 15 | Gloxinias . . . . . . . . . 22 |
| Day-l ily . . . . . . . 16 | Gold Moss . . . . 28 |
| Dead Nettle. . . . . . . 17 | Golden Star 15 |
| Delivery Area, Free. 1,5 | Gourds, Ornamental9, 36 |
| Delphinium. . 10,15,41 | Grass Seed Mintures 2,3 |
| Dianthus . . 15, 35,41,42 | Grass Seed Varieties. 43 |
| Dicentra. . . . . . . . . 15 | Ground Covers ... 28 |
| Dictamnus ........ 15 | Grub Controls . 43 |
| Didiscus...... . . 35 | Gypsophila ( 16, 36,41 |
| Digitalis. . . . . . . . 15,41 |  |
|  | Hedera.... . . $12,16,28$ |
| Dimorphotheca . . . 8,35 | Helenium. ... . . . 16 |
| Disease Remedies 44,45 | Helianthus. . . 16,36 |
| Dodecatheon..... 15 | Helichrysum . . . . . . . 36 |
| Doronicum...... 15,41 | Heliotrope . . . 9 |
| Dropwort . . ...... 19 | Helleborus |
| Dutchman's Breeches 15 | Hemerocallis |
| Dutchman's Pipe . 12 | Hepatica |
| Dwarf Lace Plant. 18,28 | Herbs..... $4,30,31$ |
| Dwarf Roses....... 26 | Heuchera . . . 16,41 |
|  | Hibiscus ... ... 16 |
| Echinops . . . . . . . . . 15 | Hollyhock. . . . . . . . . 41 |
| Eggplant. . . . . . . . . 8,30 | Honesty . . . 41 |
| Endive . . . . . . . . . . 30 | Honersuckle . . 12,28 |
| English Daisy . . . . . . 40 | Horehound . . . . . . 31 |
| English Ivy.... 12,16,28 | Hosta. . . . . . . . . . . . . 15 |
| English Primrose . . . 18 | Houseleek . . . . . . 19 |
| Eрідаеа . . . . . . . . . . 15 | Hybrid Tea Roses. 24-26 |
| Epimedium. . . . . 15,28 | Hydrangea. . . . . 12 |
| Escarolle . . . . . . . . 30 | Iberis ...... 16,40 |
| Eschscholtzia. . . . . 35 |  |
| Euonvmus. . . . . . 12,28 |  |
| Euphorbia. . . . . . . . 35 | Incarvilea..........44,45 |
| Evening Primrose . . 17 | Insecticides . . . . . 9, 44,45 |
| Evergreens. . 3 \% 356 | Ipomea . . . . . . . Iris 9.33, 16,28 |
| Everlastings, 34, 35, 36,39 | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Iris ...... } \\ \text { Ismene. . } & 23\end{array}$ |
| False Dragonhead. 18,42 | Ivy . . . . . . 12, 16, 28 |
| False Indigo.... . . 14,40 | Jacob's Ladder 18 |
| False lupine . . . 42 | Japan Spurge 17,28 |
| Fennel, Florence ... 31 | Jewel of the Veldi 39 |
| Fertilizer . . . . . . 4,5 | Joseph's Coat . 34 |
| Fertilizer Spreader. . . 51 |  |
| Finocchio. . . . . . . 31 | Kale. . . . . . . . . . . . 31 |
| Flax.......... 17,41 | Knobe Celer $\quad 30$ |
| Florence Fennel . . . . 31 | Kochia. |
| Floribunda Roses 26,27 | Kohlrabi... . 8,31 |
| Floss Flower : . . . 8,34 |  |
| Flower Novelties. . . 33 |  |
| Flower Plants. . . . 8-20 |  |
| Fl. Seed, Annual. 33-39 |  |
| FI. Seed, Perennial $40-42$ | Larkspur, Perennial |
| Flowering Shrubs. . . 7 |  |
| Flowering Tobacco. 8,37 |  |
| Flowering Trees. . . 7 |  |
| Fram-Flower, . . . . 30 | Lawn Controls . 43,45 |
| Forget-me-not | Lawn Seed Mixtures.2,3 |
| Four o'Clock...... 37 | Leadwort . . 18 |
| Foxglove. . . . . . . 15,41 | Leek... $\quad 151$ |
| Fuchsias.......... 9 | Leopardbane . 15,41 |
| Fungicides. . . . . 4445 | Lettuce..... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Liatris. } \\ \text { R, }\end{array}$ |
| Funkia. ........... 15 | Liatris. . . . . . . . . . 17, 41 |
| Gaillardia. . . 8, 15, 35,41 | Linum...... 17,41 |
| Garden Books . . . 45,46 | Liverleaf. . . .. 16 |
| Garden Tools . . . . . . 47 | Lobelia . . . . . . 8,17, 36,41 |
| Garland Flower . . . . 15 | Lonicera. . . . . . . . 12,28 |
| Gas Plant. . . . . . . . . 15 | Loosestrife. . . . . . . . . 17 |




Tagetes.
Tahoka Daisy......... 39 39
Tarragon . . . . . . . . 9, 19
Thalictrum............... . . . 19
Thermopsis.
Thrift..
Thunbergia.
19,42
$.13,40$
34
Thyme . . . . . $9,20,28,31$
Tiarella. . . . . . . . . . . 15,41
Tigridia...
Tithonia.....
Tomato.
Tools, Garden.
Torenia.
Trailing Arbutus
Trees, Flowering.
Trillium.
Trollius.
Trumpet Flower
Trumpet Vine.
Tuberoses. . ...
Tunica
Turnip. ............. 32
Ursinia. .
Valeriana. .......9,20
Vegetable Plants. .29 8
Vegetable Seeds. . 29-32
Veronica . . . . . $20,28,42$
Vinca. Hardy .... 9,20,28
Vines, Hardy
Violet.
Virginia Cowslip
Virginia Creeper . 12,28
Virgin's Bower....... 12
Vitex
Wake Robin
Wallflower
Watermelon.
Weed Killers.
White Mugwort
Windflower..
Wintercreeper
Wintergreen.
Wishbone Flower. . . 8,39
Wisteria
Yarrow
Zinnias
.20
ss6i yoa sasou nmoub lod saguoa norna
 $\xrightarrow{1}$

ARTICLES WANTED



[^3]
IIVW anv IVヨs ‘alos Isกr
વヨヨInOヨy dWVIS yo ヨdOTヨヘNヨ ON


# Visit Forbes Garden Center <br> On Route 10, at Hanover, N. J. OPEN FOR THE 1955 SEASON . . . MARCH-DECEMBER 

Just a mile west of the Livingston Traffic Circle you'Il find all the things needed for your 1955 lawn and garden. Drive over any day, including Sunday, and enjoy our displays of many Daffodils in April, and Tulips (including Botanicals) in April and May. You'II be very welcome.

## USE THESE CHARTS IN PLANTING yOUR 1955 VEGETABLE GARDEN

Rather than buy seed collections, plan your garden to your family's tastes. We are ready to help. But start right with the best seeds. Since 1898 we have supplied thousands of tons of vegetable seeds to the nation's most progressive, commercial vegetable growers who use only the best.
Phone (MIllburn 6-4430, or WHippany 8-0375) or mail us your order. We'll get it to you promptly.

## Start these Vegetables indoors, or buy our plants

|  | 5 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Depth to cover seed (in.) |  | Set plants out in your garden | $\text { No. plants for } 50-\mathrm{ft} \text {. row }$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Broccoli. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | April and July | 35 | 21/2 | 18 | 70 |
| Brussels Sprouts | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | April and July | 35 | 21/2 | 18 | 80 |
| Cabbage, Early | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | Apr. 1 to June 1 | 40 | $21 / 2$ | 15 | $62-75$ |
| Cabbage, Late. . . . . | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | June 15 to July 15 | 35 | 3 | 18 | 88-100 |
| Cauliflower, Early. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | Apr. 1 to May 1 | 35 | 21/2 | 18 | 50-60 |
| Cauliflower, Late. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 35 | June 15 to July 1 | 35 | 3 | 18 | 55-60 |
| Celery and Celeriac. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 55 | April and July | 96 | 21/2 | 6 | 85-115 |
| Eggplant. . . . . . . . | Pkt. | 1/4 | 55 | May 15 to June 20 | 35 | $21 / 2$ | 18 | 80 |
| Kohlrabi. | 1/4oz. | $1 / 4$ | 35 | April 1 to July | 150 | $11 / 2$ | 4 | 25 |
| Lettuce, Head | Pkt. | 1/4 | 30 | Mar. to Apr.;Aug. | 60 | 11/2 | 10 | $30-50$ |
| Parsley. | $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. | 1/4 | 45 | Apr. 1 to July 1 | 200 | 1 | 3 | 30 |
| Peppers. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 50 | May 15 to June 15 | 35 | 2 | 18 | 70-72 |
| Tomato, Staked. | Pkt. | 1/4 | 45 | May 15 to June 15 | 25 | 4 | 24 | 69-90 |
| Tomato, Unstaked. | Pkt. | $1 / 4$ | 45 | May 15 to June 15 | 12. | 4 | 48 | 69-90 |

Sow these Vegetable Seeds right in your Garden


## OUR NEW HANOVER STORE

It's well worth your visit. You'll find all sorts of garden things displayed and ample room to enjoy looking at them. Come and see the great improvement we have made. You'll like it.


1898 - FORBES SEEDS FOR BEST SEEDS - 1955
agisanoza lfse waod

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { X\&VEGII }
\end{aligned}
$$

## SPRING

```
r 'N 'N&\capg77IW
    C|Vd
GDVLSOd 's '\Omega
```

Givy >Tng
aヨ3iNVyVกD 3פVISOd NyกIヨy

N3WSa33s



[^0]:    Straight Trellises. Natural redwood, strong, 8 ft. long
    in 3 widths, $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.25 ; 24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.50 ; 30 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.75$.

[^1]:    MUSHROOMS．Grow yours at home with Magic Mushroom Trays
    Avoid starting Mushrooms in Place your trays in your basement，away from your heater，where about 55 or 65 degrees and water occasionally．You can pick mushrooms in 30 days．$\$ 2.25$ each； 5 for $\$ 10.75$ ．

[^2]:    FOR ILLUSTRATIONS OF OTHER PERENNIAL FLOWERS SEE PAGES 13 TO 20

[^3]:    SYヨレNヨD Nヨay甘D Sヨgyo

    ## ALEXANDER FORBES \＆CO．，SEEDSMEN

